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UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT DISTRICT OF ALASKA

In the Matter of the Adoption of Amendments to Local Bankruptcy Rules,

Misc. Proceeding No. 05-60001 GENERAL ORDER NO. 2018-2

ORDER ADOPTING AMENDMENTS TO LOCAL BANKRUPTCY RULES

In 2018, the Local Civil Rules for the United States District Court for the District of Alaska were substantially revised. The proposed amendments to the Local Bankruptcy Rules for the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Alaska (AK LBR) maintain the formatting consistencies between the Local Civil Rules and the AK LBR, and reflect changes in the numbering of certain Local Civil Rules. The proposed amendments also reflect current bankruptcy court practices and procedures.

Additionally, Alaska Local Bankruptcy Forms (AK LBF) 2, 3, 37A and 37B have been revised to reflect the amendments to the AK LBR. AK LBF 40 has been created to establish consistency among all debtors when completing and filing an original or amended master mailing list, or "matrix," with the bankruptcy court.

For these reasons, under the authority granted by 28 U.S.C. § 2071(e), Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 9029, and United States District Court Miscellaneous General Order No. 880 dated March 18, 2003,

IT IS ORDERED that the amendments to the Local Bankruptcy Rules appended hereto as Exhibit A are ADOPTED, effective December 1, 2018.

DATED: December 10, 2018

BY THE COURT Jary Si

GARY SPRAKER Chief United States Bankruptcy Judge

Distribution: Janet Stafford, Clerk of Court Anna Russell, Librarian Case 05-60001 Doc 136 Filed 12/10/18 Entered 12/10/18 14:54:01 Desc Main Document Page 2 of 123

EXHIBIT A

Part I

COMMENCEMENT OF CASE; PROCEEDINGS RELATING TO PETITION AND ORDER FOR RELIEF

Rule 1001-1 Scope and Applicability of Local Rules

- (a) Scope.
 - (1) These <u>rulesRules</u> govern practice and procedure in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Alaska.
 - (2) The court, on its own motion or the motion of any party, may modify or dispense with any of these rules<u>Rules</u> in a particular case.
- (b) **Applicability**. Unless otherwise indicated, these <u>rulesRules</u> apply to all cases commenced under chapters 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, and 15 of the Bankruptcy Code as amended, Title 11 of the United States Code ("Code").
- (c) **Conflicts**. In the event of a conflict between these Rules and the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure prevail.
- (d) **Forms**. Local Forms contained in the Appendix to these Local Rules(available at <u>www.akb.uscourts.gov</u>) may be cited as "AK LBF ___."
- (e) Citation. These rules Rules may be cited as "AK LBR ."
- (f) Local District Civil Rules Adopted-
- (1) <u>In addition to those United States District Court of Alaska Local Rules Civil Rules</u>
 <u>specifically adopted herein, Local Civil Rules 1.1-3.(c)</u>, 5.1, <u>5.4, 5.5,7.3(e)-(g)</u>, <u>11.1, 16.1(e)</u>, 16.2, 39.3, <u>39.5, 40.2, 43.1, 54.1, 54.32</u>, 58.2, 67.1, 68.<u>31</u>, 80.1, and 83.3 apply to all matters, actions and proceedings before the Bankruptcy Court.
 - (2) The list contained in paragraph (f)(1) is not exclusive; other District of Alaska Local Rules are adopted in particular matters, including, but not limited to, the District of Alaska Local Rules listed in AK LBR 7001-1, 9010-2, and 9015-1.
- (g) Official Rules. The rules maintained by the Clerk of the Court and posted on the court's website (www.akb.uscourts.gov) are the official rules of this court.the Bankruptcy Court. In the event of any difference between the official rules maintained by the Clerk of the Court as posted on the Court's Websitecourt's website and the rules published by any commercial publisher, the official rules will control.

lated Provisions:	
d. R. Bankr. P. 9029	Power to Promulgate
\K LR 1.3	Sanctions-
K LR 5.1	Filing and Proof of Service When Service is Required by Rule 5.
	Federal Rules of Civil Procedure
K LR 5.4	Filing Documents Under Seal, <i>Ex Parte</i> , or In <i>Camera</i>
\K LR 5.5	Service Prior to an Event
K LR 16.2	Alternative Dispute Resolution
AK LR 39.3	Exhibits
K LR 39.5	Courtroom Conduct
K LR 40.2	Notice of Related Case
K LR 43.1	Examination of Witnesses
K LR 54.1	Taxation of Costs
K LR 54.3	Award of Attorney's Fees
	Deposits in Court
\K-LR-5.4 \K-LR-5.5 \K-LR-16.2 \K-LR-39.5 \K-LR-39.5 \K-LR-40.2 \K-LR-43.1 \K-LR-54.1 \K-LR-54.3 \K-LR-58.2	Filing Documents Under Seal, <i>Ex Parte</i> , or In <i>Camera</i> Service Prior to an Event Alternative Dispute Resolution Exhibits- Courtroom Conduct- Notice of Related Case- Examination of Witnesses- Taxation of Costs- Award of Attorney's Fees- Satisfaction of Judgments-

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D.AK LR 68.3	Settlements and Judgments in Favor of a Minor
D.AK LR 80.1	Record of Proceedings
D.AK LR 83.3	Photographs, Video or Audio Recorders, Broadcasts Prohibited
AK LBR 7001-1	Adversary Proceedings
AK LBR 9009-1	Local Forms
AK LBR 9010-2	Admission & Practice of Attorneys
AK LBR 9015-1	Jury Trials_
(h) Failure to Comply.	The failure of any party or its counsel to comply with these Rules, any
Federal rules or an	order of the court may subject the noncomplying party or its counsel to

the imposition of sanctions under applicable law and/or the court's inherent sanctioning authority.

Rule 1001-2 Application of Amended Rules

New or amended rules govern all existing, open proceedings from and after the effective date of the adoption of the new or amended rules to the extent that the new or amended rule does not unreasonably prejudice the rights of any party.

Rule 1002-1 Petitions

(a) General. [Abrogated.]

- (b(a) Joint Petitions. Spouses commencing a joint case may file a single petition and pay a single filing fee.
- (eb) Acceptance of Petition. Acceptance of a petition for filing does not operate as a waiver of any of the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code or Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
 (d)

Rule 1002-2 Tender of Rent Deposit- Under § 362(I)

(a) A rent deposit as required by § 362(I)(1)(B) tendered with the original petition must be:

- (1)_in the form of a bank certified or cashier's check or money order made payable to the lessor (not the Clerk) and;).
- (2) b) Where the petition and Initial Statement About an Eviction Judgment Against You (Official Form 101A) are filed electronically, the rent deposit required under § 362(I)(1)(B) must be delivered to the Clerk of the Court not later than theone (1) business day next immediately following the day the petition is filed.__

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 109	Who May Be a Debtor
11 U.S.C. § 301	Voluntary Cases
11 U.S.C. § 302	-Joint Cases
28 U.S.C. § 1930	Bankruptcy fees
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1002	Commencement of Case
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1006	Filing Fee
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(a)	List of Creditors and Equity Security Holders
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(d)	List of 20 Largest Creditors in Chapter 9 Municipality Case or
	Chapter 11 Reorganization Case
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1008	Verification of Papers
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1015	Consolidation or Joint Administration
AK LBR 1004-1	Petition Filed by a Corporation, Partnership, or Limited Liability
	Company-

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AK LBR 1007-2	- Matrix-
AK LBR 1015-1	Joint Administration and Substantive Consolidation
AK LBR 5001-2	Clerk's Office Location and Hours
AK LBR 5005-2	Number of Copies
AK LBR 5005-4	Electronic Case Filing
Official Form B 101	Voluntary Petition (Individual)
Official Form B 103A	Application to Pay Filing Fee in Installments
Official Form B 103B	Application for Waiver of Chapter 7 Filing Fee
Official Form B 104	List of Creditors Holding 20 Largest Unsecured Claims (Individual)
Official Form B 201	Voluntary Petition (Non-Individual)
Official Form B 204	List of Creditors Holding 20 Largest Unsecured Claims (Non-
	Individual)
(c) If the petition and Initia	I Statement Ábout an Eviction Judgment Against You (Official Form
	tionally, the rent deposit required under § 362(I)(1)(B) must be

delivered to the Clerk of Court at the time the petition is filed.

Rule 1003-1 Involuntary Petitions

- (a) An involuntary petition for relief must be accompanied by the filing fee and a Summons to Debtor, completed except for the signature of the Clerk.
- (b) The Clerk will complete the summons and return it to the petitioner for service.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 303	Involuntary Cases
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1003	Involuntary Petition
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1010	Service of Involuntary Petition and Summons; Petition
	Commencing Ancillary Case
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1011	Responsive Pleading or Motion in Involuntary and Ancillary Cases
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1013	Hearing and Disposition of a Petition in an Involuntary Cases
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1018	Contested Involuntary Petitions, etc.
AK LBR 1002-1	Petitions

Rule 1004-1 Petition Filed by a Corporation, Partnership, or Limited Liability Company

- (a) Signature. A voluntary petition filed by a corporation, partnership, or limited liability company must be verified by a corporate officer, general partner of a partnership, or manager of a limited liability company as required by the appropriate official form.
- (b) **Representation by Counsel**. A debtor who is a corporation, partnership, or limited liability company must be represented by an attorney and the attorney must sign the petition.

Related Provisions:	
11 U.S.C. § 303(b)(3)	Partnership Provisions
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1004	Partnership Petitions
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1008	Verification of Petitions and Accompanying Documents
AK LBR 1002-1	- Petitions-
AK LBR 1005-1	<u>Caption of Petition</u>
Official Form B 201	Voluntary Petition (Non-Individual)
Official Form B 202	- Declaration Under Penalty of Perjury on Behalf of a Corporation or
	Partnership

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Rule 1005-1 Caption of Petition

- (a) **Individual**. The name of the debtor set forth in the caption must include his or her first name, middle initial, and last name, for example, "Robin A. Smith."
- (b) **Joint**. The names of joint debtors must be set forth in the caption to include their first names, middle initials, and last name, for example, "John B. Smith and Mary C. Smith, spouses."
- (c) **Individual with Business Entity**. An individual having an ownership interest in a corporation, LLC, or partnership must file a separate petition for the corporation, LLC, or partnership entity if bankruptcy relief is desired for that entity.
- (d) Partnership.
 - (1) If the debtor is a general partnership, the words "a general partnership" must follow the name.
 - (2) If the debtor is a limited partnership, the words "a limited partnership" must follow the name.
- (e) **Limited Liability Company**. If the debtor is a limited liability company, the words "a limited liability company" or "LLC" must follow the name.
- (f) **Corporation.** If the debtor is a corporation, the words "a corporation" must follow the name and the state of incorporation indicated, for example, "ABC, Inc., an Alaska corporation."

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 301	Commencement of Case
11 U.S.C. § 303	Involuntary Cases
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1002	Voluntary Petition
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1004	Partnership Petition
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1005	Caption of Petition
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1008	Verification of Papers
AK LBR 1002-1	-Petitions-
AK LBR 1004-1	Petition Filed by a Partnership or Corporation
AK LBR 5001-2	Clerk's Office Location and Hours
AK LBR 5005-4	Electronic Filing
Official Form B 101	Voluntary Petition (Individual)
Official Form B 201	- Voluntary Petition (Non-Individual)
	•

Rule 1006-1 Petition Filing Fee

In the event of nonpayment of the bankruptcy petition filing fee, the bankruptcy case may be dismissed by the court after a hearing on shortened time of not less than seven (7) days' notice to the debtor and his or her attorney, if any.

Rule 1007-1 Form and Content of Schedules and Statements

- (a) Format. Each schedule, statement and list must:
 - (1) be legible;
 - (2) be a separate document that contains all required information without reference to or incorporation of another schedule, document or list provided, however, that there may be appended thereto a separate list of items or information that—
 - [A] contains items or information relating to a single question or item on the schedule, statement or list to which the separate list is attached, and
 - [B] clearly identifies the question or item to which the attached list pertains; and

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(3) contains all information required by the official form and this rule.

(b) Sequential Order of Documents. [Abrogated.]

(c) Describing Property on Schedule A. [Abrogated.]

(d) Describing Property on Schedule B. [Abrogated.]

(e) Describing Property on Schedule C. [Abrogated.]

(f) Income and Expenses on Schedules I and J. [Abrogated.]

- (g(b) **Married Individuals**. Spouses filing jointly must file a single set of schedules and statement of financial affairs.
- (hc) **No Blank Items**. The word "none" or the words "not applicable," as appropriate, must be entered for each item in the schedules and statements of affairs not otherwise completed.
- (id) Statement of Social Security Number. The Statement of Social Security Number (Form B121) is to be submitted with the petition to the Clerk of the Court, but is not to be filed or attached to the petition or any other document. Participants in the ECF System shall, immediately after the electronic filing of a petition, submit the Statement of Social Security Number (Form B121) electronically, in the same manner as provided in AK LBR 5005-4(d)(4) for proposed orders.

Related Provisions:

Reidleu Provisions.	
11 U.S.C. § 101(51C)	<u>"small business case"</u>
11 U.S.C. § 101(51D)	<u> "small business debtor"</u>
11 U.S.C. § 109	Who may be a debtor
11 U.S.C. § 111	Nonprofit budget and credit counseling agencies; financial
-	management instructional courses
11 U.S.C. § 521	- Debtor's duties-
11 U.S.C. § 522	Exemptions
<u>11 U.S.C. § 727</u>	- Discharge
11 U.S.C. § 1116	Duties of trustee or debtor in possession in small business cases
11 U.S.C. § 1129	Confirmation of plan
<u>11 U.S.C. § 1325</u>	Confirmation of plan
11 U.S.C. § 1328	- Discharge
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007	Lists, Schedules and Statements; Time Limits
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1008	Verification of Petitions and Accompanying Papers
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2015(a)	Duty to Keep Records, Make Reports, and Give Notice of Case
	Trustee or Debtor in Possession
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9004	General Requirements of Form
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9009	- Forms
AK LBR 1002-1	Petitions
AK LBR 1007-2	- Matrix -
AK LBR 1009-1	Amendment of Schedules and Matrix
AK LBR 5001-2	Clerk's Office Location and Hours
AK LBR 5005-2	Number of Copies
AK LBR 5005-4	Electronic Filing
Official Form B 101	Voluntary Petition (Individual)
Official Form B 101A	Eviction Judgment Statement
Official Form B 103A	Application to Pay Filing Fee in Installments (Individual)
Official Form B 103B	Application to Have the Chapter 7 Filing Fee Waived (Individual)
Official Form B 104	List of 20 Largest Creditors (Individual Chapter 11)

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Official Form B 105	Involuntary Datition (Individual)
Official Form B 106Sum	 Involuntary Petition (Individual) Summary of Assets and Liabilities (Individual)
Official Form B 106A/B	Schedule of Property (Individual)
Official Form B 106C	Property Claimed as Exempt (Individual)
Official Form B 106D	- Schedule of Secured Creditors (Individual)
Official Form B 106E/F	Schedule of Secured Creditors (Individual)
Official Form B 106G	Executory Contracts (Individual)
Official Form B 106H	<u>Co-debtors (Individual)</u>
Official Form B 106	- Income (Individual)
Official Form B 106J	Expenses (Individual)
Official Form B 106J-2	Expenses (individual) Expenses for Separate Household of Debtor 1 (Individual)
Official Form B 100-2	Statement of Financial Affairs (Individual)
Official Form B 107	
Official Form B 121	Statement of Intentions (Individual)
Official Form B 122A-1	 Statement of Social Security Number(s) Statement of Current Monthly Income and Means Test Calculation
Official Form B 122A-2	(Chapter 7) (Individual) Means Test Calculation (Chapter 7) (Individual)
Official Form B 122A-2	- Statement of Current Monthly Income (Chapter 11) (Individual)
Official Form B 122C-1	Statement of Current Monthly Income (Chapter 11) (Individual) Statement of Current Monthly Income (Chapter 13)
Official Form B 122C-1	Calculation of Disposable Income (Chapter 13)
Official Form B 201	Voluntary Petition (Non-Individual)
Official Form B 201	Declaration Under Penalty of Perjury (Non-Individual)
Official Form B 202	List of 20 Largest Creditors (Non-Individual Chapter 11)
Official Form B 205	o
Official Form B 206Sum	- Involuntary Petition (Non-Individual)
Official Form B 206A/B	<u>Summary (Non-Individual)</u> Schedule of Property (Non-Individual)
Official Form B 206D	Schedule of Froperty (Non-Individual) Schedule of Secured Creditors (Non-Individual)
Official Form B 206E/F	Schedule of Secured Creditors (Non-Individual) Schedule of Unsecured Creditors (Non-Individual)
Official Form B 206G	Executory Contracts (Non-Individual)
Official Form B 2005	- Co-debtors (Non-Individual)
Official Form B 2007	- Statement of Financial Affairs (Non-Individual)
Director's Form B 2030	Disclosure of Compensation of Attorney for Debtor
(e) Government Entity as	
<u>(e) Government Entity as</u>	

(a) Format.

- (1) The list of entities filed as required by Rule 1007(a), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, as thereafter updated by the clerk's office, is referred to as the "Master-Mailing List" or "Matrix."
- (2) The format of the Matrix filed under Rule 1007(a) must conform to the requirements of the Clerk.
- (b) Amendments. [Abrogated. See AK LBR 1009-1.]
- (c) Accuracy of Matrix. The debtor is responsible for ensuring that the matrix accurately reflects the names and addresses of the debtor, debtor's attorney, and these entities listed on Schedules D, E, F, G, and H of Official Bankruptcy Form B106/B206.
- (d) **Government Entity as Creditor.** Whenever a governmental unit (federal, state, local government entity or political subdivision of the state, or any agency thereof) is scheduled as a creditor or as having a claim against the estate or the debtor, both the governmental

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unit and, as a separate entry, its legal department, must be included <u>onin</u> the <u>mailing matrix</u> and schedules. [*E*(*e*.*g*., United States Attorney, Alaska Department of Law, Municipal Attorney, Internal Revenue Service.]).

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 521(1)	Debtor's Duties
11 U.S.C. § 1116	Duties of trustee or debtor in possession in small business cases
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007	Lists, Schedules and Statements; Time Limits
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(j)	Notices to the United States
AK LBR 1002-1	Petitions
AK LBR 1007-1	Form of Schedules and Statements
AK LBR 1009-1	Amendment of Schedules and Matrix
AK LBR 5001-2	Clerk's Office Location and Hours
AK LBR 5005-2	Number of Copies
AK LBR 5005-4	Electronic Filing

Rule 1007-2 Matrix

- (a) **Format**. The format of the Matrix filed under Rule 1007(a), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, must conform to the requirements of the Clerk of Court, available at www.akb.uscourts.gov.
- (b) **Verification**. The Matrix must be accompanied by a completed Verification of Creditor Matrix (AK LBF 40) bearing the signatures of the debtor(s).
 - (1) The signature(s) of the debtor(s) on the Verification of Creditor Matrix must comply with AK LBR 9011-1(a)(2), if the debtor is represented by a participant in the CM/ECF
 - System. A Verification of Creditor Matrix filed conventionally must bear the original (holographic/wet) signature(s) of the debtor(s).
- (c) Accuracy of Matrix. The debtor is responsible for ensuring that the Matrix accurately reflects the names and addresses of the debtor(s), debtor's attorney, and those entities listed on Schedules D, E, F, G, and H of Official Bankruptcy Form B106/B206.
- (d) **Government Entity as Creditor**. As provided in AK LBR 1007-1(e), both the governmental unit and its legal department must be included on the Matrix.

Rule 1009-1 Amendment of Schedules and Matrix

- (a) Schedule of Debts.
 - Requirements for Amendment. Amended schedules must be accompanied by:
 [A] if amended to include additional creditors or equity security holders, an amended mailing matrix as provided in subsection (c);
 - [A] an amended Summary of Your Assets and Liabilities and Certain Statistical Information (Official Form 106Sum);
 - [B] <u>a Declaration About an amended summary of schedules; Individual's Schedules</u> (Official Form 106Dec); and
 - [C] the statutory filing fee, if required.
 - [D] If the amended schedules include additional creditors or equity security holders (*i.e.*, amendments to schedules D, E and F), an amended Matrix complying with paragraph (c) below must also be filed.
 - (2) Notice.

- [A] Notice of the amendment(s) must be given to:
 - (i) any creditor or equity security holder added $\frac{1}{2}$
 - (ii) the trustee,
 - (iii) any other entity(ies) affected by it, the amendment(s); and
 - (iv) the United States trustee.
- [B] In addition to the notice required by Rule 1009, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, the amending party must mail a copy of the notice issued by the court under Rule 2003, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure to all creditors or equity security holders added by the amendment.
- (b) **Schedule of Property Claimed as Exempt**. Upon filing, copies of any amendment of Schedule of Property Claimed as Exempt must be:
 - (1) transmitted to the United States trustee; and
 - (2) served on-
 - [A] the trustee;
 - [B] any entity(ies) holding or claiming an interest in the property; and
 - [C] any attorney or party who has filed an appearance or demand for notice.
- (c) Amendments to the Master Mailing Matrix.
 - (1) All amendments to the matrix<u>Matrix</u> (additions and deletions) should be in pleading format-must include:
 - [A] the Verification of Creditor Matrix (AK LBF __); and have attached
 - [B] a matrix Matrix including only the additions or deletions to the matrix and Master Mailing List in a format that conforms to the requirements of the Clerk of Court.
 - (2) The amended matrixMatrix must:
 - [A] contain an unsworn declaration of the debtors in accordance with Rule 1008, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure; and
 - [B]_be accompanied by the appropriate filing fee.
 - (3) A new master mailing list<u>Master Mailing List</u> may not be substituted for an existing master mailing list<u>Master Mailing List</u> unless approved by the Clerk or the court.
 - (4) The party amending the matrixMatrix must give notice as provided in paragraph (a)(2).

Related Provisions:

28 U.S.C. § 1930(b)	-Statutory Fees
11 U.S.C. § 523(a)(3)	Effect of Not Listing or Scheduling a Creditor
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1009	Amendments of Voluntary Petitions, Lists, Schedules and
	Statements
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1019	Conversion of Cases
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2003	Meeting of Creditors or Equity Security Holders
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4003	Exemptions

Rule 1015-1 Joint Administration and Substantive Consolidation

- (a) Motion. Except as specifically provided for in this rule<u>Rule</u> for joint cases, all motions for joint administration or substantive consolidation under Rule 1015, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, must be:
 - (1) filed in each affected case;
 - (2) transmitted to the United States trustee; and

- (3) served on the-
 - [A] debtors,
 - [B] trustees, and
 - [C] any committee(s) appointed in the cases.
- (b) Notice. Except as specifically provided for in this <u>ruleRule</u> for joint cases, twenty-one (21) days' notice of a Motion for <u>Joint Administration or</u> Substantive Consolidation conforming to AK LBF 27 or AK LBF 28, as appropriate, must be mailed to the <u>master mailing listMaster</u> <u>Mailing List</u> in each affected case.

(c) Joint Administration of Joint Cases Commenced Under 11 U.S.C. § 302.

- (1) Unless upon motion by the debtors, any party in interest, the trustee or the United States trustee, the court orders otherwise, the estates of debtor spouses filing a joint petition will be jointly administered.
- (2) Not later than thirty (30) days following the conclusion of the Meeting of Creditors held under § 341 of the Code, a motion that joint cases not be jointly administered must be: [A] filed:

 - [C] served on the trustee.
- (d(c) Substantive Consolidation of Joint Cases Commenced Under 11 U.S.C. § 302.
 - (1) The filing of a joint petition by spouses constitutes a motion by the debtors that the separate estates of the debtors be substantively consolidated.
 - (2) Any party in interest, the debtors, trustee or the United States trustee may file an objection to substantive consolidation of the separate estates.
 - [A] An objection to substantive consolidation must be filed not later than the date set for filing a proof of claim under Rule 3002, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, and—
 - (i) transmitted to the United States trustee, and
 - (ii) served on the debtors and <u>the trustee</u>.
 - [B] The party objecting to substantive consolidation must:
 - submit a Calendar Request (AK LBF 7) requesting a hearing on substantive consolidation before or contemporaneously with the filing of an objection to substantive consolidation; and
 - (ii) give not less than fourteen (14) days' notice of the hearing to all parties on the master mailing list.<u>Master Mailing List.</u>
 - (3) If no objection to substantive consolidation is served and filed by the time specified in paragraph (d)(2), the estates will be substantively consolidated without further order of the court.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 302	Joint Cases
-	
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1015	Consolidation or Joint Administration of Cases Pending in Same
	Court-
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9013	Motions: Form and Service
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9014	Contested Matters
AK LBR 9013-1	Briefs; Memoranda
AK LBF 7	Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request
AK LBF 27	Notice of Motion to Jointly Administer Cases
AK LBF 28 Notice of I	Motion to Substantively Consolidate Cases

Rule 1017-1 Conversion or Dismissal of Cases

- (a) **Conversion Under 11 U.S.C. § 706(a) or Dismissal Under § 1307(b)**. A motion by the debtor seeking to convert a chapter 7 case under § 706(a) to a case under chapter 11, 12, or 13 of the Code or to dismiss a chapter 13 case under § 1307(b):
 - (1) is governed by AK LBR 9013-2(a); and
 - (2) must be—
 - [A] transmitted to the United States trustee, and
 - [B] served on the trustee; and
 - (3) Twenty-one (21) days' notice of the motion must be given to the master mailing matrix.Master Mailing List.
- (b) **Conversion Under 11 U.S.C. § 1112(a)**. A motion by the debtor under § 1112(a) of the Code to convert the case from a case under chapter 11 of the Code to a case under Chapter 7 of the Code:
 - (1) is governed by AK LBR 9013-2(a); and
 - (2) must be:
 - [A] transmitted to the United States trustee; and
 - [B] served on—
 - (i) any committee appointed in the case, and
 - (ii) the holders of secured claims.
- (c) **Conversion in Response to 11 U.S.C. § 707(b) Motion**. No separate or additional notice of conversion of a case to a case under Chapter 11 or 13 of the Code need be given if:
 - (1) the debtor requests such conversion in response to the motion to dismiss brought by the U.S. trustee under 11 U.S.C. § 707(b); and
 - (2) the U.S. trustee consents to the conversion.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 706	- Conversion
11 U.S.C. § 1112	Conversion or Dismissal
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1017	<u>Conversion or Dismissal</u>
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9013	- Motions; Form and Service
AK LBR 9013-1	Briefs; Memoranda
AK LBR 9013-2	- Motion Practice
AK LBF 39	Notice of Debtor's Motion to Convert Case to a Case Under
	Chapter _

Rule 1019-1 Post-Conversion Schedule of Unpaid Debts

- (a) Post-conversion schedules required under Fed. R. Bankr. P. Rules 1019(5)(A)(i), (B)(i), or (C)(i) through (iii). Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, must be verified by the debtor(s).
- (b) The "/s/" signature designation may be used for a debtor on post-conversion schedules only if an AK LBF 37A, Declaration re: Electronic Filing of Petition, Schedules, Statements, OF(Individuals), has previously been filed in that debtor's bankruptcy case.

23, and Plan if Chapter 11, 12 or 13 Case, has previously been filed in that debtor's bankruptcy case.

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Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 1112	Conversion or Dismissal
11 U.S.C. § 1208	Conversion or Dismissal
11 U.S.C. § 1307	Conversion or Dismissal
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1019	Conversion of a Chapter 11 Reorganization Case, Chapter 12
	Family Farmer's Debt Adjustment Case, or Chapter 13 Individual's
	Debt Adjustment Case to a Chapter 7 Liquidation Case
AK LBR 5005-4	Electronic Case Filing
AK LBF 37A	Declaration re: Electronic Filing of Petition, Schedules,
	Statements, OF 23, and Plan if Chapter 11, 12 or 13 Case

Rule 1020-1 Chapter 11 Small Business Cases

(a) **Documents to Accompany Petition**. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, in any case that has been designated as a small business case in the petition, the debtor must comply with the provisions of § 1116(1) of the Code.

(b) Creditors' Committees in Small Business Cases.

- (1) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the United States trustee will not appoint a committee under § 1102 of the Code in any case in which the debtor has designated the case as a small business case in the petition.
- (2) In the event the court sustains an objection to the debtor's designation as a small business case, the United States trustee will appoint a committee of not less than three
 (3) members or file a notice of non-appointment as soon as practicable.

(c) Request to be Added to Committee.

- (1) A request by a party in interest to be added to a committee under § 1102(a)(4) of the Code must be in the form of a motion, which motion must:
 - [A] briefly state the reason the moving party believes that the party's interests are not adequately represented by the committee as currently composed;
 - [B] be transmitted to the United States trustee; and
 - [C] be served on the committee.
- (2) A motion filed under this subsection will be treated as a motion under Rule 9013, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
- -(d) **Individuals as Small Business Debtors.** The court may, in appropriate circumstances, order that an individual chapter 11 debtor be treated as a small business debtor.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 101(51C)	<u>- "small business case"</u>
11 U.S.C. § 101(51D)	<u> "small business debtor"</u>
11 U.S.C. § 502(c)	Contingent and Unliquidated Claims
11 U.S.C. § 1102	Creditors' and Equity Security Holders' Committees
11 U.S.C. § 1116	Duties of trustee or debtor in possession in small business cases
11 U.S.C. § 1121	Who May File a Plan
11 U.S.C. § 1125	Postpetition Disclosure and Solicitation
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007	Lists, Schedules, Statements, and Other Documents; Time Limits
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1017	Dismissal or Conversion of Case; Suspension
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1020	Small Business Reorganization Case
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3007	Objections to Claims
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3012	Valuation of Security
	,

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Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9014	Contested Matters
AK LBR 2071-1	
AK LBR 3016-1	Chapter 11 Disclosure Statements
AK LBR 3016-2	Chapter 11 Plans

Part II

OFFICERS AND ADMINISTRATION; NOTICES; MEETINGS; EXAMINATIONS; ELECTIONS; ATTORNEYS AND ACCOUNTANTS

Rule 2002-1 Notices

(a) Party to Give.

- (1) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, or as specifically provided in the Bankruptcy Code, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure or these Rules, notices will be served on the parties entitled to notice as follows:
 - [A] The Clerk of the Court will serve:
 - (i) in all cases under chapters 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, and 15, the notices specified in Rules 2002(a)(1), (f)(1)-(6), and 4004(g), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure;
 - (ii) in all other instances where notice is authorized or directed by the Administrative Office of the United States Courts to be given through the Bankruptcy Noticing Center.
 - [B] The case trustee will serve the notice specified in Rule 2002(f)(8), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
 - [C] All other notices will be served by the party requesting an order or other act.

(b) Content of Notices.

- (1) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, or provided in the Bankruptcy Code, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, or these <u>rulesRules</u>, whenever the Code or Rules authorize any act, or authorize the court to enter an order, "after notice and hearing" or a similar phrase, the party giving the notice must state in the notice:
 - [A] that the act may be performed or the court may enter an order without an actual hearing unless a party in interest serves and files an objection in writing within a specified time; or
 - [B] that the court has entered the order or authorized the act to be done without a hearing.
 - [C] This subsection does not apply to matters for which the Code or Rules require an actual hearing, *i.e.*, "notice of the hearing," or "notice by mail of the hearing," including, without limitation, conversions and dismissals under Rules 2002(a)(4) and 1017, sales free and clear under Section 363(f), Rule 6004(c), and AK LBR 6004-1(b), approval of disclosure statements and confirmation of plans under Sections 1125 and 1129 and Rule 2002(b), and objections to claims under Rule 3007.
- (2) Notice of any Application, Motion, Stipulation or other matter that requires notice be given by the initiating party and, unless otherwise elsewhere specified by statute, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure or Local Rule, must include:
 - [A] a summary, fairly summarizing the relief requested, which must include—
 - (i) an accurate legal description of any real property involved,
 - (ii) list of any personal property or intangibles involved,
 - (iii) amounts of money and from whom claimed, to whom to be paid or delivered, and (iv) the basis for seeking the relief;
 - [B] date by which a response is due;
 - [C] place or addresses upon which any response is to be made;
 - [D] if a hearing is required, the date, place, and time of the hearing as set by the court after the submission of a Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request (LBF 7) by the moving party; and

- [E] unless contained in the information required by subparagraph (2)[A], an accurate, complete description of any real property, personal property or intangibles involved.
- (3) Double-sided copying may be used to reduce costs of notice.

(c) To Whom Given.

- Except as otherwise specifically provided by the <u>rulesRules</u> or ordered by the court, "Notice," as used in these <u>rulesRules</u> means notice by first class mail or electronically to:
 - [A] all creditors,
 - [B] equity security holders,
 - [C] indenture trustee,
 - [D] the debtor,
 - [E] the debtor's attorney,
 - [F] the attorney or chair of any committee appointed in the case, and
 - [G] any other parties in interest, and any other person or entity known to have or claim a legal or equitable interest in the subject matter of the noticed matter.
- (2) [A] The addresses utilized in notices to creditors, equity security holders or indenture trustees are governed by Rule 2002(g), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
 - trustees are governed by Rule 2002(g), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
 - [B] A master mailing list<u>Master Mailing List</u> of names and addresses, filed under Local Rule and updated in accordance with Rule 2002(g) may be obtained from the clerk.
 - [C] Notice required to be given to all creditors is presumed to be appropriate if mailed or sent electronically to all entries on a master mailing list<u>Master Mailing List</u>:
 - (i) certified updated by the <u>clerkClerk of Court</u> within fourteen (14) days of the date notice is sent; or
 - (ii) if obtained electronically, bearing a computer-generated date within fourteen (14) days of the date notice is sent.
- (3) Whenever less inclusive notice is provided for by the <u>rulesRules</u> or order of the court, as an alternative, service may be made on the <u>master mailing listMaster Mailing List</u>.
- (d) **Telephonic or Email Notice of Emergency Motions and Hearings**. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (b) and (c), the court may allow telephonic or email notice of emergency motions and hearings for cause shown.
- (e) Certificate of Service.
 - (1) After giving notice, unless otherwise ordered, not less than seven (7) days prior to the date objections or responses are to be filed, the noticing party must file:
 - [A] the notice; and
 - [B] an affidavit of mailing with a list of persons, and their addresses, to whom the notice was sent.
 - (2) If notice to all creditors is required, the court will enter an order based on that notice only if the list of persons to whom the notice was sent is a copy of the master mailing listMaster Mailing List described in subparagraph (c)(2)[C].
- (f) **Certificate of No Objections**. A party that has complied with the requirements of this Rule and received no objection to the request, may:
 - (1) file a certificate of no objections, signed under penalty of perjury, that substantially conforms to AK LBF 4; and
 - (2) lodge a proposed order.

Related Provisions:

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Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002	Notices to Creditors, Equity Security Holders, United States, and
	United States Trustee
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9007	Authority to Regulate Notices
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9014	- Contested Matters
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9019	Compromise and Settlement
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9034	Transmittal of Pleadings, Motion Papers, Objections, and Other
	Papers to the United States Trustee
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9036	Notice by Electronic Transmission
AK LBR 1007-1	- Matrix
AK LBR 1009-1	Amendment of Schedules and Matrix
AK LBR 2081-1(b)	Status Conferences in Chapter 11 Cases
AK LBR 5005-4	Electronic Case Filing
AK LBR 5075-1(b)	Delegation of Ministerial Orders and Notices
AK LBR 7016-1(e)	Pretrial Procedures
AK LBR 9021-1(c), (e)	Orders, Findings, Conclusions, Judgments
AK LBR 9036-1	Request for Notice by Electronic Transmission
AK LBR 9075-1	Hearings; Trials
AK LBF 4	Certificate of No Objections
AK LBF 7	Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request
AK LBF 11	- Notice of Application for Order
AK LBF 17	Notice of Application for Approval of Stipulation or Settlement
	Agreement
AVIDE 10 Notice of Augulies	tion for Orden of Dispute of the Organization of Organ

AK LBF 18 Notice of Application for Order of Dismissal or Conversion of Case

Rule 2003-1 Meeting of Creditors and Security Holders

(a) Failure to Attend or File Schedules. [Abrogated]

(b(a) Telephonic Appearances.

- (1) A request for a telephonic appearance by the debtor(s), in any judicial district in the state in which the trustee conducts face to face creditor meetings, where the debtor(s) resides more than 150 air miles from the court in which such meeting is to be conducted, may be made by giving the trustee notice of such telephonic attendance; however, the trustee may continue the meeting and require the debtor(s) to appear in person.
- (2) If the trustee requires the personal appearance of the debtor(s), the court may grant a waiver of personal appearance at the creditors meeting on the motion of the debtor(s) for good cause shown after a hearing on notice given to all interested parties. Any motion to excuse attendance shall be supported by an affidavit from the debtor(s).
- (3) Attorneys or creditors may, at the trustee's discretion, attend a meeting by telephone.
- (eb) **Continuances**. Requests for a continuance must be made in writing to the trustee assigned to the case. Upon granting a request for continuance, the trustee shall note such continuance on the Court's docket.

(dc) Waiver of Personal Appearance.

- (1) The court may grant a waiver of personal appearance, other than a request for telephonic appearance, on the motion of the debtor(s) for good cause shown after a hearing on notice given to all interested parties.
- (2) Motions for waiver of personal appearance must:

- [A] be supported by affidavit or declaration under penalty of perjury setting forth in particular the facts that preclude personal appearance;
- [B] set forth any alternative means reasonably available by which the trustee or any interested party may examine the debtor and obtain responses under oath, including, but not necessarily limited to, methods prescribed by Rules 26-36, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure; and
- [C] be served on the trustee and transmitted to the United States trustee.
- (3) [A] The court may, in its discretion, order the debtor to provide responses to any matter subject to inquiry by the trustee or any interested party by deposition upon written questions under Rule 31, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
 - [B] For the purposes of this paragraph, only the trustee, the United States trustee, and those interested parties actually appearing at the meeting of creditors will be considered a "party" within the scope of Rule 31.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 341	Meetings of Creditors and Equity Security Holders
11 U.S.C. § 343	Examination of the Debtor
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007	Lists, Schedules, and Statements; Time Limits
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2003	Meeting of Creditors or Equity Security Holders
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4002	-Duties of Debtor
Official Form 122A	Statement of Current Monthly Income and Means Test Calculation
	(Chapter 7)
Official Form 122B	Statement of Current Monthly Income (Chapter 11)
Official Form 122C	Statement of Current Monthly Income and Disposable Income
	Calculation (Chapter 13)
AK LBR 4002-1	Debtor – Duties

Rule 2004-1 Rule 2004 Examinations

- (a) Request for Examination. All requests for orders under Rule 2004, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure must be made by motion in a form substantially similar to AK LBF 8 and must be accompanied by a proposed order substantially similar to AK LBF 9. The motion must contain a certification that counsel for the applicant conferred with counsel, if known, for the party whose examination is being sought. If the application contains such a certification the application may be presented *ex parte*. If the application does not contain such a certification, the matter may be heard on no fewer than two business days' notice unless the Court orders otherwise.
- (b) Clerk's Authority to Sign Order. The clerk may only sign orders for examination if the date set for examination is more than fourteen (14) days from the date the motion is filed. If examination is requested on less than fourteen (14) days' notice, the clerk may not sign. The motion must state whether the examination date has been agreed on, or if there is no agreement, why examination on less than fourteen (14) days' notice is requested.
- (c) Production of Documents Must be Obtained by Subpoena. Production of documents may not be obtained via an order under Rule 2004, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure. Production of documents may, however, be obtained via subpoena as provided by Rule 45(a)(1)(C), Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, as adopted by Rule 9016, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
- (d) Attendance of Witness or Production of Documents. Securing the attendance of a

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witness or the production of documents must be done in accordance with Rule 9016, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

Related Provisions:

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2004	
AK LBF 8	Motion for Order for Rule 2004 Examination
AK LBF 9	Order for Rule 2004 Examination

Rule 2015-1 Trustees – General

(a) Funds of the Estate.

- (1) Funds of a chapter 7, 11, 12 or 13 estate must be deposited in an account authorized by § 345 of the Code.
- (2) If at any time the total amount deposited exceeds the FDIC or NCUA insurance limits, the funds must be deposited with an entity posting a bond approved by the United States trustee.

(b) Return of Documents.

Related Provisions

- (1) Except to the extent otherwise provided by law, or order of the court, the trustee:
 - [A] if return of the document has not been requested, may destroy the document; or
 - [B] if return is requested in writing, must return the document to the person who provided the document within a reasonable time after the case is closed.
- (2) The trustee may require any person who has requested the return of a document or paper to provide the trustee with a stamped, self-addressed return envelope or otherwise bear all expenses incurred for the return.

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11 U.S.C. § 112	Prohibition on the Disclosure of Name of Minor Children
11 U.S.C. § 345	Money of Estates
11 U.S.C. § 521	Debtor's Duties
11 U.S.C. § 704	Duties of Trustee
11 U.S.C. § 1106	Duties of Trustee and Examiner
11 U.S.C. § 1202	-Trustee-
11 U.S.C. § 1302	Trustee
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2015	Duty to Keep Records, Make Reports, and Give Notice of Case-
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 6002	Accounting by Prior Custodian of Property of the Estate Privacy
	Policy, Judicial Conference of the United States
AK LBR 4002-1	Debtor – Duties

Rule 2015-2 Monthly Financial Reporting Requirements

(a) Cooperation with United States Trustee.

- (1) The trustee or debtor in possession in chapter 11 cases, debtors in business chapter 13 cases, and debtors in chapter 12 cases are required to cooperate with the United States trustee by furnishing all information the United States trustee requires to supervise the administration of the estate.
- (2) All debtors in possession and trustees must use forms substantially complying with the forms for financial reporting established by the United States trustee, unless the United States trustee authorizes modifications in a particular case.

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Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 704	Duties of Trustee	
11 U.S.C. § 1106	Duties of Trustee ar	d Examiner
11 U.S.C. § 1107	Rights, Powers, and	Duties of Debtor in Possession
11 U.S.C. § 1302	Trustoo	
Fed. R. Bankr. P.	2015(a), (c)(1) Duty to Keep	Records, Make Reports and Give Notice of
		rustee or Debtor in Possession, Chapter 13
	Trustee	
AK LBR 3015-1	Chapter 13 Plans	
AK LBR 5005-4	Electronic Filing	

Rule 2016-1 Compensation of Trustees and Professional FeesProfessionals

- (a) General. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this ruleRule, requests for compensation and reimbursement under § 330 of the Code must comply with the guidelines promulgated by the Office of the United States Trustee-, available at www.justice.gov/ust.
- (b) Trustee.
 - (1) Applications for compensation for services as trustee must state the maximum amount payable to the trustee as compensation under § 326(a) of the Code.
 - (2) [A] In each Chapter 13 case that is dismissed prior to confirmation of a plan, the standing trustee may deduct, after payment of court fees and costs and other § 503(b) administrative expenses, the sum of \$450.00 and an additional amount of \$90.00 for each hearing or meeting of creditors beyond the initial meeting that the trustee attended, from funds available for return to the debtors.
 - [B] The award under this paragraph may not exceed the amount specified in Rule 2002(a)(6), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, without a separate application.
 - [C] The debtor may object to an award under this paragraph within fourteen (14) days of the entry of the order dismissing the case.
- (c) Attorney or Accountant for Trustee, Debtor in Possession, Debtor, Creditors' Committee, or Professional Under 11 U.S.C. § 503(b)(4).
 - (1) [A] Applications for compensation and reimbursement under § 330(a) of the Code must be preceded by an order authorizing the employment of the professional.
 - [B] Unless otherwise specifically authorized by statute, rule or order of the court, an application for allowance of professional fees must be filed before payment of professional fees, including cases where employment of a professional on a contingency fee or percentage basis has been authorized by the court.
 - [C] Fees are not recoverable:
 - (i) for services rendered by a general counsel for an estate in preparing the trustee's application to authorize employment of such general counsel; or
 - (ii) in the absence of exigent circumstances, for services performed prior to the date the applicant filed an application seeking approval of employment by the Court.
 - (2) Requests for compensation and reimbursement under §§ 330(a) and 503(b)(4) of the Code must contain a statement that the compensation sought will not be shared with another person except as provided in § 504 of the Code.
 - (3) Applications for compensation for services as attorney, accountant or other professional for the trustee, debtor in possession, debtor, creditors' committee, or under § 503(a)(4) of the Code must include the following detail:

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- [A] a statement that all services for which compensation is requested were performed for or on behalf of the trustee, debtor in possession, debtor, or creditors' committee, and not on behalf of a creditor or any other entity, except in the case of a professional seeking compensation under § 503(b)(4) of the Code;
- [B] a separate itemization of each service rendered, including-
 - (i) the date for each item,
 - (ii) the actual time spent on each item, and
 - (iii) the charge for the item;
- [C] each item of service must be sufficiently descriptive to enable the court to determine whether the service was reasonable—
 - (i) an entry such as "research" or "telephone call" will not be sufficient, and
 - (ii) items should not be aggregated, the time spent and the description of individual tasks should be distinctly identified;
- [D] use of minimum time increments no larger than 1/10 of an hour;
- [E] a statement of the hourly billing rate of each professional person, legal assistant or employee for whom compensation is sought;
- [F] an itemization of costs by category and method of computation; and
- [G] identify any board certifications in the bankruptcy field held by the applicant.
- (4) [A] Applications by an attorney or accountant for a debtor must in addition show that all services performed were in connection with the performance by the debtor of the duties prescribed by the Code, were otherwise beneficial to the debtor's estate or were rendered under an order of the court.
 - [B] Services on behalf of the debtor in discharge and dischargeability actions are not compensable from the estate.
- (5) Except as provided in paragraph (h)(2) of this Rule, applications for fees and expenses must:
 - [A] be categorized to group identifiable projects separately;
 - [B] include a narrative description of major projects; and
 - [C] include a description of the bill attributable to all categories. For example, representation of a party in an adversary proceeding, a major contested matter, or plan formulation, are categories that are to be separately reported on the fee application.
- (6) [A] Except as otherwise ordered by the court or provided by rule, applications must be noticed by the applicant in accordance with AK LBR 2002-1(a).
 - [B] Applicants must keep themselves informed as to the progress of administration of the estate so that notice may be included in the notice of the final accounting, or so that notice can be sent within the time allowed after confirmation of a plan in a case under chapter 9 or 11.
- (7) The court may, in its discretion, order a hearing even if no objection is filed.

(d) Interim Fees.

- (1) No interim fees or expenses for attorneys or accountants will be paid in a chapter 7 proceeding unless the trustee certifies or the applicant can clearly demonstrate that interim payment would not prejudice any party having a higher or equal priority or claim to the funds.
- (2) [A] The court may, on its own motion or at the request of a party in interest, order that a percentage of the fees requested in an interim application that are found to be

reasonable will not be disbursed at the time of approval of the interim application but will instead be held back pending the court's action on a final fee application.

- [B] The amounts held back
 - (i) may be applied for as part of the final fee application, but
 - (ii) may not be placed in escrow.
- [C] Any payment allowed as part of the final fee award will depend, among other factors, upon the assets available for payment at that time.

(e) Pre-Petition Retainers.

- (1) In all cases in which court approval of the payment of professional fees is required, a pre-petition retainer is considered property of the estate being administered, and:
 - [A] must be segregated in a separate trust account; and
 - [B] may not be applied to fees or costs incurred after the filing of the petition without an order of the court.
- (2) A professional holding a pre-petition retainer must, in conjunction with the fee application, give notice that the professional intends to apply the retainer to post-petition fees and disbursements.
 - [A] A retainer may not be applied without a court order approving an application for interim or final compensation.
 - [B] The court may review the amount and circumstances of any retainer and may order a refund to the estate or other action as appropriate.

(f) Objections.

- (1) A written objection to the allowance of fees must be filed with the court within the time set forth in the notice.
- (2) A copy of the objection is to be transmitted to the United States trustee; and
- (3) served on—
 - [A] the applicant,
 - [B] trustee,
 - [C] debtor, and
 - [D] any committee appointed under the Code.
- (g) **Time of Payment**. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, all administrative expenses allowed by the court will be paid by the trustee with the final distribution, or upon confirmation of a plan in a case under chapters 9, 11 or 12.
- (h) Applications in Chapter 12 and 13 Cases.
 - (1) [A] Except as provided in paragraph (h)(2), attorney's fees must be applied forbefore allowance.
 - [B(1) [A] The trustee may, without any personal liability to debtor or debtor's attorney, pay creditors and trustee's fees in advance of paying the administrative expense for debtor's attorney's compensation claim, if the debtor's attorney claiming compensation has not filed an application for compensation.
 - [CB] When the trustee is served with notice of debtor's attorney's compensation application, the trustee must defer paying a lower priority creditor under § 1226(b)(1) or § 1326(b)(1) of the Code until the court has ruled on the fee application.
 - [Đ(2) [A] In chapter 12 cases, notwithstanding a provision for allowance of administrative claims in any confirmed chapter 12 plan, debtor's attorney's fees must be applied for before allowance.

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- [B] Attorney's fees for a chapter 12 or 13 debtor will not be allowed in excess of the amount designated in the chapter 12 or 13 plan absent a showing of extreme or unusual circumstances by the applicant.
- (23) In a case under chapter 13, no application for allowance of attorney's fees need befiled and allowance of the fees and expenses isset forth in paragraph 3(c) of AK LBF 5 (the chapter 13 plan) are deemed approved on confirmation of the plan, and no separate application for allowance is required, provided:
 - [A] if requested by the trustee, United States trustee, or ordered by the court, counselhas filed an itemized statement of fees and costs conforming to subparagraphs-(c)(3)[B], [C], [D], and [E], with a copy—
 - (i) served on the chapter 13 trustee, and
 - (ii) transmitted to the United States trustee;
 - [B] the fees and costs sought do not exceed the sum set forth in paragraph 2(c) of AK-LBF 5 and the plan analysis attached to AK LBF 5; and
 - [C[A] in consumer (non-business) cases, the total fees to be paid, including the application of any prepetition retainer paid, <u>doesdo</u> not exceed \$3,500.00, and costs, exclusive of any filing fees paid to the <u>clerkClerk</u> of <u>the courtCourt</u>, do not exceed \$275.00; or
 - [DB] in business (non-consumer) cases, the total fees to be paid, including the application of any prepetition retainer paid, <u>doesdo</u> not exceed \$5,000.00, and costs, exclusive of any filing fees paid to the <u>clerkClerk</u> of <u>the courtCourt</u>, do not exceed \$400.00, and
 - (i) The provisions of this paragraph notwithstanding, if the proposed chapter 13 plan does not provide for payment of allowed claims in full, any party in interest, including the United States trustee, may, at any time prior to confirmation of the plan, object to allowance of fees under this paragraph by filing a written objection, serving a copy thereof on the debtor, counsel for the debtor and the trustee, with transmittal to the United States trustee.
 - (ii) In the event an objection is filed and served, an application for allowance of fees must be filed, noticed and approved before any payment thereof is made.
 - [F] If an attorney is E] Attorneys compensated under the terms of this paragraph, such compensation shall are not be deemed to obligate the attorneyobligated to represent the debtor in any adversary proceeding arising in the case unless otherwise agreed to by the debtor and the attorney.
 - [F] An attorney seeking payment of fees and costs in excess of those approved by confirmation of the chapter 13 plan must file a supplemental fee application containing an itemized statement of fees and costs.
 - (i) The supplemental fee application need be served only on the debtor and the chapter 13 trustee when the fees and/or costs sought, when combined with the fees and/or costs approved under the plan, exceed the amounts set forth in (h)(3)[A] and [B] by no more than \$1,000 (*i.e.*, \$4,250 or less in aggregate fees for individual debtor cases).
 - (ii) Supplemental applications for fees and/or costs which, when combined with the fees and/or costs approved under the plan, exceed the amounts set forth in (h)(3)[A] and [B] by more than \$1,000 (*i.e.*, \$4,251 or more in aggregate fees for individual debtor cases), must be served on the debtor, the chapter 13 trustee

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and the Master Mailing Matrix in accordance with Rule 2002(a)(6), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

(i) Applications in Chapter 7 Cases.

- (1) Final applications for professional fees in chapter 7 cases must be filed and transmitted to the United States trustee not later than seven (7) days after the Trustee's Final Report Before Distribution is transmitted to the United States trustee.
- (2) The provisions of paragraph (c)(3) notwithstanding, the final application may include an estimate for services to be rendered by the professional in connection with closing out the estate; provided, however, that:
 - [A] the applicant must file with the court, serve on the trustee, and transmit to the United States trustee, a statement of the actual fees incurred; and
 - [B] no allowance for fees for professional services rendered after the date the final application is filed in excess of \$500.00 will be allowed without substantiation as provided in paragraph (c)(3).
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision in these <u>rulesRules</u>, in the event of an objection to the Trustee's Final Report Before Distribution, other than an objection to the fee application, the court may allow payment of fees in an amount greater than the amount set forth in the Trustee's Final Report Before Distribution.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 326	Limitation on Compensation of Trustee
11 U.S.C. § 327	Employment of Professional Persons
11 U.S.C. § 328	Limitation on Compensation of Professional Persons
11 U.S.C. § 329	Debtor's Transactions with Attorneys
11 U.S.C. § 330	Compensation of Officers
11 U.S.C. § 331	Interim Compensation
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1006(b)(3)	Filing Fee — Postponement of Attorney's Fees
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(a)	Twenty-Day Notices to Parties in Interest
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2013	Public Record of Compensation of Trustees, Examiners, and
	Professionals
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2014	Employment of Professional Persons
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2016	Compensation for Services Rendered and Reimbursement of
	Expenses
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2017	Examination of Debtor's Transactions with Debtor's Attorney
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9034	Transmittal of Pleadings, Motion Papers, Objections, and Other-
	Papers to the United States Trustee
AK LBR 2002-1	Notices
AK LBR 2016-2	Compensation of Debtor, Officers, Directors, Shareholders,
	Partners, Managers and Members
AK LBR 2016-3	General Administrative Expenses
AK LBF 7	Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request
AK LBF 15	Notice of Time for Filing Objection to Application for Fees
AK LBF 16	Notice of Application to Employ Creditor Attorney/Accountant by
	Debtor in Possession

Rule 2016-2 Compensation of Debtor, Officers, Directors, Shareholders, Partners

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- (a) General. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, except in accordance with the provisions of this rule, if the trustee or debtor-in-possession is operating a business, no compensation may be paid by the debtor or by any entity owned or controlled by the debtor, to any of the following from the date of the order of relief until the confirmation of the plan:

 (1) the debtor, if the debtor is an individual;
 - (2) a partner, if the debtor is a partnership;
 - (3) an officer, stockholder, or director, if the debtor is a corporation;
 - (4) a manager or member, if the debtor is a limited liability company; or
 - (5) an individual who is—
 - [A] an insider of an individual debtor,
 - [B] an insider of a partner of a partnership debtor, or
 - [C] an insider of an officer, stockholder, or director of a corporate debtor.
- (b) **Notice of Intent to Pay Compensation**. The trustee or debtor-in-possession must give notice conforming to AK LBF 26 to:
 - (1) United States trustee;
 - (2) any committee appointed under the Code, or if no committee appointed, the five largest unsecured creditors;
 - (3) all secured creditors with claims in excess of \$50,000.00; and
 - (4) parties requesting notice.
- (c) Commencement of Compensation.
 - (1) Compensation may commence no sooner than seven (7) days after notice is given.
 - (2) If an objection is filed, the trustee or debtor-in-possession may continue compensation at the average monthly salary for the year preceding bankruptcy pending a hearing.
 - (3) The court will ordinarily schedule a hearing within fourteen (14) days of a request.
 - (4) Objections to compensation may be filed at any time.
- (d) Limitation on Compensation. The trustee or debtor-in-possession may not pay compensation in excess of that contained in the notice, unless an amended notice is filed and served in accordance with this rule.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 330	Compensation of Officers
AK LBR 2002-1	Notices-
AK LBR 9075-1	Hearings; Trials
AK LBF 7	Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request
AK LBF 26	Notice of Intent to Take Compensation Pursuant to AK LBR
	2016-2

Rule 2016-3 General Administrative Expenses

(a) General.

- (1) Any entity having unpaid administrative expenses under § 503 of the Code, other than as provided in AK LBR 2016-1 or AK LBR 2016-2, may file an application for the payment of unpaid expenses.
- (2) Applications for reimbursement of administrative expenses must:
 - [A] itemize the amounts sought and describe the goods, services, or benefits provided the estate; and
 - [B] should have copies of all invoices or statements attached to the application.

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- (b) Chapter 7 Cases. In a case under chapter 7 of the Code, applications for payment of administrative expenses may be filed at any time before completion of administration of the estate, but in any event not later than the last day set for filing objections to the Trustee's Final Report Before Distribution
- (c) **Chapter 9 and 11 Cases**. Unless otherwise provided in the Plan of Reorganization confirmed by the court or the order of confirmation, in a case under chapter 9 or 11 of the Code:
 - (1) all applications for unpaid administrative expenses must be filed and served not later than sixty (60) days after the effective date of the plan; and
 - (2) not less than thirty (30) days before the deadline for filing applications for payment of administrative expenses, the debtor in possession (or trustee, if one is appointed) must give notice to all known administrative expense claimants of the deadline for filing and application for payment in form substantially conforming to AK LBF 33.
- (d) Chapter 12 and 13 Cases. In a case under chapter 12 or 13 of the Code, applications for administrative expenses may be filed and served at any time before completion of the plan, provided that the request is filed and served within a reasonable time after the costs were incurred, goods provided or services performed.
- (e) Service. All applications for payment of administrative expenses must be:
 - (1) served on-
 - [A] the trustee, if one has been appointed,
 - [B] the debtor or debtor in possession, and
 - [C] any committee appointed under the Code; and
 - (2) transmitted to the United States trustee.
- (f) Notice.
 - (1) Applications for payment must be noticed by the applicant in accordance with AK LBR 2002-1(a).
 - (2) Applicants must keep themselves informed of the progress of administration of the estate so that:
 - [A] notice may be included in the notice of the final accounting; or
 - [B] notice can be sent within the time allowed after confirmation of a plan in a case under chapter 9 or 11.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 503	Allowance of Administrative Expenses
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(a)	Twenty-Day Notices to Parties in Interest
AK LBR 2002-1	-Notices
AK LBR 2016-1	Compensation of Trustees and Professional Fees
AK LBR 2016-2	Compensation of Debtor, Officers, Directors, Shareholders,
	Partners, Managers and Members
AK LBR 9075-1	Hearings; Trials
AK LBF 7	Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request
AK LBF 33	- Notice of Deadline to File Administrative Expenses

<u>Part III</u>

CLAIMS AND DISTRIBUTIONS TO CREDITORS AND EQUITY INTEREST HOLDERS; PLANS

Rule 3002-1 Claims

(a) Place of Conventional Filing. Proofs of claim or interest filed conventionally must be filed with the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court, Room 138, 605 West Fourth Avenue, Anchorage, Alaska 99501-2296 or at the Office of the Deputy Clerk of the United States District Court, 101 12th Avenue, Room 370, Box 1, Fairbanks, Alaska 99701.

(b) Copies to be Filed. [Abrogated.]

(c) Conformed Copies of Filed Claims. [Abrogated. See Official Form B410.]

(d(b) Claims Arising from Rejection of Executory Contracts.

- (1) Claims arising from the rejection of executory contracts must be filed on or before the last date for filing proof of claims or thirty (30) days after entry of the order authorizing rejection, whichever date is later.
- (2) Notice of the 30-day bar date must be included in the order approving rejection of an executory contract.
- (e) Claims in Chapter 7 Cases That Supersede Chapter 11 and Chapter 13 Cases. [Abrogated. See Rule 1019, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.]
- (f(c) Service of Proofs of Claim on Debtors. In all cases in which the debtor is appearing without counsel, a creditor filing a proof of claim must serve a legible, complete paper copy of the claim, including a copy of all supporting documentation, by first class mail on the debtor.

(gd) 11 U.S.C. § 506(b) Claims in Chapter 13 Cases.

- (1) A secured creditor having a claim for post-petition fees, costs or charges under § 506(b) of the Code, which claim is to be paid by the trustee under the terms of the plan, must, not later than thirty (30) days after entry of the order confirming the plan:
 - [A] file with the court an application for allowance of the claim, setting forth the amount of the post-petition fees, costs and charges claimed to be due; and
 - [B] transmit the application to the United States trustee; and
 - [C] serve it on—
 - (i) the debtor,
 - (ii) trustee,
 - (iii) the five (5) largest unsecured creditors, and
 - (iv) any creditor having or claiming to have an interest in the property securing the claim.
- (2) A party objecting to the application for allowance of post-petition fees, costs and charges may serve and file an objection within fourteen (14) days after service of the application.
- (3) If no objection is filed as specified in paragraph (g) (2), the application for allowance of post-petition fees, costs or charges will be deemed approved or allowed without further order of the court.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 501	Filing Proofs of Claim
11 U.S.C. § 502	Allowance of Claims
11 U.S.C. § 506	Determination of Secured Status
11 U.S.C. § 507	Priorities
11 U.S.C. § 509	Claims of Co-debtors

LOCAL BANKRUPTCY RULES DISTRICT OF ALASKA (12/1718)

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Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1019(2), (3)	Conversion, New Filing Periods, Claims Filed in
	Superseded Cases
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3001	Proof of Claim, General Requirements
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3002	Filing Proof of Claim or Interest
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3003	Filing Proof of Claim or Equity Security Interest in Chapter
	9 Municipality or Chapter 11 Reorganization Cases
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3004	Filing of Claims by Debtor or Trustee
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3005	Filing of Claim by Co-debtor
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3006	Withdrawal of Claims
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3007	Objections to Claims
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3008	Reconsideration of Claims
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 5005	Filing and Transmittal of Papers
AK LBR 1009-1	Amendment of Schedules and Matrix
AK LBR 3003-1	Filing Proofs of Claim in Chapter 9 and 11 Cases
AK LBR 3004-1	Filing Proofs of Claim by Debtor or Trustee
AK LBR 5001-2	Clerk's Office Location and Hours
AK LBR 5005-4	Electronic Filing
Official Form B410	Proof of Claim General Form
AK LBF 13	Notice of Objection to Claim and Notice of Hearing
	Thereon

Rule 3003-1 Proof of Claim in Chapter 9 and 11 Cases

- (a) Notice to Unscheduled Claimants or Claimants Scheduled as Disputed, Contingent, or Unliquidated. Notice of the claims bar date applicable to creditors or equity security holders whose claims or interests are scheduled as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, shall be included in the Notice of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case, Form 309E. The Clerk shall cause a copy of this Notice, which includes instructions for obtaining a proof of claim form, to be served at the inception of the case on all parties on the matrixMatrix, through the Bankruptcy Noticing Center. The claim deadline shall be set sixty (60) days after the first 341 meeting.
- (b) Claims in Chapter 9 and Chapter 11 Cases after Schedules have been Amended.
 - (1) A debtor who amends the schedules to add a claim or interest shall provide notice of such addition to the claimant or interest holder. If an amendment filed in a case to show a claim or interest as disputed, contingent, unliquidated, or reduced in amount must provide additional notice to the holder of the claim.
 - (2) The notice must be a separate document and inform the holder:
 - [A] of the need to file a proof of claim or interest if that party disagrees with the treatment of the claim in the amended schedule; and
 - [B] that if a proof of claim is not filed by the time set forth in the additional notice, the holder may lose the right to participate in the case and to participate in any distribution.
 - (3) A creditor or equity security holder affected by an amendment to the schedules may file a proof of claim or interest within forty-five (45) days from the date notice of the amendment to the schedules is served on that party or the claims bar date specified in paragraph (a)(1), whichever is later.
 - (4) If necessary, any confirmation hearing will be continued for the purpose of allowing balloting by the creditors and equity security holders affected by the amendment.

LOCAL BANKRUPTCY RULES DISTRICT OF ALASKA (12/1718)

(c) 11 U.S.C. § 506(b) Claims in Chapter 9 and 11 Cases.

- (1) An agreement between the debtor and a secured creditor having a claim under § 506(b) of the Code for the allowance of post-petition interest, fees, costs and expenses must be evidenced by a stipulation filed with the court setting forth the agreed amount to be allowed as post-petition interest, fees, costs and expenses.
- (2) [A] In the absence of an agreement between the debtor and the secured creditor, a secured creditor having a claim under § 506(b) of the Code must file an application for allowance of the claim post-petition interest, fees, costs and expenses.
 - [B] Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the application must be filed not later than sixty (60) days after notice of entry of the order confirming the plan of reorganization.
- (3) The stipulation or application for allowance of post-petition interest, fees, costs and expenses must be:
 - [A] transmitted to the United States trustee; and
 - [B] served on—
 - (i) the debtor or trustee, if one has been appointed,
 - (ii) any committee appointed in the case, and
 - (iii) any creditor having or claiming to have an interest in the property securing the claim.
- (4) A party objecting to the stipulation or application for allowance of post-petition interest, fees, costs and expenses may serve and file a written objection thereto within fourteen (14) days after service of the stipulation or application for allowance.
- (5) If no objection is filed as specified in paragraph (c)(4), the stipulation or application for allowance of post-petition fees, costs or charges will be deemed approved or allowed without further order of the court.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 501	Filing Proofs of Claim
11 U.S.C. § 502	Allowance of Claims
11 U.S.C. § 506	Determination of Secured Status
11 U.S.C. § 507	Priorities
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3001	Proof of Claim, General Requirements
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3002	Filing Proof of Claim or Interest
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3003	Filing Proof of Claim or Equity Security Interest in Chapter 9
	Municipality or Chapter 11 Reorganization Cases
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3012	Valuation of Security
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9006(f)	Additional Time After Service by Mail
AK LBR 1009-1	Amendment of Schedules and Matrix
AK LBR 3002-1	-Claims-
AK LBR 9013-1	Briefs; Memoranda
AK LBR 9075-1	Hearings; Trials

Rule 3004-1 Claim by Debtor or Trustee

- (a) A proof of claim or interest filed by a debtor under § 501 of the Code must be served on the trustee and the creditor on whose behalf the proof of claim was filed.
- (b) A proof of claim or interest filed by a trustee under § 501 of the Code must be served on the debtor and the creditor on whose behalf the proof of claim was filed.

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Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 501	Filing Proofs of Claim
	•
11 U.S.C. § 502	Allowance of Claims
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3004	Filing of Claims by Debtor or Trustee
AK LBK 3002-1	- Claims

Rule 3012-1 Valuation of Collateral

- (a) **How Raised**. The value of collateral for a secured claim may be bought before the court for determination by separate motion or as part of an objection to claim filed under Rule 3007, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
- (b) **Motion/Objection to Proof of Claim**. A motion to value collateral or an objection to a proof of claim that raises the issue of valuation must:
 - (1) state—
 - [A] value of the collateral,
 - [B] method of determining the value,
 - [C] amount of the claim, if any, that is secured,
 - [D] the date by which the opposition must be filed, and
 - [E] in case filed under chapter 13, the hearing date on the motion or objection; and
 - (2) be served on-
 - [A] each creditor having or claiming a security interest in the collateral,
 - [B] the trustee, and
 - [C] if represented by counsel, counsel for each.

(c) Opposition to Motion or Objection to Proof of Claim.

- (1) A secured creditor who disagrees with the valuation of the collateral securing the creditor's claim may:
 - [A] File an objection to the valuation, which objection must state the-
 - (i) creditor's opinion of the value of the collateral,
 - (ii) method of determining the value, and
 - (iii) amount of the claim that is secured; and
 - [B] serve the objection on-
 - (i) the debtor,
 - (ii) any other creditor having or claiming to have a security interest in the collateral,
 - (iii) the trustee, and
 - (iv) if represented by counsel, counsel for each.
- (2) The objection to the motion must be filed and served not later than twenty-one (21) days after the motion is served.
- (3) Upon receipt of the objection, if requested by the creditor, the debtor must make the collateral available for examination and appraisal.
- (4) Not later than seven (7) days after an objection to valuation has been served, the debtor must:
 - [A] File a reply either—
 - (i) accepting the creditor's valuation, or
 - (ii) controverting the creditor's objection; and
 - [B] serve the reply on-
 - (i) the objecting creditor,
 - (ii) any other creditor having or claiming to have a security interest in the collateral,
 - (iii) the trustee, and

- (iv) if represented by counsel, counsel for each.
- (5) Failure of the debtor to file a timely controverting reply under paragraph (4) will be deemed an acceptance of the creditor's valuation.
- (d) Hearing. Except as otherwise provided by these rules<u>Rules</u>, any party desiring a hearing on the motion and any opposition thereto must request a hearing by submitting a Calendar Request.

(e) Mandatory Discovery Exchange.

- (1) Unless otherwise ordered by the court or as provided by rule, in any case in which the valuation of collateral is placed at issue the parties must exchange all valuation data and appraisals not later than seven (7) days before the hearing; and
- (2) Any party refusing or failing to comply with paragraph (1) may be subjected to such sanctions as the court may deem appropriate under the circumstances, including the assessment of costs and attorney's fees and/or the exclusion of the evidentiary materials not produced.
- (f) Chapter 13 Cases. Unless otherwise ordered by the court:
 - (1) a motion to value collateral under Rule 3012, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure must be served and filed not later than the time the Plan and Notice of Confirmation Hearing Date is served; and
 - (2) the hearing thereon will be held at the same time as the hearing on confirmation of the plan.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 506	Determination of secured status
Fed. R. Bank. P. 3007	Objections to Claims
Fed. R. Bank. P. 3012	Valuation of Security
Fed. R. Bank. P. 9014	Contested Matters
AK LBR 1020-1	Chapter 11 Small Business Cases
AK LBR 2082-1	Chapter 12 Cases
AK LBR 2083-1	Chapter 13 Cases
AK LBR 3015-1	Chapter 13 Plans
AK LBR 3015-3	Confirmation of Chapter 13 Plans
AK LBF 6A	Notice of Hearing on Confirmation of Chapter 13 Plan and Time to
	File Written Objections
AK LBF 7	Calendar Request

Rule 3015-1 Chapter 13 Plans

- (a) **Format**. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, a chapter 13 plan must conform to AK LBF 5 and include the plan, disposable income, and liquidation analyses, and schedule of direct payments to creditors attached to AK LBF 5.
- (b) Contents.
 - (1) The Alaska Permanent Fund Dividend is to be included in paragraph 2(b) of AK LBF 5 and may not be included in the regular periodic payments provided in paragraph 2(a).
 - (2) Payments to all secured creditors whose claims are not modified and provided for in paragraph 3(e) of AK LBF 5, other than payments to the holders of residential mortgages, must be included in paragraph 3(f) of AK LBF 5.
 - (3) Paragraph (3)(h) of AK LBF 5 may be modified to provide separate classes of unsecured claims to the extent provided by § 1322(b)(1) of the Code.

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- (4) The following matters may not be accomplished through a chapter 13 plan:
 - [A] lien avoidance;
 - [B] objections to claims;
 - [C] determination of the dischargeability of debts;
 - [D] valuation of collateral; and
 - [E] reduction of interest rates.
- (c) Dismissal/Conversion. [Abrogated.]

(d) Service of Plan. [Abrogated.]

(e(c) **Payroll Deduction**. Following a default of two (2) monthly payments, all future wage earner debtor chapter 13 plan payments will be by payroll deduction.

(fd) Reporting Income/Expenses.

- (1) Schedules of income and expenses, and required periodic financial reports, if any, must clearly delineate the source and amount of gross receipts and projected expenditures.
- (2) Expenses incident to the production of any non-wage income must be accurately set forth.
- (ge) **Certification**. The plan must be signed by the debtor and debtor's attorney, if represented by counsel, which signatures constitute certification that the plan complies with the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and this rule.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 1322	Contents of Plan
11 U.S.C. § 1324	Confirmation Hearing
11 U.S.C. § 1325	Confirmation of Chapter 13 plan
11 U.S.C. § 1326	Payments
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(b)	Lists, Schedules and Statements; Time Limits - Schedules and
	Statements Required
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002	- Notices-
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3007	Objections to Claims
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3015	Filing, Objection to Confirmation, and Modification of a Plan in a
	Chapter 12 Family Farmer's Debt Adjustment or a Chapter 13
	Individual's Debt Adjustment Case
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7001	Adversary Proceedings
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9014	Contested Matters
AK LBR 2003-1	— Meeting of Creditors—
AK LBR 2083-1	Chapter 13 Cases
AK LBR 3015-2	Confirmation of Chapter 13 Plans
AK LBR 3015-3	Objections to Valuation
AK LBR 5005-2	Number of Copies
AK LBF 5	<u>Chapter 13 Plan (w/ Plan Analysis)</u>
AK LBF 19	Notice of Time for Filing Objections to Application for Extension of
	Time to File Chapter 13 (11) Plan

Rule 3015-2 Amendment of Chapter 13 Plans

- (a) The proposed plan may be amended:
 - (1) as a matter of course without leave of court at any time prior to the first date set for the confirmation hearing; or

- (2) at or after the first confirmation hearing if the plan is not confirmed.
- (b) Any amendment prior to confirmation must be in the form of an amended plan.
 - (1) [A] If the amendment does not adversely affect any other party in interest, the court may confirm the plan as amended without further notice or a hearing to those unaffected parties.
 - [B] If the amendment would adversely affect another party in interest, the plan as amended must be mailed to each adversely affected party with a notice providing twenty-eight (28) days to object to the amendment.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 1323	Modification of plan before confirmation
11 U.S.C. § 1329	Modification of plan after confirmation
Fed. R. Bank. P. 2002	Notices to Creditors, Equity Security Holders, United States, and
	United States Trustees
AK LBR 3015-1	Chapter 13 Plans
AK LBR 3015-3	Confirmation of Chapter 13 Plans
AK LBF 6B	Notice of Date to File Objections to Amended Plan

Rule 3015-3 Confirmation of Chapter 13 Plans

- (a) **Applicability of Rule**. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, in all chapter 13 cases the plan confirmation process will conform to this rule.
- (b) Service of the Plan and Notice.
 - (1) The debtor must mail the chapter 13 plan, plan analysis, Notice of Date to File Objections, and Notice of Confirmation Hearing Date to creditors not later than twentyeight (28) days after:
 - [A] the date the petition is filed in a case commenced as a case under chapter 13 of the Code; or
 - [B] the date of the order converting the case in a case converted to chapter 13 from another chapter of the Code.
 - (2) The trustee may lodge a dismissal order if the plan is not timely noticed to creditors.

(c) Objections to Confirmation.

- (1) Any objection to the confirmation of the plan must be:
 - [A] in writing;
 - [B] filed not later than twenty-one (21) days after-
 - (i) the first date set for the meeting of creditors under § 341(a) of the Code in a case commenced under chapter 13 of the Code; or
 - (ii) the first date set for the meeting of creditors under § 341(a) of the Code following conversion in a case converted to a case under chapter 13 from another chapter of the Code;
 - [C] transmitted to the U.S. trustee; and
 - [D] served on-
 - (i) the trustee,
 - (ii) debtor, and
 - (iii) debtor's attorney.
- (2) [A] An objection to confirmation must set forth with specificity the grounds for objection, identifying those provisions of §§ 1322 or 1325 of the Code with which the plan does not comply.

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- [B] An objection that does not comply with the requirements of subparagraph (2)[A] may be disregarded by the court.
- (3) If a party filing an objection to confirmation does not appear at the confirmation hearing, the court may deem the objection as having been withdrawn.
- (d) **Trustee's Recommendation**. The trustee must file a recommendation on plan confirmation:
 - (1) not later than twenty-eight (28) days after—
 - [A] (i) the first date set for the meeting of creditors under § 341(a) of the Code in a case commenced under chapter 13 of the Code, or
 - (ii) the first date set for the meeting of creditors under § 341(a) of the Code following conversion in a case converted to a case under chapter 13 from another chapter of the Code;
 - (2) serve the recommendation on-
 - [A] the debtor,
 - [B] debtor's counsel,
 - [C] the holder of any domestic support obligation, and
 - [D] any party having filed an objection; and
 - (3) if the trustee recommends confirmation and no objection has been timely filed, the trustee must lodge a proposed order confirming the plan.

(e) Response to Objection to Plan or Trustee's Recommendation.

- (1) In the event that an objection to the plan is timely filed under subsection (c) or the trustee files a recommendation that the plan not be confirmed, the debtor must:
 - [A] (i) file an amended plan, and
 - (ii) serve the amended plan, together with notice of the time to object, on the trustee and all objecting parties; or
 - [B] (i) file a response to the objection or trustee's recommendation, and
 (ii) serve the response on the trustee and all objecting parties;
- (2) The debtor must serve and file the amended plan or response not later than thirty-five (35) days after—
 - [A] the first date set for the meeting of creditors under § 341(a) of the Code in a case commenced under chapter 13 of the Code; or
 - [B] the first date set for the meeting of creditors under § 341(a) of the Code following conversion in a case converted to a case under chapter 13 from another chapter of the Code.
- (3) The trustee may lodge a dismissal order if the debtor does not timely file an amended plan or response as provided in paragraph (e)(1).

(f) Domestic Support Obligation Certification.

- (1) In the event that no objection to confirmation is timely served and filed and the trustee recommends that the plan be confirmed, not later than seven (7) days after the trustee's recommendation is served and filed, the debtor must:
 - [A] file a certification under penalty of perjury that—
 - (i) all domestic support payments coming due since the date the petition was filed have been paid, and
 - (ii) if any domestic support payment will come due within the next immediately following fourteen (14) days, that debtor expects to have sufficient funds and will make that payment on or before its due date;
 - [B] transmit the certification to the U.S. trustee; and
 - [C] serve the certification on-

- (i) the trustee, and
- (ii) the holder(s) of any domestic support claim(s).
- (2) If the debtor fails to serve and file the certification as provided in paragraph (1), the debtor must:
 - [A] at the confirmation hearing provide evidence that all domestic support payments coming due since the petition was filed have been paid; or
 - [B] show cause why the case should not be dismissed.

(g) Confirmation Hearing.

- (1) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the confirmation hearing will be set automatically by the court without request.
- (2) Upon the request of the debtor, U.S. trustee, trustee, or a creditor who has filed an objection to the plan or amended plan, for good cause shown, the court may continue the confirmation hearing for a period of not more than thirty (30) days.
- (3) Matters ancillary to confirmation are to be filed, served, scheduled and noticed as provided in AK LBR 2083-1.
- (h) **Confirmation Without a Hearing**. The chapter 13 plan or amended plan may be confirmed without a hearing if:
 - (1) [A] no objection to the plan or amended plan is timely filed,
 - [B] the trustee recommends confirmation, and
 - [C] the debtor files the certification provided in paragraph (f)(1);
 - (2) [A] any timely filed objection to the plan or amended plan is withdrawn, and [B] the trustee recommends confirmation; or
 - (3) upon the stipulation of the debtor, trustee and any interested party who has filed an objection to the plan or amended plan.

Related Provisions: 11 U.S.C. § 506 Determination of secured status 11 U.S.C. § 1307 Conversion or dismissal 11 U.S.C. § 1321 Filing of plan Contents of plan 11 U.S.C. § 1322 Confirmation hearing 11 U.S.C. § 1324 11 U.S.C. § 1325 Confirmation of plan Revocation of an order of confirmation 11 U.S.C. § 1330 Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002 Notices Filing Proof of Claim or Interest Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3002 Objections to Claims Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3007 Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3012 Valuation of Security Filing, Objection to Confirmation, and Modification of a Plan in a Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3015 Chapter 12 Family Farmer's Debt Adjustment or a Chapter 13 Individual's Debt Adjustment Case Contested Matters Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9014 Chapter 13 Cases AK LBR 2083-1 Valuation of Collateral AK LBR 3012-1 Chapter 13 Plans AK LBR 3015-1 Amendment of Chapter 13 Plans AK LBR 3015-2 AK LBR 3070-1 Rule 3015-4 Payments by Chapter 13 Trustee Debtor AK LBR 5005-2 Number of Copies 33 LOCAL BANKRUPTCY RULES DISTRICT OF ALASKA (12/1718)

AK LBF 5	<u> Chapter 13 Plan (w/ Plan Analysis)</u>
AK LBF 6A	Notice of Hearing on Confirmation of Chapter 13 Plan and Time to
	File Written Objections
AK LBF 7	Calendar Request

Rule 3015-4 Scheduling Hearings in Chapter 13 Cases

- (a) **Scheduling Hearings**. The parties should, to the extent practicable, move, notice and submit a calendar request for all hearings on objections to claims under Rule 3007, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, and any other miscellaneous motions in conjunction with a chapter 13 case, so that the hearings on all motions are set for the same time, date and place.
- (b(a) **Payments to Secured Creditors**. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, all payments required to be made under § 1326(a)(1)(C) of the Code on debts paid through the plan must be made to the trustee concurrently with the payment required by § 1326(a)(1)(A) of the Code.

(eb) Reporting Requirements for Payments Made Directly to Creditors.

- (1) As a separate attachment to the plan, the debtor must provide a written schedule of all existing payment obligations as defined in § 1326(a)(1)-()(B) or (C) of the Code and all domestic support payments coming due after the date the petition was filed.
- (2) On or before the third business day of each month, the debtor must provide the trustee with a certification of payments made directly by the debtor(s) during the preceding month:
 - [A] in the form substantially similar to AK LBF 5B; and
 - [B] having attached a copy of the receipt received from the creditor or, if no receipt was received, a photocopy of the check or other instrument used to make the payment.

11 U.S.C. § 521	Debtor's duties
11 U.S.C. § 341	— Meeting of Creditors—
11 U.S.C. § 343	Examination of Debtor
11 U.S.C. § 1307	Conversion or dismissal
11 U.S.C. § 1326	
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2015(c)	Chapter 13 Trustee and Debtor
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3007	Objections to Claims
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3102	Valuation of Security
AK LBR 2003-1	— Meeting of Creditors
AK LBR 2015-2	Monthly Financial Reporting Requirements
AK LBR 3012-1	- Valuation of Collateral
AK LBR 3015-1	Chapter 13 Plans
AK LBR 3015-3	Confirmation of Chapter 13 Plans
AK LBR 3070-1	Payments by Chapter 13 Trustee
AK LBF 5B	Certification of Payments Made Directly to Creditors/Lessors
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Rule 3015-5 Payments by Chapter 13 Trustee

(a) Payments by Trustee.

Related Provisions:

(1) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, upon notice and hearing, for good cause shown, or as otherwise provided by rule, the trustee will commence payments under the plan not
later than the last business day of the month following the later of the entry of the order confirming the plan or the last day for filing a proof of claim by a governmental unit.

- (2) Unless otherwise provided in the plan or the order confirming the plan, the trustee will make distributions under the confirmed plan not later than the last business day of each month.
- (3) Prior to confirmation of the plan, the trustee will disburse any payment as defined in § 1326(a)(1)(B) or (C) of the Bankruptcy Code to the creditor entitled to such payment not later than the last business day of each month.

(b) Effect of Payments.

- (1) Notwithstanding any other provision in the contract between the debtor and any creditor, payments by the debtor that are made timely to the trustee as provided in the plan or by otherwise applicable law or rule and timely distributed by the trustee are conclusively presumed to have been made timely for all purposes.
- (2) If the debtor timely pays the amount of the allowed claim for any arrearage as provided in Paragraph 2(d) of the plan, while making all required postpetition payments, the mortgage or secured loan agreement will be reinstated according to its original terms, extinguishing any right of the lender to recover any amount alleged to have arisen prior to the filing of the petition.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 1326	Payments
AK LBR 2083-1	Chapter 13 Cases

Rule 3015-6 Chapter 12 Cases

- (a) Plan.
 - (1) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, a chapter 12 plan should substantially conform to AK LBF 5 and include the plan and liquidation analyses attached to AK LBF 5.
 - (2) [A] The Alaska Permanent Fund Dividend is to be included in paragraph 1(b) of AK LBF 5 and may not be included in the regular periodic payments provided in paragraph 1(a).
 - [B] Paragraph (2)(e) of AK LBF 5 may be modified to provide separate classes of unsecured claims to the extent provided by § 1222(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code.
 - [C] The following matters may not be accomplished simply by inclusion in a chapter 12 plan:
 - (i) lien avoidance;
 - (ii) objections to claims;
 - (iii) determination of the dischargeability of debts; and
 - (iv) valuation of collateral.
 - (3) The plan must be signed by the debtor and, if represented by counsel, debtor's attorney, which signatures constitute certification that the plan complies with the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and this rule.

(b) Reporting Income/Expenses.

- (1) Schedules of income and expenses, and required periodic financial reports, if any, must clearly delineate the source and amount of gross receipts and projected expenditures.
- (2) Expenses incident to the production of any non-wage income must be accurately set forth.

- (c) **Motions to Value Collateral**. Motions to value collateral under Rule 3012, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, must be filed not later than the later of:
 - (1) Twenty-one (21) days after the conclusion of the meeting of creditors held under § 341 of the Code; or
 - (2) Sixty (60) days after the petition is filed.
- (d) Scheduling Hearings. The debtor should, to the extent practicable, move, notice and submit a calendar request for all hearings on objections to claims under Rule 3007, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, valuations of collateral under Rule 3012, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, and any other miscellaneous motions in conjunction with a chapter 12 case, so that the hearings on all motions are set for the same time, date and place.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 341	Meetings of creditors and equity security holders
11 U.S.C. § 506	Determination of secured status
11 U.S.C. § 1221	——————————————————————————————————————
11 U.S.C. § 1222	Contents of plan-
11 U.S.C. § 1224	Confirmation hearing
11 11 9 0 8 1225	Confirmation of plan
++ 0.3.6. 9 +220	

Rule 3016-1 Status Conferences in Chapter 11 Cases

(a) Scheduling.

- (1) [A] The court may, upon its own motion or upon request by a party in interest, set a case for a status and scheduling conference.
 - [B] Unless set by the court on its own motion or requested by the debtor, the status conference will ordinarily not be scheduled less than forty-five (45) days after the order for relief is entered.
- (2) Any party in interest or the United States trustee may request the court set a status and scheduling conference by submitting a Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request form (AK LBF 7).

(b) Notice.

- (1) Notice of the status and scheduling conference hearing must be given to all parties in interest not less than fourteen (14) days prior to the conference date.
- (2) Unless otherwise ordered by the court:
 - [A] if the status and scheduling conference is made at the request of a party in interest, the party requesting the status and scheduling conference must provide the required notice; and
 - [B] status and scheduling conferences set by the court on its own motion will be noticed by the debtor in possession (or trustee, if one has been appointed).

(c) Conference Statement.

- (1) Not less than seven (7) days before the date set for the status and scheduling conference, the debtor in possession (or trustee, if one is appointed) must file with the court a statement of the status of the case, including:
 - [A] any pending proceedings and the impact, if any, on the formulation of the plan;
 - [B] any proceedings contemplated to be initiated by the debtor in possession, including any actions to avoid preferential or fraudulent transfers, recover property of the estate, or any other proceeding materially affecting the reorganization or rehabilitation of the debtor, providing—

- (i) brief description of the proceedings,
- (ii) date by which the debtor intends to initiate the action,
- (iii) date by which it is anticipated the proceedings will be concluded, excluding any appeal time,
- (iv) the impact of the proceedings on the formulation of a plan;
- [C] any unusual or extraordinary administration problems known to or anticipated by the debtor in possession;
- [D] the date by which the debtor in possession anticipates filing a plan and its accompanying disclosure statement;
- [E] recommendation by the debtor in possession concerning scheduling and whether combining the hearing on approval of the disclosure statement with the plan confirmation hearing is appropriate; and
- [F] such other information as the debtor in possession may deem appropriate and necessary to setting a schedule for matters to be brought before the court.
- (2) The status report must be transmitted to the United States trustee and served on any committee appointed under the Code.
- (3) Not less than three (3) business days before the date scheduled for the status and scheduling conference, any party in interest, including the United States trustee, may file with the court and serve on the debtor in possession (or trustee, if one has been appointed) and transmit to the United States trustee, a written statement covering those matters provided for in paragraph (c)(1).
- (d) **Conference**. At the status and scheduling conference, the court may:
 - (1) set the date by which the debtor (or trustee, if one has been appointed) must accept or reject an executory contract or unexpired lease;
 - (2) set the date by which the debtor (or trustee, if one has been appointed) must file a plan and disclosure statement;
 - (3) set the date by which a party in interest, other than the debtor, may file a plan and disclosure statement;
 - (4) set the date by which the debtor (or trustee, if one has been appointed) will solicit acceptances of the plan;
 - (5) fix the notice to be provided regarding the hearing on approval of the disclosure statement;
 - (6) provide that the hearing on approval of the disclosure statement may be combined with the hearing on confirmation of the plan;
 - (7) direct that a particular format of plan or disclosure statement must be used or provide for any deviation from the requirements of the <u>rulesFederal or Local Rules</u>;
 - (8) set the claims bar date;
 - (9) set the date by which the debtor (or trustee, if one has been appointed) and/or any interested party must file objections to claims filed;
 - (10) set the date by which the debtor (or trustee, if one has been appointed) must file any actions to avoid transfers or recover property of the estate; or
 - (11) enter any other order relating to the efficient, economical and expeditious administration of the bankruptcy estate as the court may deem necessary or appropriate in the case.

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Related Provisions:

 11 U.S.C. § 105
 Power of Court

 Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9006(a)
 Time — Computation

 AK LBF 7
 Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request

Rule 3016-2 Chapter 11 Disclosure Statement

- (a) **Table of Contents**. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, a disclosure statement must contain a table of contents, with appropriate page numbers, that fully lists the headings and subheadings set forth in subsection (b).
- (b) **Content**. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or as provided in AK LBR 3017-2, the disclosure statement must include information covering the following topics, when applicable:
 - (1) Short history of the business activities of the debtor covering the five-year period preceding the petition filing date, or such shorter period as the debtor has been operating its business.
 - (2) General nature of the business transacted and to be transacted by the debtor.
 - (3) A complete description of equity interests,
 - including:
 - [A] number and classes of shares;
 - [B] description of the voting rights and other properties or attributes of the stock; and [C] any outstanding options.
 - (4) Names and addresses of all persons owning more than five percent (5%) of any equity interest and the percentage so held.
 - (5) For all debtors, a listing of affiliate entities and their relationships to the debtor.
 - (6) Complete description of the business, including:
 - [A] competitive conditions in the industry and debtor's competitive condition;
 - [B] principal product(s) and/or services;
 - [C] current backlog of business (*e.g.* current orders for products or services or current uncompleted contracts to provide products or services) and comparable figures for the same time during each of the two (2) years preceding the date the plan is filed;
 - [D] (i) if a manufacturing or fabricating business, source and availability of raw materials, or
 - (ii) if a retail or wholesale business, source and availability of goods or product sold in the ordinary course of business;
 - [E] existence and significance of any patents, trademarks, licenses, franchises and concessions;
 - [F] nature, scope and importance of any research and development activities;
 - [G] number of persons employed by category (e.g., executive officers, supervisory personnel, production personnel, sales personnel);
 - [H] seasonal nature of business;
 - [I] description of any foreign operations; and
 - [J] governmental regulatoryagencies having jurisdiction over debtor's operations, including the nature of the regulatory supervision and any problems encountered or anticipated.
 - (7) Description of any pending and anticipated legal or administrative proceedings.

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- (8) Description of securities to be issued, if any, and consideration to be received in connection with the issuance.
- (9) Information regarding officers and directors of a corporation, general partners of a partnership, or managers of a limited liability company to be continued in office upon confirmation of the plan, including:
 - [A] name and position held;
 - [B] familial relationship, if any, to:
 - (i) other officers,
 - (ii) directors,
 - (iii) general partners, or
 - (iv) managers;
 - [C] complete disclosure of all remuneration, including salaries, bonuses, fringe benefits, and stock options; and
 - [D] whether or not each individual is an "insider."
- (10) Financial information that accurately sets forth:
 - [A] summaries of tax returns for the three (3) tax years preceding the date the plan is filed;
 - [B] current balance sheet, including all appropriate footnotes and assumptions;
 - [C] projected balance sheet applicable upon confirmation of the plan, including all appropriate footnotes and assumptions;
 - [D] income statements accurately reflecting debtor's income and expenses since the fiscal year of the debtor's last tax return until two (2) months prior to the filing of the disclosure statement;
 - [E] income/expense and cash flow projections of operations over the term of the payment to unsecured creditors or five (5) years, whichever is less, including all assumptions underlying those projections;
 - [F] a schedule of payments to be made towards obligations undertaken by the debtor as part of the plan;
 - [G] a description of the debtor's working capital position and any changes thereto expected to occur within the first twelve (12) months of the plan;
 - [H] brief explanation of the tax consequences, if any, of plan confirmation;
 - [I] if applicable, income and expense information for each profit center, line of business and class of similar products or services;
 - [J] attorney and professional fees for debtor and all payments made or expected to be made for services in connection with the case or plan;
 - [K] if the plan calls for the liquidation of real or personal property in conjunction with the plan, current values of the property to be liquidated;
 - [L] source of financial information in paragraphs [A]-[K] hereof and the qualifications of the source;
 - [M] a list, by the classes established in the plan and alphabetically within each class, of all claims and interests for which proofs of claim have been filed or deemed filed in the case that are allowed or deemed allowed, that includes:(i) the name of the holder of each claim or interest, and
 - (ii) the claimed or deemed allowed amount of each claim or interest;
 - [N] a list of all disputed, contingent and unliquidated claims for which the claimants have filed proofs of claim and a discussion of the impact, if any, the allowance of these claims will have on the plan, debtor and other parties in interest; and

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- [O] a liquidation analysis with a specific description of all assumptions underlying the analysis.
- (11) Description of the plan, how it is to be implemented and its effect on all classes of creditors and equity interests.
- (12) Description of management to be retained and compensation to be paid, including as a minimum:
 - [A] for corporations-
 - (i) the chief executive officer,
 - (ii) chief operating officer,
 - (iii) chief financial officer, and
 - (iv) general managers of any facility, division or department;
 - [B] for limited partnerships-
 - (i) the general partners, and
 - (ii) any general manager of any facility, division or department;
 - [C] for general partnerships-
 - (i) the managing partner or members of any management committee, and
 - (ii) general managers of any facility, division or department;
 - [D] for limited liability companies, any manager or member; and
 - [E] for individuals, the debtor and any person holding a position comparable to the chief executive officer, chief operating officer, chief financial officer or general manager of a corporate entity.
- (13) Any dividends, draws or other payments, other than as compensation as set forth in paragraph (b)(9) or reimbursement of expenses incurred in the ordinary course of debtor's business, contemplated to be made to, or for the benefit of, equity security holders, partners, members, or individual debtors.
- (14) Transactions with insiders and potential conflicts of interest involving each member of management for which disclosure is made under paragraph (b)(12), and of every shareholder, partner or member holding more than a ten percent (10%) equity or profits interest in debtor, including:
 - [A] full particulars of the nature and extent of the interest of those persons in any property acquired other than in the ordinary course of business of the debtor within two years preceding the filing of the petition;
 - [B] description of management contracts and any contracts made other than in the ordinary course of business with those persons;
 - [C] loans made to or obligations incurred by such persons;
 - [D] any guarantees of indebtedness by or for those persons; and
 - [E] transactions with those persons that are necessary to, or contemplated by, the plan.
- (15) Information concerning changes occurring within the twelve (12) months preceding the disclosure statement affecting revenue and expenses, including:
 - [A] product mix;
 - [B] added, discontinued or significantly modified operations;
 - [C] advertising, research, development, product introduction or deletion, or other discretionary costs;
 - [D] acquisition or disposition of any material asset other than in the ordinary course of business;
 - [E] material extraordinary charges or gains, including charges associated with any

discontinuation of operations; and

[F] material changes in assumed investment return.

- (16) Information concerning changes expected to occur within the first twelve (12) months of the plan affecting revenue and/or expenses, including any closing of a facility, branch or other material interruption, completion of a material contract, or any event that will materially reduce or increase revenues in subsequent periods (as used herein, "materially" means a change often (10) or more percentage points).
- (17) Other information, including:
 - [A] extraordinary risk factors;
 - [B] nondischargeable debts (individuals only);
 - [C] effect of plan on retiree benefits, if any;
 - [D] brief explanation of the cause of debtor's financial difficulties and the reason(s) those difficulties are not expected to recur during the life of the plan;
 - [E] vote required for acceptance of the plan; and
 - [F] disposition of equity interests in corporate, partnership, or limited liability company debtors.
- (c) **Individual Debtor**. In a case in which the debtor is an individual, in addition to information required by subsection (b), the debtor must provide a computation of debtor's disposable income determined as provided in § 1325(b)(2) of the Code, itemized to show how the amount is calculated.
- (d) **Consultation with United States Trustee**. Unless waived by the United States trustee, not less than seven (7) days before the plan and disclosure statement are filed, counsel for the proponent or the proponent will consult with the United States trustee regarding the proper formulation of a plan and disclosure statement.

Related Provisions:	
11 U.S.C. § 1123	Contents of plan
11 U.S.C. § 1125	Postpetition disclosure and solicitation
11 U.S.C. § 1325	Confirmation of plan
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002	-Notices
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3016	Filing of Plan and Disclosure Statement in Chapter 9 Municipality
	and Chapter 11 Reorganization Cases
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3017	Court Consideration of Disclosure Statement in Chapter 9
	Municipality and Chapter 11 Reorganization Cases
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3017.1	Court Consideration of Disclosure Statement in a Small Business
	Case
AK LBR 3016-2	Chapter 11 Plans
AK LBR 3017-1	Hearing on Chapter 11 Disclosure Statement
AK LBR 3017-2	Disclosure Statements in Small Business Cases
AK LBR 5001-2	Clerk's Office Location and Hours
AK LBR 5005-2	Number of Copies
AK LBR 9001-1	Meaning of Words and Phrases

Rule 3016-3 Chapter 11 Plan

(a) **Table of Contents**. A plan must contain a table of contents that appropriately lists the headings and subheadings of the plan with page numbers.

- (b) **Substantial Consummation**. A chapter 11 plan of reorganization must clearly set forth what events or acts the plan proponent considers constitutes substantial consummation of the plan, as defined in § 1101(2) of the Code.
- (c) Liquidating Plans. If the plan provides for liquidation of property of the estate, it must:
 - (1) set forth the date certain by which liquidation must occur and provide for an alternative if liquidation does not occur by the date so set; and
 - (2) if the debtor is an individual, indicate whether the debtor will engage in business after consummation of the plan.
- (d) **Notes**. If the plan calls for definite payments to unsecured creditors over time, contain a provision calling for the issuance of promissory notes or individualized statements memorializing the amount of the claims and the payments due over the life of the plan.

Delated	Provisions.
Related	Provisions.

11 U.S.C. § 1101	Definitions for this Chapter [11]
11 U.S.C. § 1121	Who May file a Plan
11 U.S.C. § 1122	Classification of Claims or Interests
11 U.S.C. § 1123	Contents of Plan
11 U.S.C. § 1124	Impairment of Claims or Interests
11 U.S.C. § 1141	Effect of Confirmation
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3016	Filing of Plan and Disclosure Statement in Chapter 9 Municipality
	and Chapter 11 Reorganization Cases
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3021	Distribution Under Plan
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4004(a)	Time for Objecting to Discharge; Notice of Time Fixed
AK LBR 3016-1	Chapter 11 Disclosure Statements
AK LBR 3019-1	Modification of Chapter 11 Plan
AK LBR 3020-1	Chapter 11 Confirmation Hearing
AK LBR 5001-2	Clerk's Office Location and Hours
AK LBR 5005-2	Number of Copies

Rule 3017-1 Hearing on Chapter 11 Disclosure Statement

- (a) **Request for Hearing**. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or as provided in AK LBR 3017-2, the proponent of the proposed plan must:
 - (1) within seven (7) days after filing the proposed plan and disclosure statement file a calendar request with the court requesting a hearing date on the disclosure statement; and
 - (2) when a hearing date has been set by the court, forthwith prepare and submit to the court for signature an Order and Notice for Hearing on Disclosure Statement complying with the appropriate Official Form.
- (b) **Notice of Hearing**. The proponent of the proposed plan must:
 - (1) serve a copy of the Order and Notice for Hearing on Disclosure Statement (using the appropriate Official Form) on the <u>master mailing listMaster Mailing List</u> in the time ordered by the court, but in any event, not less than twenty-eight (28) days prior to the last day to object to approval of the disclosure statement; and
 - (2) file an affidavit of service of the Order and Notice for Hearing on Disclosure Statement.

(c) Objections to Disclosure Statement.

- (1) Objections to the disclosure statement must be filed and served on the proponent of the disclosure statement and transmitted to the United States trustee not less than seven (7) days prior to the hearing on approval of the statement.
- (2) Grounds for objection must be:
 - [A] addressed to the adequacy of the disclosure statement only; and
 - [B] stated with specificity.

Related Provisions:

Postpetition Disclosure and Solicitation
Twenty-eight Day Notices to Parties in Interest
Filing of Plan and Disclosure Statement in Chapter 9 Municipality
and Chapter 11 Reorganization Cases
Court Consideration of Disclosure Statement in Chapter 9
Municipality and Chapter 11 Reorganization Cases
Court Consideration of Disclosure Statement in a Small Business
Case
Filing and Transmittal of Papers
Time — Computation
Motions: Form and Service
Chapter 11 Small Business Cases
Chapter 11 Disclosure Statements
Disclosure Statements in Small Business Cases
Chapter 11 Confirmation Hearing
Clerk's Office Location and Hours
Electronic Filing
Briefs; Memoranda
Hearings; Trials
Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request

Rule 3017-2 Disclosure Statements in Small Business Cases

- (a) Content. In a case that is a "small business case" as defined in § 101(51C) of the Code, the following provisions of AK LBR 3016-1 apply to the disclosure statement or, in a case to which subsection (d) applies, the plan:
 - (1) paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (6)[C], (6)[E], (6)[I], (6)[J], (7), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), and (17) of subsection (c);
 - (2) subsection (d); and
 - (3) subsection (e).
- (b) Transmittal to U.S. Trustee. Concurrent with the filing, except as provided in subsection (e), the proponent of a plan must transmit a copy of the proposed disclosure statement and plan to the U.S. trustee.

(c) Conditional Approval by the Court.

- (1) Within fourteen (14) days after the disclosure statement is filed and transmitted, the United States trustee must file with the court and serve on the party filing the disclosure statement a statement signifying that the United States trustee has:
 - [A] reviewed the disclosure statement; and
 - [B] finds that the disclosure statement either-

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- (i) provides adequate information as required by § 1125 of the Code, or
- (ii) does not contain adequate information as required by § 1125, briefly delineating those areas that, in the opinion of the United States trustee, are deficient.
- (2) If the United States trustee objects to the adequacy of the disclosure statement or the court finds the disclosure statement inadequate, the court will schedule a hearing on the disclosure statement with counsel for the proponent and the United States trustee to discuss the perceived deficiencies.
- (3) If the United States trustee signifies that the disclosure statement provides adequate information, the court may conditionally approve the disclosure statement without further hearing.

(d) Objections to Conditionally Approved Disclosures Statements.

- (1) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, objections to a conditionally approved disclosure statement must be filed and served on the proponent of the disclosure statement and transmitted to the United States trustee not less than seven (7) days prior to the hearing on the confirmation of the plan.
- (2) Grounds for objection must be:
 - [A] addressed to the adequacy of the disclosure statement only; and
 - [B] stated with specificity.
- (3) If no timely objection is filed to the conditionally approved disclosure statement, the conditional approval is final.
- (4) Any objections to the conditionally approved disclosure statement will be heard at the time and date set for the hearing on the confirmation of the plan immediately prior to the confirmation hearing.
- (e) **Waiver of Disclosure Statement.** A determination that a plan provides sufficient information and a separate disclosure statement is not required will be made upon written motion under Rule 9013, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
 - (1) The proponent of the plan must transmit the motion and a copy of the proposed plan to the United States trustee.
 - (2) Unless otherwise ordered by the court:
 - [A] subsection (c) applies to motions to waive a separate disclosure statement; and
 - [B] subsection (d) applies to a plan to which the motion to waive a separate disclosure statement has been granted and the court has conditionally approved the disclosures made as adequate.
- (f) Objections to Claims, Valuation and Claims Estimation. In small business cases:
 - (1) [A] Objections to claims under Rule 3007, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure must be filed not later than thirty-five (35) days after the claims bar date.
 - [B] Absent good cause shown, objections to claims must be scheduled for hearing at or before the confirmation hearing.
 - (2) Requests for valuation of security under Rule 3012, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and estimation of contingent and unliquidated claims under §502(c) of the Code must:
 - [A] be served and filed not less than thirty-five (35) days prior to the confirmation hearing; and
 - [B] unless otherwise ordered by the court, heard concurrently with the confirmation hearing.

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Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 101(51C)	<u>"small business case"</u>
11 U.S.C. § 101(51D)	<u>"small business debtor"</u>
11 U.S.C. § 1125	Postpetition Disclosure and Solicitation
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(b)	Twenty-eight Day Notices to Parties in Interest
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3016	Filing of Plan and Disclosure Statement in Chapter 9 Municipality
	and Chapter 11 Reorganization Cases
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3017	Court Consideration of Disclosure Statement in Chapter 9
	Municipality and Chapter 11 Reorganization Cases
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3017.1	Court Consideration of Disclosure Statement in a Small Business
	Case
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 5005	Filing and Transmittal of Papers
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9006(a)	Time — Computation
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9013	Motions: Form and Service
AK LBR 1020-1	Chapter 11 Small Business Cases
AK LBR 3016-1	Chapter 11 Disclosure Statement
AK LBR 3020-1	Chapter 11 Confirmation Hearing
AK LBR 5001-2	Clerk's Office Location and Hours
AK LBR 5005-4	Electronic Filing
AK LBR 9013-1	Briefs; Memoranda
AK LBR 9075-1	Hearings; Trials
AK LBF 7	Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request

Rule 3018-1 Report of Balloting

- (a) The chapter 11 plan proponent must certify to the court, the results of the balloting at least two (2) business days prior to the confirmation hearing.
- (b) The certification must state, for each class:
 - (1) whether the class is impaired or unimpaired;
 - (2) the number of holders of claims voting;
 - (3) the dollar amount of the claims voted;
 - (4) number and percentage of holders of claims accepting and rejecting; and
 - (5) the dollar amount and percentage of the claims accepting and rejecting.
- (c) The original ballots must be filed with the certification.
- (d) The certification must be transmitted to the United States trustee and served on any committee appointed under the Code.

Related Provisions:

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9006(a)	Time — Computation
AK LBR 3018-2	Acceptance or Rejection and Objections to Confirmation
AK LBR 3020-1	Chapter 11 Confirmation Hearing
AK LBR 5005-4	Electronic Filing

Rule 3018-2 Acceptance or Rejection and Objections to Chapter 11 Confirmation

(a) **Ballots**. Unless otherwise ordered, ballots accepting or rejecting the chapter 11 plan must be delivered to the plan proponent, not filed with the court, at least seven (7) days prior to the confirmation hearing.

(b) **Objections**.

- (1) Not less than seven (7) days prior to the confirmation hearing, objections to confirmation must be:
 - [A] filed with the court;
 - [B] transmitted to the United States trustee; and
 - [C] served on—
 - (i) the proponent of the plan,
 - (ii) debtor, and
 - (iii) any committee appointed under the Code.
- (2) Grounds for objection to the plan must be stated with specificity, and identify those provisions of the Code with which the objecting party contends the plan does not comply.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 1126	Acceptance of Plan
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3018	Acceptance or Rejection of Plan in a Chapter 9 Municipality or a-
	Chapter 11 Reorganization Case
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9006(a)	Time — Computation
AK LBR 3018-1	Report of Balloting
AK LBR 3020-1	Chapter 11 Confirmation Hearing

Rule 3019-1 Modification of Chapter 11 Plan

(a) Amendment/Modification Before Confirmation.

- (1) Before Approval of Disclosure Statement. The proponent of an amendment or modification to a proposed plan or disclosure statement before the disclosure statement has been approved must, concurrently with filing the amended or modified plan or disclosure statement:
 - [A] transmit a copy to the United States trustee; and
 - [B] serve a copy on-
 - (i) the debtor,
 - (ii) the trustee (if one has been appointed),
 - (iii) any committee appointed in the case, and
 - (iv) any other interested party previously provided a copy of the proposed plan and disclosure statement being amended or modified, or who has filed an objection to the proposed disclosure statement being amended or modified.
- (2) After Approval of Disclosure Statement. The proponent of an amendment or modification to a proposed plan or disclosure statement after the disclosure statement has been approved must, concurrently with filing the amended or modified plan or disclosure statement:
 - [A] transmit a copy to the United States trustee; and
 - [B] serve a copy on-
 - (i) the debtor,
 - (ii) the trustee (if one has been appointed),
 - (iii) any committee appointed in the case, and
 - (iv) any other party in interest whose treatment under the proposed plan has been amended, modified or otherwise affected by the proposed amendment or modification to the proposed plan.

- (3) Redlined Copy.
 - [A] The proponent of an amendment or modification to a proposed chapter 11 plan or disclosure statement must, concurrently with filing the amended or modified plan or disclosure statement with the court, provide a redlined, highlighted or marked up paper "chambers" copy of the amendment or modification to the law clerk to the presiding judge.
 - [B] The redlined copy must indicate all changes, amendments and modifications made to the proposed plan or disclosure statement.

(b) Modification After Confirmation.

- (1) The proponent of a modification of a confirmed plan must comply with the requirements of AK LBR 3016-1, 3016-2, 3017-1, 3017-2, 3020-1, and paragraph (a)(3) of this rule, except that the notice required by AK LBR 3020-1 will specify that the holder of a claim or interest who has accepted or rejected the plan is deemed to have accepted or rejected, as the case may be, the plan as modified, unless the holder changes the holder's previous acceptance or rejection in writing prior to the date of the confirmation hearing on the modified plan.
- (2) Compliance with AK LBR 3016-1, 3017-1, 3017-2, or 3020-1, will not be required if the court finds, after hearing on notice to the debtor, trustee (if one has been appointed), United States trustee, any committee appointed under the Code and any other entity designated by the court, that the proposed modification does not adversely change the treatment of any creditor or the interest of any equity security holder who has not accepted, in writing, the modification, in which case it will be deemed accepted by all creditors and equity security holders who have previously accepted the plan.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 1126	Acceptance of Plan
11 U.S.C. § 1127	Modification of Plan
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3018	Acceptance or Rejection of Plan in a Chapter 9 Municipality or a
	Chapter 11 Reorganization Case
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3019	Modification of Accepted Plan Before Confirmation
AK LBR 3016-1	Chapter 11 Disclosure Statements
AK LBR 3016-2	Chapter 11 Plans
AK LBR 3017-1	Hearing on Chapter 11 Disclosure Statement
AK LBR 3017-2	Disclosure Statements in Small Business Cases
AK LBR 3020-1	Chapter 11 Confirmation Hearing
AK LBR 3017-2	Disclosure Statements in Small Business Cases

Rule 3020-1 Chapter 11 Confirmation Hearing

(a) Hearing Date.

- (1) If no hearing date is set by the court at the hearing approving a disclosure statement, the proponent of the chapter 11 plan must submit a calendar request to obtain a date for the confirmation hearing promptly after entry of the order approving the disclosure statement.
- (2) Upon receiving a date for the hearing, the proponent of the plan must prepare and submit to the court for signature an order complying with the appropriate Official Form.
- (b) Service of Notice. The proponent of the plan must:

- serve a copy of the order on all parties on the <u>master mailing listMaster Mailing List</u> within the time specified in Rule 2002(b), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, together with—
 - [A] the plan or a summary of the plan as approved by the court,
 - [B] the disclosure statement approved by the court, and
 - [C] a ballot conforming to the appropriate Official Form; and
- (2) file a certificate of service of the order and other required documents.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 1128	Confirmation Hearing
11 U.S.C. § 1129	Confirmation of Plan
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(b)	Twenty-eight Day Notices to Parties in Interest
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3020	Confirmation of Plan
AK LBR 3018-1	Report of Balloting
AK LBR 3018-2	Acceptance or Rejection and Objections to Chapter 11
	Confirmation
AK LBF 7	Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request

Rule 3022-1 Postconfirmation Reports/Closing of the Case

(a) Postconfirmation Reports.

- (1) Unless the court orders otherwise, not later than thirty (30) days after the end of the calendar quarter in which the confirmation order is entered and not later than thirty (30) days after the end of each calendar quarter thereafter until entry of the final decree, unless a motion for final decree has been filed as provided in subsection (b), the proponent of the plan must file and transmit to the United States trustee a progress report on the action taken, progress made toward completion of administration of the estate, and disbursements made under the confirmed plan during the reporting period.
- (2) Each report will substantially conform to AK LBF 29.

(b) Motion for Entry of Final Decree.

- (1) Notwithstanding that the plan may not have been substantially consummated, the proponent of the plan will move the court for entry of a final decree when:
 - [A] the order of confirmation has become final;
 - [B] all fees required to be paid under 28 U.S.C. § 1930 have been paid; and
 - [C] all contested matters, adversary actions or other proceedings requiring action by the court are completed.
- (2) The motion for entry of the final decree should conform substantially to AK LBF 30.
- (c) Notice. The moving party must give twenty-one (21) days' notice of the motion for entry of final decree in the form substantially conforming to AK LBF 31 to all persons on the mastermailing list<u>Master Mailing List</u> maintained by the <u>clerkClerk of Court</u>.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 350	Closing and Reopening Cases
11 U.S.C. § 1101	— Definitions for this chapter [11]-
11 U.S.C. § 1142	Implementation of Plan
11 U.S.C. § 1143	
Fed P Bankr P 3022	Final Decree in Chapter 11 Reorganization Case
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
AN LDF 29	Postconfirmation Progress/Final Report

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AK LBF 30Motion for Entry of Final DecreeAK LBF 31Notice of Motion for Entry of Final Decree

PART IV THE DEBTOR: DUTIES AND BENEFITS

Rule 4001-1 Motions for Relief From Stay of 11 U.S.C. § 362 and Codebtor Stay of 11 U.S.C. §§ 1201 and 1301

- (a) Motion-for Relief from the Automatic Stay.
 - (1) Motions for relief from <u>the automatic stay</u> under §§ 362(d), 1201(c), or 1301(c) of the Code, must:
 - [A] be so titled;conform substantially to AK LBF 1;
 - [B] not be combined with any other motion or request for relief;
 - [C] conform to AK LBF 1, if appropriate;
 - - (i) all security agreements, financing statements, titles and other perfection documents necessary to prove the validity of <u>itsthe movant's</u> security interest or lien<u>;</u> and
 - (ii) all writings that evidence the underlying debt, including any writing necessary to prove that the <u>claimantmovant</u> is the current holder of the debt, or is otherwise entitled to enforce the debt, <u>such as a promissory note</u>; and
 - [ED] be accompanied by the <u>requisite</u> filing fee.
 - [E] A movant who has filed a proof of claim which includes the documentation described in section (a)(1)[C] above may satisfy that subsection by reference in the motion to its proof of claim.
 - (2) All applications or requests for relief under any other provision of § 362 of the Code, must be in the form of a motion and:
 - [A] contain in the title the subsection under which relief is sought;
 - [B] not be combined with any other motion or request for relief; and
 - [C] be accompanied by any required filing fee.
- (b) Service of the Motion. In addition to the entities identified in Rule 4001, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, a motion brought under §§ 362, 1201, or 1301 of the Code must be:
 (1) transmitted to the United States trustee; and
 - (1) transmitted to the United States trustee; and
 - (2) served on—
 - [A] in a case under chapter 7, 12 or 13, of the Code, both the trustee and the debtor(s););
 - [B] if the motion seeks relief from stay as to an act against property, to all entities who hold or claim an interest in the subject property, and
 - [C] if known, counsel for each entity served.-
- (c) Notice.
 - (1) ForIn cases involving termination of a stay under § 362(d) of the Code, notice of the motion must:-
 - [A] state the date on or before conform substantially to AK LBF 2, which provides, among other things, that written objectionobjections to the motion must be filed and served, which date must not be less than within fourteen (14) days following the date of service by mail of the notice;
 - [B] conform to AK LBF 2, if appropriate; and
 - [C] on[A] On or before the date the motion is filed, be transmitted to the United States trustee and notice of the motion involving termination of a stay under § 362(d) of the Code must be served on: in accordance with AK LBR 4001-1(b), and on all persons who have filed an appearance or request for notice in the bankruptcy case.

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(i) all entities upon whom the motion was served, and

(ii) all persons who have filed an appearance or request for notice.

- (2) In cases involving termination of the codebtor stay under §§ 1201 andor 1301 of the Code, notice of the motion must:-
- [A] state the date on or before conform substantially to AK LBF 3, which provides, among other things, that written objectionobjections to the motion must be filed and served, which date must be within twenty (20) days after the motion is filed; [B] conform to AK LBF 3, if appropriate; and
 - [C] on[A] On or before the date the motion is filed, be transmitted to the United States trustee and served on:
 - (i) all entities upon whom notice of the motion was served, involving termination of the codebtor stay under §§ 1201 or 1301 of the Code must be served in accordance with AK LBR 4001-1(b), and on:
 - (iii) all individuals who are liable on the debt with the debtor, and
 - (iiii) all persons who have filed an appearance or request for notice<u>in the</u> <u>bankruptcy case</u>.
- (3) If the moving party serves the parties listed in paragraph (1) or (2) instead of serving themaster mailing list, the The moving party must identify, in any certification the certificate of mailing attached to a motion involving relief from stay under §§ 362(d), 1201 or 1301, each partyentity served by name, address and classification in accordance with paragraph (AK LBR 4001-1(c)(1) or (2).
- (4) Alternatively, the moving party may serve a motion involving relief from stay under §§ 362(d), 1201 or 1301 on the master mailing list, provided such list encompasses the entities specified in AK LBR 4001-1(c)(1) or (2), as appropriate applicable.
- (d) Uncontested Motion. After expiration of the applicable time, if any, within which to object or otherwise respond, response periods set forth in AK LBR 4001-1(c)(1) and (2), if no objection or other appropriate response to the motion has been filed, the moving party maymust:
 - (1) file a certificate of mailing no objections conforming to AK LBF 4; and
 - (2) lodge a proposed order granting the relief requested.
- (e) ContestedObjection to Motion Under 11 U.S.C.
- (1) An objection to a motion brought under §§ 362(d), 1201, or 1301.-
 - (1) For motions brought under § 362(d) of the Code, if an objection is timely _ must be filed and served:
 - [A] either party may request a hearing, which request must include _ within the date the motion for relief was filed;
 - [B] the court will schedule a preliminary hearing and advise the requesting party of the hearing date; and
 - [C] the requesting party must give notice of the date and time set for the hearing within 24 hours, both telephonically and in writing to:
 - (i) the adverse party,
 - (ii) trustee,
 - (iii) debtor, and
 - (iv) counsel for each.

limits set forth in AK LBR 4001-1(c)(1) and (2) For motions brought under § 362(d) of the Code:).

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- [A] (i) if no hearing is held within thirty (30) days after the motion is filed, the automatic stay may be terminated or modified as requested without order of the court, consistent with § 362(e) of the Code; and
 - (ii) although any party may request a hearing on an objection to a motion for relief from stay, the party desiring the stay to remain in effect must request a hearingand be certain that a hearing is timely scheduled.
- [B] (i) If desired, an order may be lodged ex parte thirty (30) days after filing of the motion.
 - (ii) The moving party must file an affidavit of mailing.
- (3) In cases involving termination of the codebtor stay under §§ 1201 and 1301 of the Code, any party may request a hearing by submitting a calendar request form (AK LBF 7).

(f) Preliminary Hearing.

- (1) Parties may present testimony at the preliminary hearing only on the request of a partyand approval by the court.
- (2) A request to present testimony at the preliminary hearing must be by motion:
 - [A] served and filed not less than five (5) days before the hearing; and
 - [B] set forth—
 - (i) the name and address of the witness,
 - (ii) a concise statement of the testimony to be offered, and
 - (iii) a concise statement of the necessity for the testimony.

(g) **Objection to Motion**. The objection to the motion brought under §§ 362(d), 1201, or 1301 of the Code The objection must fairly and completely state the grounds for the objection, including, to the extent relevant:

- (1) if[A] the objecting party's alleged value is placed at issue, the value placed on the of the property by the objecting party;
- (2) if the amount claimed due by the moving party is disputed, the [B] the amount that the objecting party contends is dueowed to the moving party;
- (3) if the objecting party contends[C] in arguing the property is necessary to an effective reorganization, a concise statement of the nature of the necessity and when the expected reorganization will become effective; and
- (4) if the existence of [D] where equity or an equity cushion is placed at issue, an analysis of all liens and encumbrances on the property, including—
 - [A](i) the nature and amount of each lien<u>encumbrance</u>, and
 - [B](ii) whether the lienencumbrance is senior or junior to the lien of moving party's encumbrance.
- (3) On or before the date the objection is filed, it must be served on:
 - [A] the trustee;
 - [B] the moving party-;
 - [C] the debtor (if the objecting party is not the debtor); and
 - [D] counsel for each, if any.
- (f) Hearing on Contested Motion Under 11 U.S.C. §§ 362(d), 1201, or 1301.
- (1) Calendaring of Hearing on Contested Motion. When an objection to a motion brought under §§ 362(d), 1201, or 1301 of the Code is timely filed and served:
 - [A] no later than the next business day following the filing of an objection, the objecting party must submit a request for hearing on the motion by completing and submitting to the court a calendar request form, AK LBR 7, in accordance with the court's posted calendar request procedures, available at www.akb.uscourts.gov;

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[B] upon receipt of a properly submitted calendar request, the court will schedule a preliminary hearing and advise the objecting party of the hearing date;

[C] no later than the next business day following the court's communication regarding the preliminary hearing date, the objecting party must provide written notice of the hearing date and time to:

(i) the trustee;

(ii) the debtor;

(iii) any person or entity holding an interest in the subject property; and

(iv) counsel for each of the above, if any; and

[D] the objecting party must file with the court a copy of the written notice of hearing.

- (2) Preliminary Hearing.
 - [A] Absent court order, the initial hearing on a contested motion for relief from the
 - automatic stay will be a preliminary hearing only, with a subsequent final evidentiary hearing to be set as necessary.
 - [B] Parties may present live testimony at a preliminary hearing on a motion for relief from stay only with the prior written approval of the court.

(i) A motion to present live testimony at a preliminary hearing must:

(I) be filed not less than five (5) days before the hearing, and served on the parties set forth under AK LBR 4001-1(e)(3);

(II) set forth—

(a) the name and address of the witness[es] to be called;

- (b) a concise statement of the testimony to be offered;
- (c) a concise statement of the necessity for the testimony; and
- (III) be accompanied by a proposed order lodged with the court.
- (g) **Termination of the Automatic Stay Under 11 U.S.C. § 362(e)**. Notwithstanding the automatic operation of the provisions of § 362(e) of the Code, unless otherwise ordered by the court, any movant who has filed a motion for relief from the automatic stay must submit to the court a proposed order on the motion, even if that order serves only to memorialize termination of the stay by operation of § 362(e).

(h) Motions under 11 U.S.C. § 362(c).

- A motion to continue the <u>automatic</u> stay under § 362(c)(3) or to impose a stay under § 362(c)(4) of the Code must:
 - [A] clearly state—
 - (i) the date, case number, and date of dismissal of all previous bankruptcy filings within the year prior to the filing of the current proceeding
 - (ii) the reasons for dismissal of each previous case(s);
 - (iii) the date of the filing of the current case;
 - (iv) a statement as to why the present case is being filed in good faith, including all facts offered to rebut the any presumption that the filing was made in bad faith,
 - (v) the identity of all creditors to whom the stay is requested to be continued, and

(vi) any other facts or circumstances that should be considered by the Courtcourt;

- [B] on or before the date the motion is filed, be served on:
 - (i) all parties to be affected by the motion $\frac{1}{72}$
 - (ii) the trustee, and
 - (iii) counsel for the above; and, if any;
- [C] be transmitted to the United States trustee .; and

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- (2) Any objection to the motion must [D] be filed not lateraccompanied by a completed calendar request using form AK LBF 7, submitted in accordance with the court's posted calendar request procedures, available at www.akb.uscourts.gov.
 - (i) The court will consider motions under § 362(c)(3) or (4) on shortened notice of not less than fourteen (14) days afterwithout the filing of a separate motion is served for shortened time.
- (3) Although any party may request a hearing on an objection to a. (ii) Any motion under § 362(c)(3), the party desiring the stay to remain in effect) or (4) that must be heard on less than fourteen (14) days' notice in order to satisfy the deadlines set forth under § 362(c)(3)(B) or (c)(4)(B) must request be accompanied by a motion for shortened time that complies with AK LBR 9006-1.
- (2) Upon receipt of a properly submitted calendar request, the court will schedule a hearing and be certain that a advise the moving party of the hearing date and time.
 - [A] No later than the next business day following the court's communication regarding the hearing date, the moving party must provide written notice of the hearing date and time to:
 - (i) all parties to be affected by the motion;
 - (ii) the trustee;
 - (iii) the debtor, if the debtor is timely scheduled.not the moving party; and (4) Ifiv)counsel for the motion is timely contested, above, if any; and
 - [B] the moving party must file with the court a copy of the written notice of hearing.
- (3) The debtor must appear at the hearing of<u>on</u> the matter and be available to be examined, under oath, by any affected party.
- (54) Any objection will be considered<u>to</u> a contested matter<u>motion</u> under Rule 9014, Federal Rules§ 362(c)(3) or (4) must be filed not later than seven (7) days prior to the scheduled hearing on the motion, unless otherwise ordered.
 - [A] On or before the date the objection is filed, the objection must be served on:
 - (i) the moving party;
 - (ii) the debtor, if the debtor is not the moving party;
 - (iii) the trustee; and
 - (iv) counsel for the above, if any.
- (i) **Certificate** of Bankruptcy Procedure Service. All motions and notices to be served under this rule must be accompanied by a separately-filed certificate of service which substantially conforms to AK LBF 12 and demonstrates compliance with the service requirements established hereby.

(ij) Procedures Under 11 U.S.C. § 362(I).

- (1) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the Clerk of the Court will forward to the lessor the rental deposit made by the debtor as provided in AK LBR 1002-1(d) no later than seven (7) days after the deposit is received by the <u>clerkClerk</u>.
- (2) If the debtor files the second Certificate, as requiredcertificate described in § 362(I)(2), of the Code, the deposit may be considered as part of any paid post-petition rent (not pre-petition rent), for purposes of determining whether the monetary default has been cured, or whether the lease is current.

(j(k) Contested Matters Under Rule 9014. Any objection to a motion filed under this section will be considered a contested matter under Rule 9014, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

(I) Mandatory Discovery Exchange.

- (1) Unless the court orders otherwise, not later than seven (7) days after service of any objection or response to a motion or application brought under §§ 362, 1201, or 1301 of the Code, which motion is governed by Rule 9014, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, the moving party and each objecting party must, to the extent relevant to the issues fairly raised by the motion and objection or objections thereto, comply with the requirements of Rule 26(a)(1) and (2), Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- (2) The parties may stipulate, in writing, subject to approval by the court, for different timesto comply with this subdivision to shorten or extend the deadlines set forth under Rule 26(a)(1) and (2), Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- (3) Any party refusing or failing to comply with this subdivision may be <u>subjectedsubject</u> to such sanctions as the court may deem appropriate under the circumstances, including the assessment of costs and attorney's fees or the exclusion of the evidentiary materials not produced.

Related Provisions:

Adequate Protection
Automatic Stay
Stay of Action Against Codebtor
Stay of Action Against Codebtor
General Provisions Governing Discovery; Duty of Disclosure-
Relief from Automatic Stay; Use of Cash Collateral; Obtaining
Credit; Agreements
Scope of Rules of Part VII
Contested Matters
Petitions
Discovery and Depositions
Briefs; Memoranda
Hearings; Trials
Motion for Relief From Stay
Notice of Motion for Relief From Stay
Notice of Motion for Relief From Stay (Codebtor)
Certificate of No Objections
Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request

Rule 4001-2 Use of Cash Collateral and Obtaining Post PetitionPostpetition Credit

- (a) Motions to Use Cash Collateral. Motions by the debtor in possession or trustee for authorization to use cash collateral must, in addition to Rule 4001(b), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, contain:
 - (1) the relationship to the debtor, if any, of the creditor whose cash collateral is to be utilized;
 - (2) the nature or source of the cash collateral;
 - (3) the estimated amount of cash collateral to be used;
 - (4) a 90-day cash flow projection segregating cash receipts from cash collateral from all other sources of cash receipts;

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- (5) the balance owed to the creditor, as of the date the petition was filed, including any accrued, unpaid interest, cost or fees as provided in the agreement;
- (6) an estimate of the amounts of any postpetition interest, costs and fees the creditor would be entitled to recover under § 506(b) of the Code;
- (7) if the cash collateral is rent, the amount of the gross and net rent realized each month, and the fair market value of the property from which the rent emanates;
- (8) if the collateral is receivables, an accounts receivable aging statement;
- (9) if the collateral is inventory, current book or market value, whichever is lower, of the inventory;
- (10) for any other collateral, the fair market value of the collateral;
- (11) the method or means by which the interests of the creditor are to be adequately protected; and
- (12) a statement of whether or not the debtor proposes to grant any provision contained in subsection (f) and, if so, identify the provision.
- (b) Cash Collateral Utilization Agreements. Motions or applications for the approval of an agreement for use of cash collateral must, in addition to complying with Rule 4001(b), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, set forth in the body of the motion or application the information required by paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(10), inclusive, and whether or not the agreement contains any provision contained in subsection (f) and, if so, identify the provision.
- (c) **Postpetition Financing**. Motions by the debtor in possession or trustee for authorization to obtain postpetition credit or for approval of a postpetition financing agreement must contain, as a minimum:
 - (1) identity of the lender and relationship, if any, of the lender to the debtor;
 - (2) the amount of credit to be obtained or, in the case of line of credit financing, the maximum amount the lender is to advance;
 - (3) if funding is to be incremental, timing of funding or method by which funding is to be determined;
 - (4) a 90-day cash flow projection showing all sources of cash receipts other than the amounts to be borrowed;
 - (5) if the lender is a prepetition creditor the following information—
 - [A] the balance owed to the creditor, as of the date the petition was filed, including any accrued, unpaid interest, cost or fees as provided in the agreement,
 - [B] if the lender is secured by receivables, an accounts receivable aging statement,
 - [C] if the lender is secured by inventory, current book or market value, whichever is lower, of the inventory,
 - [D] if the lender is secured by real property, the current fair market value of the property and, if income producing, the gross and net rents produced by the property, and
 - [E] if the lender is secured by any other property, the fair market value of the property;
 - (6) a description of the collateral, if any, to secure the postpetition financing;
 - (7) the current fair market value of the collateral, if any, to secure the postpetition financing;
 - (8) if any other entity has, or claims, a security interest in the collateral to secure the postpetition financing, set forth—
 - [A] identity of the entity, including any relationship to the debtor,
 - [B] the balance owed that entity,
 - [C] whether the interest of that entity is to be subordinated to the postpetition financing and if so—

- (i) whether the subordinated entity has consented, or
- (ii) in the absence of consent, how the interest of that entity is to be adequately protected; and
- (9) whether or not the financing agreement contains any provision contained in subsection (f) and, if so, identify the provision.

(d) Motions Heard on Shortened Time.

- (1) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, emergency motions or applications for interim relief made under subsections (a), (b), and (c), may be heard upon twenty-four (24) <u>hourshours'</u> notice by telephonic, electronic, or personal delivery to the entities identified in the applicable provision of Rule 4001, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
- (2) All requests for hearings on shortened time, must set forth with specificity:
 - [A] the immediate and irreparable harm the estate will suffer if relief is not immediately granted;
 - [B] the extent of the relief required to prevent such immediate and irreparable harm to the estate; and
 - [C] contain as much of the information required by subsection (a), (b), or (c), as applicable, as may be necessary to establish the necessity to avoid immediate and irreparable harm to the estate pending a final hearing.
- (3) Unless otherwise specifically ordered by the court, any interim order entered under this subsection will expire not later than twenty-one (21) days after the motion under subsection (a), (b), or (c) is filed.
- (4) [A] The court may, at its discretion, hold emergency hearings telephonically.
 - [B] The moving party is responsible for providing the court with the telephone numbers at which interested parties, or their representatives, may be reached.
- (e) **Provisions Normally Approved**. The court will normally approve inclusion of the following provisions in any order or agreement for the use of cash collateral or any postpetition financing agreement:
 - (1) withdrawal of consent to use cash collateral or termination of further financing, upon occurrence of a default or conversion to chapter 7;
 - (2) securing any postpetition diminution in the value of the secured party's collateral with a lien on postpetition collateral of the same type as the secured party had prepetition, if such lien is subordinated to the compensation and expense reimbursement allowed to any trustee thereafter appointed in the case;
 - (3) securing new advances or value diminution with a lien on other assets of the estate, but only if the lien is subordinated to all the expenses of administration of a superseding chapter 7 case;
 - (4) reservation of rights under § 507(b) of the Code, unless the provision calls for modification of the Code's priorities in the event of conversion to chapter 7;
 - (5) reasonable reporting requirements;
 - (6) reasonable budgets and use restrictions; and
 - (7) expiration date for the stipulation.
- (f) **Other Provisions**. Inclusion of any of the following provisions in any order or agreement for the use of cash collateral may be scrutinized by the court even in the absence of an objection by a party in interest:
 - cross-collateralization clauses that secure prepetition debt by postpetition assets in which the secured party would not otherwise have a security interest by virtue of its prepetition security agreement;

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- (2) provisions or findings of fact that bind the estate or all parties in interest with respect to the validity, perfection or amount of the secured party's lien or debt;
- (3) provisions or findings of fact that bind the estate or all parties in interest with respect to the relative priorities of the secured party's lien and liens held by persons who are not party to the agreement;
- (4) clauses that prime the liens and/or security interests of secured creditors who are not parties to the agreement, unless consented to by the affected creditor;
- (5) waivers of § 506(c) of the Code, except to the extent effective only during the period in which the debtor in possession or trustee is authorized to use cash collateral or borrow funds;
- (6) provisions that preclude a future trustee with a duty to care for, preserve, and/or liquidate collateral from recovering the expenses of administration;
- (7) provisions that characterize any postpetition payments as payments of interest, fees, or costs on prepetition obligations;
- (8) provisions that operate specifically or as a practical matter to divest the debtor, or any other party in interest, of any discretion in the formulation of a plan or administration of the estate, or limit access to the court to seek any relief under applicable provisions of law;
- (9) releases of liability for the creditor's prepetition torts, breaches of contract, or lender liability, as well as releases of prepetition or postpetition defenses and/or counterclaims;
- (10) waivers of avoidance actions;
- (11) provisions that would include the recovery from avoidance actions as adequate protection or part of the secured creditor's collateral;
- (12) automatic relief from the automatic stay of § 362(a) of the Code upon default, conversion to chapter 7, or the appointment of a trustee;
- (13) adequate protection provisions that create liens on claims for relief arising under the Bankruptcy Code;
- (14) waivers of the right to move for a court order under § 363(c)(2)(B) of the Code authorizing the use of cash collateral in the absence of the secured party's consent;
- (15) carve outs for administrative expenses that do not treat all professionals equally or on a pro rata basis;
- (16) provisions that shorten the period of limitations any party in interest (including a successor trustee) for bringing claims or causes of action against the lender or secured creditor;
- (17) a finding without testimony to the effect that in consenting to the use of cash collateral or postpetition financing, the secured creditor or lender is acting in good faith;
- (18) waivers of the procedural requirements for foreclosure or repossession mandated under applicable nonbankruptcy law;
- (19) provisions applicable in the event of a dispute under the agreement that place venue in a foreign jurisdiction;
- (20) provisions applicable in the event of a dispute or default under the agreement wherein the debtor waives—
 - [A] service of process,
 - [B] the doctrine of forum non conveniens,
 - [C] notice and hearing, or
 - [D] the right to a jury trial; and
- (21) Findings of fact on matters extraneous to the approval process.

(g) Notice of Final Hearing.

- (1) In addition to service of the persons specified in Rule 4001, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, a motion for the use of cash collateral under subsections (a) or (b), or to obtain credit under subsection (c), must be transmitted to the United States trustee.
- (2) In addition to the persons specified in rule 4001, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, notice of the final hearing on a motion for the use of cash collateral under subsections (a) or (b), or to obtain credit under subsection (c), must be given in form substantially conforming to AK LBF 35 or AK LBF 36, as applicable, to: [A] the United States trustee:
 - [B] any person having filed a request for special notice; and
 - [C] such other persons as the court may direct.

Related Provisions:

11 USC § 101(31)	Insiders -
11 USC § 361	Adequate Protection
11 USC § 362	Automatic Stay
11 USC § 363	Use, Sale or Lease of Property
11 USC § 364	Obtaining Credit
11 USC § 506	Determination of Secured Status
11 USC § 507	Priorities
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001	Relief From Automatic Stay; Prohibiting or Conditioning the Use,
	Sale, or Lease of Property; Use of Cash Collateral; Obtaining
	Credit; Agreements
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9014	Contested Matters
AK LBR 9013-1	Briefs; Memoranda
AK LBF 7	Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request
AK LBF 35	Notice of Cash Collateral Hearing
AK LBF 36	Notice of Hearing on Motion to Obtain Credit

Rule 4002-1 Debtor – Duties

(a) Property in Need of Attention or Protection.

- (1) The debtor must promptly notify the trustee, or the United States trustee if a trustee has not yet been appointed, and any creditor having a security interest in the property telephonically and in writing if any property of the bankruptcy estate is:
 - [A] in an account not authorized by § 345 of the Code or that exceeds the FDIC insured amount for funds on deposit;
 - [B] in jeopardy due to perishability, exposure to loss, damage or theft;
 - [C] is located in a place that requires that the property be moved promptly; or
 - [D] is otherwise in need of immediate attention.
- (2) If the trustee cannot be reached telephonically, the debtor must telephonically advise the United States Trustee's Office.
- (3) Certification of notice must be filed by the debtor with the court.
- (b) Domestic Support Obligations. In all cases in which the debtor is an individual obligated to make payments on a domestic support obligation, subject to the provisions of AK LBR 2015-1(b) the debta must to the start annihilable.
 - 1(b), the debtor must, to the extent applicable:

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- (1) Within fourteen (14) days of filing the petition in all cases except chapter 11 and within seven (7) days of the appointment of a trustee in a case under chapter 11, provide the trustee with—
 - [A] the name, address, and telephone number of any person holding a domestic support obligation,
 - [B] the amount of domestic support payments required to be made and the dates of the month that any payments come due,
 - [C] the amount of any domestic support payments that were due and unpaid at the time the petition was filed,
 - [D] a copy of the court decree, settlement agreement, or order of a governmental agency establishing the domestic support obligation,
 - [E] if the holder of the claim resides outside the State of Alaska, the name, address, and telephone number of the applicable child support agency in the state in which the holder of the claim resides, and
 - [F] the name, address, and telephone number of the debtor's employer;
- (2) Within seven (7) days of making any domestic support payment first coming due after the petition is filed, provide the trustee with evidence that the payment has been made;
- (3) Within fourteen (14) days of receiving notice of a change of address or telephone number of a holder of a domestic support obligation, provide the trustee with—
 - [A] the new address and/or telephone number of the holder of the domestic support obligation, and
 - [B] if applicable, the information required by subparagraph (1)[E];
- (4) Within fourteen (14) days of the date of any change in employment, provide the trustee with the name, address, and telephone number of the debtor's new employer; and
- (5) Within seven (7) days of the execution of any reaffirmation agreement, provide the trustee with a copy of the reaffirmation agreement.

Related Provisions:	
11 U.S.C. § 101(14A)	<u>"domestic support obligation"</u>
<u>11 U.S.C. § 112</u>	Prohibition on disclosure of name of minor children
11 U.S.C. § 521	Debtor's Duties
11 U.S.C. § 704	Duties of trustee
11 U.S.C. § 707	Dismissal of a case or conversion to a case under chapter 11 or
0	13
11 U.S.C. § 1106	Duties of trustee and examiner
11 U.S.C. § 1202	Trustee
11 U.S.C. § 1302	Trustee
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1008	Verification of Petitions and Accompanying Papers
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4002	-Duties of Debtor
AK LBR 2015-1	Trustee – General
AK LBF 38	Statement Under Penalty of Perjury Concerning Payment Advices-
	Due Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 521(a)(1)(B)(iv)

Rule 4003-1 Objections to Claims of Exemption

The court will not determine an objection to a claim of exemption under Rule 4003(b), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, unless a hearing is held. The court will schedule a hearing on submission of a calendar request. The party requesting the hearing must, within seven (7)

days of receiving the hearing date from the court, give notice of the hearing date conforming to AK LBF 34 to the trustee and all parties on whom the objection to exemptions must be served in accordance with Rule 4003, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

Related Provisions:

 Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4003
 Exemptions

 AK LBF 7
 Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request

 AK LBF 34
 Notice of Hearing on Objections to Claim of Exemptions

Rule 4008-1 Reaffirmation Hearing

(a) General.

- Reaffirmation agreements must follow the format of Directors Form B2400A, "Reaffirmation Agreement," and all applicable parts of the agreement must be must be completed in their entirety.
- (2) When a debtor is represented by counsel in the negotiation of a reaffirmation agreement, a hearing on the reaffirmation agreement will not be required in individual Chapter 7 cases unless the presumption of undue hardship arises or the court orders otherwise. When a debtor is not represented by counsel in the negotiation of a reaffirmation agreement, a hearing on a reaffirmation agreement is required.
- (3) [A] The court will enter a discharge as soon as appropriate without regard to whether reaffirmation agreements have been entered into in accordance with § 521(a)(2) of the Code.
 - [B] It is the duty of counsel for the debtor, the debtor, and the creditor whose obligation is to be reaffirmed to assure compliance with the requirements of § 524(c) of the Code.

(b) Delay of Entry of Discharge.

- (1) Entry of discharge may be delayed to accommodate entry into a reaffirmation agreement for a period not to exceed thirty (30) days upon *ex parte* motion filed by the debtor.
- (2) On *ex parte* motion of the debtor within the 30-day period, the court may defer entry of discharge to a date certain.

(c) Service of Reaffirmation Agreement.

- (1) If a reaffirmation agreement is filed conventionally, the party filing the reaffirmation agreement must serve a conformed copy of the agreement (showing the date filed stamp) on the other party or party's counsel.
- (2) If a reaffirmation agreement is filed electronically, unless the other party or counsel for the other party is served electronically, the party filing the reaffirmation agreement must serve a true and correct copy of the agreement, together with a copy of the Notice of Electronic Filing generated by the CM/ECF System for the agreement, on the other party or party's counsel.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 521	- Debtor's duties
11 U.S.C. § 524	Effects of discharge
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4004	Grant or Denial of Discharge
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4008	Reaffirmation and Discharge Hearing
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9013	Motions; Form and Service
Director's Form B2400A	Reaffirmation Documents

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Director's Form B2400BMotion for Approval of Reaffirmation AgreementAK LBR 5005-4Electronic Case FilingAK LBR 9075-1Hearings; Trials

PART V COURTS AND CLERKS

Rule 5001-2 Court and Clerk's Office Locations and Hours (a) Clerk's Office.

(1) Filing Petitions. Petitions and documents filed with the initial petition may be filed conventionally in person at the following court's physical locations: listed on the court's website at akb.uscourts.gov.

Office of the Clerk, Bankruptcy Court Office of the Clerk, District Court 605 West Fourth Avenue, Room 138 Federal Building & U.S. Courthouse Anchorage, AK 99501-2296 - 101 12th Avenue, Room 370, Box 1-

Fairbanks, AK 99701-6237

Office of the Clerk, District Court 709 West Ninth Street, Room 979 Box 020349

Juneau, AK 99802-0349

- (b) Subsequent Documents. All subsequent documents may be filed conventionally only at the Anchorage or Fairbanks locations.
- (c (2) Filing by Mail or Special Delivery. AllOnly the court's Anchorage location will accept documents filed by delivery utilizing the U.S. Postal Service, Fed-Ex, UPS, DHL, or similar services, are to be filed in the Anchorage office only.
- (d) Disposition of Conventionally Filed Documents. Once digitally imaged ("scanned") intothe CM/ECF system, the Clerk of the Court will retain, distribute, or otherwise dispose of the original of all conventionally filed pleadings, papers, and documents as may be otherwise provided by statute or court rule.

(e (3) Business Hours.

- (1) [A] Regular business hours are from 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. and 1:00 p.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except federal holidays, and days designated as holidays by the Chief Judge of the United States District Court or the Administrative Office of the United States Courts.
- (2) [B] Office locations and business hours may be adjusted or changed, with or without prior notice, as staffing and budgetary conditions dictate.
- (f) Replacing Papers Lost or Withheld. If an original paper or pleading, other than a paper or pleading that has been electronically imaged ("scanned") and filed in the CM/ECF system, is lost or withheld by any person, the court may order a verified copy to be filed and used in lieu of the original.

Related Provisions:

28 U.S.C. § 152(b), (c), (d) Place) Places of Holding Court.

(1) The Bankruptcy Court is located in Anchorage. Hearings and trials are scheduled as needed in Anchorage, Fairbanks and Juneau.

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Fed. R. Bankr. P. 5005	— Filing of Papers
	•
AK I BR 5003_2	Court Records

AK LBK 5003-2- Court Records AK LBR 5005-2 Number of Copies

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Rule 5003-2 Court Records

- (a) **Official Record**. The Case Management/Electronic Case Filing (<u>"CM/ECF"</u>) System constitutes the official record of the court.
- (b) Records Custody of the Clerk of Court.
 - (1) All records of the court will remain in the custody of the Clerk of Court.
 - (2) [A] The record for any open case and any case in the Case Management/Electronic-Case FilingCM/ECF System will beis available for inspection by the public during regular business hours at the Office of the Clerk, 605 West Fourth Avenue, Room 138, court's Anchorage, Alaska without charge, and Fairbanks locations.
 - [B] The record for any case in the Case Management/Electronic Case Filing System willbe available for inspection by the public during regular business hours at the Office of the Clerk in any satellite location without charge.
 - (3) Permission of the Clerk of the Court is required for removal of any record.
- (c) **Research by Court Personnel**. Requests for research of any record by court personnel must be in writing and accompanied by the statutory fee.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 107	Public Access to Papers
11 U.S.C. § 505	Determination of tax liability
28 U.S.C. § 1930(b)	Bankruptcy Fees
Fed. R. Civ. P. 77(c)	- Clerk's Office and Orders by Clerk
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9006	- Time-
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 5001	Courts and Clerks' Offices
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 5003	Records Kept By the Clerk
AK LBR 5001-2	Clerk's Office Location and Hours

Rule 5005-2 Number of Copies of Lengthy Pleadings

(a) Petitions, Schedules and Statements.

- (1) In cases filed under chapter 7, 12 or 13 of the Code, one (1) paper copy of each original petition, schedule, statement of financial affairs, and any amendments, supplements or addendum thereto, whether filed conventionally or electronically, must be submitted to the clerk.
 - (2) [A] In cases filed under chapter 9 or 11 of the Code, two (2) paper copies of each original petition, schedule, statement of financial affairs, and any amendments, supplements or addendum thereto, whether filed conventionally or electronically, must be submitted to the clerk.
 - [B] In chapter 11 cases, if the debtor is a publicly traded entity, each petition, schedule, statement of financial affairs and any amendments, supplements or addendums thereto, whether filed conventionally or electronically, must be accompanied by onecopy in addition to the copies required under subparagraph (2)[A].
 - (3) [A] If the original documents are filed conventionally, the paper copy or copiesrequired by paragraphs (1) and (2) must accompany the originals.
 - [B] If the original documents are filed electronically, the paper copy or copies required by paragraphs (1) and (2) must be hand delivered or placed in the mail to the clerk-within one (1) business day of the date the originals are filed.
- (b) Chapters 9, 11, 12 and 13 Plans. In addition to the original, each plan in cases under chapters 9, 11, 12 and 13 and the chapter 11 disclosure statement and any amendments,

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supplements or addendum thereto, must be accompanied by the same number of copies asis provided in subdivision (a) for petitions, schedules, and statements of affairs for the applicable chapter.

(c) Lengthy Pleadings.

- (1) Any pleading, motion, paper or other document filed with the court, conventionallyin hard <u>copy format</u> or electronically, that exceeds twenty-five (25) pages in length, including all attachments and exhibits thereto, must be accompanied by one (1) paper copy for use by the court.
- (2b) Copies must be complete, including any attachments or exhibits made a part of the original pleading, motion, paper or document being filed.
- (3c) The paper copy must be submitted to the court as provided in subparagraph (within one (1) business day of the date the document was filed.
- (d) For lengthy documents filed electronically, a)(3). copy of the NEF electronic filing confirmation for the document filed must be submitted together with the paper copy.

Related Provisions:

AK LBR 5001-2 Clerk's Office Location and Hours

Rule 5005-4 Electronic Case Filing

- (a) Mandatory Electronic Filing.
 - (1) Except as otherwise provided in this Rule or in exceptional circumstances that prevent a participant from filing electronically (*i.e.*, technological failure, natural disaster, etc.) registered participants must electronically file documents with the court.
 - (2) Parties and attorneys who are not participants in the CM/ECF System may conventionally file documents in hard copy format, bearing original (holographic) signatures.

(b) Procedures.

- (1) The filing of documents in electronic format will be in accordance with this rule and the electronic filing procedures promulgated by the Clerk of the Court.
- (2) Participants in the Case Management/Electronic Case Filing ("CM/ECF") System are responsible for ensuring that current filing procedures are followed.
- (bc) Registration.
 - (1) Password.
 - [A] (i) Each attorneyAll attorneys admitted to practice under AK LBR 2090-1(a) or appearing under AK LBR 2090-1(b), who files pleadings, documents, orin this court who wish to file papers in the court, must obtain a CM/ECF System passwordaccess to the court via the attorney's individual PACER account to permit the attorney to participate in the electronic retrieval and filing of pleadings and other papers in accordance with the CM/ECF System electronic filing procedures.
 - (ii) Exceptions [B] Requests for exceptions to the requirements of subparagraph (1)[A](i) will] must be granted only uponsubmitted via ex parte motion for good cause shown.
- (iii) Attorneys in outlying areas of setting forth the state that do not have access to high speed (256 kbs, or higher) internet access may be exempted from the requirements of subparagraph (1)[A](i) until such time as high speed (256 kbs, or higher) internet

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- [B] (2) Every trustee appointed in cases before this court must obtain a CM/ECF System passwordaccess to the court via the trustee's individual PACER account to permit the trustee to participate in the electronic retrieval and filing of pleadings and other papers in accordance with the CM/ECF System electronic filing procedures electronic filing.
 [C] Any individual who is a creditor or interested party, or the (3) Limited Filing
 - <u>Privileges.</u> Any duly authorized <u>individual</u> officer or agent of a <u>non-individual</u> creditor or interested party that is not an individual, may be <u>entitledgranted access</u> to one CM/ECF System password<u>the court via the individual's PACER account</u> to permit the individual to <u>participate in the electronic retrieval and filing of pleadings</u> and other papers in accordance with the CM/ECF System electronic filingprocedures.
 - [D] (i) An individual may become registered to participate in the CM/ECF Systemupon completion of training and submission of a Certification for CM/ECF form tothe court.
- (ii) An individual who is the representative of a creditor or interested party that is not an individual must submit satisfactory evidence that the individual is duly authorized to actfor and file certain designated documents on behalf of the represented creditor or interested party.
 - (2(4) Other Designated Professionals. Certain professionals whose employment has been approved by the court may obtain access to the court via the professional's PACER account to permit the professional to file electronically.
 - (5) Consent to Electronic Notice and Service. Participation in the CM/ECF System by receipt of a password from the court, attorneys, trustees and other designated professionals described above constitutes:
 - [A] a request for service of notice electronically under Rule 9036, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure; and
 - [B] consent to receive notice and service by electronic means in each case in which aformal entry of an appearance as a party or attorney for a party has been made-in accordance with AK LBR 9010-1(a)(1).
- (3) (6) Failure to Maintain Valid Email Address with PACER. An electronic filer's failure to maintain a valid email address with the filer's PACER account may result in termination of the filer's electronic filing permissions.

(d) Unauthorized Use of <u>CM/ECF</u> Passwords.

- [A] (1) No registered participant may knowingly permit or cause to permit the participant's password to be utilized by anyone other than an authorized employee of the participant or the participant's <u>law</u> firm.
- [B] (2) No person may knowingly utilize or cause another person to utilize the password of a registered participant unless the person is an authorized employee of the participant or the participant's <u>law</u> firm.
 - (4) Compromised Password.
 - [A] Each registered participant in the CM/ECF System is responsible for maintaining the integrity of the participant's password.

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- [B] In the event a registered participant has reason to believe that the password issued to the participant has been compromised or otherwise may be subject to use by anunauthorized person, the participant must immediately:-
 - (i) cancel the existing password and issue a new password; and
 - (ii) notify the Clerk of the Court in writing of the change.

(5) Withdrawal.

- [A] (i) A registered participant may withdraw from participation in the CM/ECF-System by providing the Clerk of Court with written notice of withdrawal.
- (ii) A registered participant who is the representative of a creditor or interested partythat is not an individual must, immediately upon termination of the individual'sauthority to act for or on behalf of the represented party, withdraw fromparticipation and notify the Clerk of the Court with written notice of thewithdrawal.
- [B] Upon receipt of a written notice of withdrawal, the Office of the Clerk will immediately cancel the participant's password and delete the participant from any applicable electronic service list.

(ce) Signatures.

- (1) Registered Participant. The electronic filing of a petition, pleading, motion or other paper by a registered participant in the CM/ECF System constitutes the signature of that participantunder Rule <u>See AK LBR</u> 9011, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure-1.
 - (2) Debtors.
 - [A] For all petitions, lists, schedules and statements requiring the signature of the debtor(s) that are filed electronically, a Declaration Re: Electronic Filing, AK LBF 37A or 37B, as applicable, must be prepared by the participant, bearing the originalsignatures of the debtor(s) and the attorney for debtor(s).
 - [B] The declaration constitutes the debtor(s) original signatures for filing purposes.
 - [C] The original declaration must be:
 - (i) signed before the petition is filed; and
 - (ii) filed conventionally with the Bankruptcy Court within fourteen (14) days of the date the petition is electronically filed.
 - (3) Verified Documents.
 - [A] Verified documents (affidavits or declarations under penalty of perjury as provided in 28 U.S.C. § 1746) are to be filed electronically.
 - [B] Except for documents covered by paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2), the signature page of the verified document filed electronically must be an imaged (scanned) documentbearing a digital copy of the original signature.
 - (4) Other Documents. For documents not otherwise governed by this subsection, unless the pleading or paper being electronically filed is an imaged (scanned) documentbearing a digital copy of the original signature, it must indicate that it has been signed by means of a signature designation: o.g., "/s/ Jane Doe."

(d) Electronic Filing.

- (1) Mandatory Electronic Filing.
 - [A] Except as expressly otherwise provided in this Rule or in exceptional circumstances that prevent a participant from filing electronically, all petitions, motions, pleadings, memoranda of law, or other documents required to be filed with the court in connection with a case assigned to the CM/ECF System must be electronically filedby participants in the CM/ECF System.

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- [B] Parties and attorneys who are not participants in the CM/ECF System will continue to file all pleadings and papers conventionally.
- (2) Related Documents. All documents must be filed separately, except that exhibits to a document must be filed as attachments to that document under the same docket number.
 - [A] Where documents related to a motion or other pleading are being filed concurrentlywith the motion or other pleading, *e.g.*, a motion, memorandum of law and a supporting affidavit, the related documents must be filed separately and shown as being a document related to the motion or other pleading.
 - [B] If documents being submitted electronically have lengthy exhibits, the filing of relevant excerpts of the exhibits is preferred and permitted without prejudice to the right of any party to file additional excerpts or the complete exhibit with the court at any time.
- (3) Emergency Motions.
 - [A] Emergency motions, supporting pleadings and objections are to be filed electronically as provided in this rule.
 - [B] The party filing the motion must promptly advise the judge's law clerk or secretary of the filing telephonically.
- (4) Proposed Orders, Findings and Judgments. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, participants in the CM/ECF System must submit all proposed orders, findings of fact and conclusions of law and judgments electronically, in accordance with the CM/ECF Administrative Procedures Guide.
- (5) Calendar Requests. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, participants in the CM/ECF-System must submit all Bankruptcy Court Calendar Requests, AK LBF 7, electronically, in accordance with the CM/ECF Administrative Procedures Guide.

(ef) Service.

- (1) The filing party must serve the pleading or other paper being electronically filed upon all persons entitled to notice or service in accordance with otherwise applicable rules.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided by these rulesRules, if a person entitled to notice or service is a registered participant in the CM/ECF System in the case in which the pleading or other paper is being filed, service by electronic means of the Notice of Electronic Filing is deemed the equivalent of service of the pleading or other paper by first class mail, postage prepaid.
- (3) Notwithstanding the foregoing, service of a summons and complaint in an adversary proceeding or an involuntary bankruptcy proceeding and a motion under Rule 9014, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure must continue to be made under Rule 7004, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

(f) Docketing.

- (1) Entry on Docket. The electronic filing of a pleading or other paper in accordance with CM/ECF System Procedures constitutes entry of that pleading or other paper on the docket kept by the clerk under Rule 5003, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
- (2) Notice to Filing Party. Whenever a pleading or other paper is filed electronically in accordance with CM/ECF System Procedures, the System will automatically generate a "Notice of Electronic Filing" by electronic means at the time of docketing.
- (3) Entry of Orders and Judgments.
 - [A] The Office of the Clerk will enter all orders, decrees, judgments, and proceedings of the court in accordance with CM/ECF System Procedures, which constitutes entry of

LOCAL BANKRUPTCY RULES DISTRICT OF ALASKA (12/1718) the order, decree, judgment, or proceeding on the docket kept by the clerk under-Rule 9021, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

- [B] On all orders submitted electronically, the Office of the Clerk will place the notation-"FILED ON_____" on the first page of the order, and will insert the date that the order is entered on the docket. The date so inserted will be the equivalent of the conventional "date filed" stamp for all purposes.
- (4) *Titles.* The person electronically filing a pleading or other document is responsible for designating a title for the document by using one of the categories contained in the CM/ECF System.
- (g) **Special Filing Requirements**. Electronic or conventional filing of the following documents is governed by the provisions of this subsection:
- (g) Special Electronic Filing Requirements.
 - (1) Documents to be Filed under Seal.
 - [A] [A] A request to file documents under seal must be made via motion. A motion to file document(s) under seal must be filed electronically, and a proposed order authorizing filing under seal must be submitted tolodged with the court in accordance with this rulevia email at ecf_orders@akb.uscourts.gov.
 - [B] After the entry of an order authorizing documents to be filed under seal, the documents to be filed under seal must also be filed electronically, in accordance with the CM/ECF Administrative Procedures Guide. Instructions for filing documents under seal electronically may be found on the court's website, akb.uscourts.gov.
 - (2) Exhibits to Pleadings.
 - [A] Wherever possible, documents beingDocuments filed as exhibits, including but not limited to leases, notes, and the like, should be electronically imaged (*i.e.*, "scanned") and filed as part of an attachment to the related document referring to the exhibitusing Portable Document Format (.pdf).
 - [B] Exhibits that are not available in <u>electronicPortable Document Format (.pdf)</u> form are to be filed conventionally, attached to a copy of the Notice of Electronic Filing for the electronically filed document to which the exhibit(s) relate.
 - (3) Proofs of Claim. [Abrogated.]
 - (4) Summons to be Issued by the Clerk of Court. Summonses to be issued by the Clerk mayof Court must be submitted electronically, in the same manner as specified in subsection (d)(4) for proposed orders, findings and judgments, or may be submitted conventionally. See AK LBR 9021-1.
 - (54) Trial and Hearing Exhibits.
 - [A] Exhibit lists, to the extent that the filing thereof is otherwise required by applicable rules of bankruptcy procedure, are to be when required, must be filed electronically.
 - [B] The actual exhibits are tomay be submitted conventionally as provided when required by otherwise applicable rules of bankruptcy procedure Rules.
 - (6) Transcripts.
 - [A] Whenever possible, transcripts, or the relevant portions thereof, should beelectronically imaged (*i.e.*, "scanned") and filed as part of the document referring tothe transcript using Portable Document Format (pdf).
 - [B] Transcripts that are not available in electronic form are to be filed conventionally, attached to a copy of the Notice of Electronic Filing for the electronically fileddocument to which the transcript(s) relate.
 - (7) Report of Balloting. [Abrogated.]

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- (8(5) Statement of Social Security Number. The Statement of Social Security Number submitted in accordance with Rule 1007(f), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, is tomust be submittedemailed immediately after the electronic filing of a petition, in the same manner as specified in (d)(4) for proposed orders. See AK LBR 9021-1. As provided in AK LBR 1007-1(i), the Statement of Social Security Number is not to be filed on the case docket.
- (9) Service of Conventionally Filed Documents. Pleadings or other (h) Fees.
 - documents filed conventionally under this subsection must be served in the mannerprovided for in, and on those parties entitled to notice in accordance with, the Federal-Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and Local Bankruptcy Rules except as otherwiseprovided by order of the court.
 - (1) Fees for documents filed electronically are due at the time of filing.
- (2) (h) Foos.
 - (1) Any required fee may be paid by authorized credit card as provided in the CM/ECF Administrative Procedures Guide.
 - (2) Unless other arrangements are made with the Clerk of Court, any required fee for a document filed electronically not paid as provided in paragraph (<u>g)(1)</u> must be mailed toreceived by the Clerk of the Court not later than the nextwithin three (3) business day or hand delivered to the Clerk of the Court not later than the second business day next-immediately following the filing.days from the date the document was filed.
- (i) Copies and Certified Copies. Conventional copies and certified copies of electronicallyfiled documents may be obtained at the Office of the Clerk, 605 West Fourth Avenue, Room-138, Anchorage, Alaska 99501-2296. A fee for copying and certification will be chargedand collected in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1930.
- (j) Technical Failures.
- (1) If a participant in the CM/ECF System (i) Technical Failures. If a registered CM/ECF participant is unable to transmit a time-critical document for electronic filing, due to technical failure of either the CM/ECF System or the participant's system, or due to internet congestion or internet service provider problems, or unanticipated event (*i.e.*, medical emergency, natural disaster, etc.), the participant must promptly contact the Clerk of the Court and make arrangements for conventional-filing-of the document.
 - (2) Unless exceptional circumstances exist that prevent the document from beingtransmitted during regular business hours, as defined in AK LBR 5003-2(e), the participant must make every effort to transmit any time-critical document during regularbusiness hours on the date the document is due.

(k) (i) Consequences for Noncompliance.

- (1) Effect of Failure to Make Payment.
 - [A] In the event of nonpayment of the fee for filing a petition, the petition may be dismissed by the court after a hearing on shortened time of not less than seven (7)-days' notice.
 - [B] In all other matters, if the required fee is not paid as provided in subsection (h), the motion or application for which the fee is required will be deemed withdrawn by the party making the motion or application and, except as may be otherwise ordered bythe court for cause, no further proceedings on the motion or application will takeplace.
- (i) Notice of the deemed withdrawal will be given electronically by the Clerk of the Court to all interested parties in the case who have requested notice by electronic means.
- (ii) The party who filed the motion or application must, no later than two (2) businessdays thereafter, give notice of the deemed withdrawal to all parties in interest towhom notice of the motion or application was given.
- (2) Effect of Failure to Timely Execute or File Declaration Re: Electronic Filing. In the eventthat a participant fails to obtain the signature on or timely file the Declaration Re: Electronic Filing, AK LBF 37A or AK LBF 37B, as applicable, as provided in paragraph-(c)(2), the court may after a hearing on shortened time of not less than seven (7) days'notice:
 - [A] Dismiss the petition; and/or
 - [B] impose on the participant such other sanctions as may be appropriate in the circumstances.
- (3) Other Consequences. In addition to the foregoing, any Any misuse of the CM/ECF System, or intentional noncompliance with its requirements, may result in revocation of the participant's login and passwordelectronic filing privileges and/or the imposition of other sanctions as provided in District of Alaska Local Rule 1.3may be appropriate.

Related Provisions:

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1	1007 Lists, Schedules, and Statements; Time Limits
Fed. R. Bankr. P. (5005 Filing and Transmittal of Papers
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7	7005 Service and Filing of Pleadings and Other Papers
AK LBR 1002-1	Petitions
AK LBR 1005-1	Caption of Petitions
AK LBR 1007-1	Matrix
AK LBR 1007-2	Form of Schedules and Statements
AK LBR 1009-1	Amendment of Schedules and Matrix
AK LBR 2002-1	Notices
AK LBR 3002-1	Claims
AK LBR 5005-2	Number of Copies
AK LBR 7005-1	Electronic Service
AK LBR 9004-1	Form of Pleadings and Other Papers
AK LBR 9013-1	Briefs; Memoranda
AK LBR 9021-1	Orders, Findings, Conclusions, Judgments
AK LBR 9036-1	Request for Notice by Electronic Transmission
AK LBF 37A	Declaration re: Electronic Filing (Individual)
AK LBF 37B	Declaration re: Electronic Filing (Corporation/Partnership/LLC)
(k) Instructions.	
inquiries can be	e found on the court's website, akb uscourts doy, under "FAO."

Rule 5011-1 Withdrawal of Reference

(a) **Filing**. A motion to withdraw the reference to the <u>bankruptcy courtBankruptcy Court</u> must be filed with the <u>clerkClerk</u> of <u>the bankruptcy courtCourt</u>.

(b) Service and Notice.

(1) A party filing a motion to withdraw the reference of the case in its entirety must:[A] transmit the motion to the United States trustee;

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- [B] serve it on—
 - (i) the trustee;
 - (ii) debtor,
 - (iii) any committee appointed under the Code, and
 - (iv) any party having filed a request for special notice; and
- [C] give<u>file and serve</u> notice of the motion toon all parties in interest.
- (2) A party filing a motion to withdraw the reference as to a proceeding, but not the entire case, must:
 - [A] transmit the motion to the United States trustee; and
 - [B] serve it on—
 - (i) the trustee;
 - (ii) debtor; and
 - (iii) any other party to the proceeding.
- (c) Objection to Withdrawal of Reference.
 - (1) A party objectingAny objection to the motion for withdrawal of the reference may, withinmust be in writing and filed not later than twenty-one (21) days of after the date the motion is served or notice is mailed, whichever is later, file a written objection to withdrawal of the reference.
 - (2) A<u>The objecting</u> party filing an objection to the motion for withdrawal of the referencemust:
 - [A] transmit it the objection to the United States trustee; and
 - [B] serve it on the moving party and those entities upon whom the motion was served.

(d) **Determination of Motion**. A motion for withdrawal of the reference is governed by Rule-9033, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

Related Provisions:

28 U.S.C. § 157	Procedures
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 5011	Withdrawal and Abstention from Hearing a Proceeding
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9033	Review of Proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law in
	Non-Core Proceedings
AK LBR 2002-1	- Notices
AK LBR 9013-1	Briefs; Memoranda
AK LBF 11	- Notice of Application For Order

Rule 5071-1 Continuances

Any party requesting the continuance of a trial, hearing or conference must:-

- (1) file a motion seeking the continuance at least three (3) business days prior to the scheduled trial, hearing or conference;-
- (2) advise the court of the affected party's response to the request or what attempts have been made to gain each party's consent; and
- (3) [A] give telephonic notice to all affected parties of the
 - (i) date,
 - (iii) time,
 - (iii) location of, and
 - (iv) reason for, the continued hearing; and
 - [B] file written confirmation of the notice with the clerk within two (2) business days of receiving the continuance from the court, but in any event, not later than the

business day next immediately preceding the date of the hearing, trial, or conference to be continued.

Related Provisions:

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9006(a)Time — ComputationAK LBR 9075-1Hearings; Trials-

Rule 5074-1 Facsimile and Email Filing

- (a) Acceptance of Facsimile <u>Pleadings</u>. A pleading, complaint or petition or <u>Email</u> <u>Documents</u>. A time-critical document may be accepted as timely filed by transmission to the <u>courtcourt's</u> facsimile machine on time critical matters under the following criteriaor official
 - email account if:
 - prior authorization <u>must befor filing by facsimile or email is</u> received from one of the following court personnel: <u>Judge</u>, law clerk, <u>clerkClerk</u> of <u>courtCourt</u>, or chief deputy; <u>and</u>
 - (2) a cover sheet with a brief statement of time critical status;
 - (3) a fee as established by the clerk of court; and
 - (4) original pleading must be filed (2) within seven (7) days of facsimile or email authorization, together:
 - [A] the original signed document is filed with the court; and
 - [B] any required fees are received by the Clerk of Court.
- (b) Service by Facsimile. [Abrogated.]
- (c) **Notice**. A facsimile copy of any document filed with the clerk of court across the countermust be accompanied by a notice stating:
 - (1) that the document is a facsimile;
 - (2) explaining why the original document cannot be filed; and
 - (3) indicating when the original will be filed with the court.
- (d) Petitions with Facsimile Signatures. A petition bearing a facsimile signature of the debtor(s), filed with the Clerk of Court across the counter on a time critical basis, will be-treated as a facsimile pleading subject to the fee provided in paragraph (a)(3).

Related Provisions:

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9006(a) Time - Computation

Rule 5075-1 Delegation of Ministerial Orders and Notices

(a) **Delegation**. The Clerk of the Court and those deputies as the Clerk may designate are authorized to sign and enter without further direction the followingsuch ministerial orders and notices: as the Chief Judge may direct.

- (1) Orders and notices that establish meeting and hearing dates required or requested by a party in interest under the Code, including orders which fix the last dates for the filing of pleadings by parties in interest as to various matters, including objections to discharge and confirmations of plans, complaints to determine dischargeability of debts, and proofs of claim.
- (2) Final decrees closing cases and discharging the trustees in all cases for which the trustee has reported that there is no estate to administer or for which an order has been entered by a Judge approving the final report and account of the trustee.
- (3) All motions and applications in the clerk's office for issuing summonses, subpoenas, or other mesne process, for issuing final process to enforce and execute judgments, and

LOCAL BANKRUPTCY RULES DISTRICT OF ALASKA (12/1718) for other proceedings which do not require allowance or order of the court, are grantableas a matter of course by the clerk; but the action of the clerk may be suspended or altered or rescinded by the court upon cause shown.

- (4) [Abrogated.]
- (5) Form notices concerning: the entry of an order for relief, the dismissal of a case, the revocation of the discharge of a debtor, the filing of amended schedules, conversion of the case, asset determination and the need to file proofs of claim, and form notice for fees due.
- (6) Orders permitting the payment of filing fees in installments and fixing the number, amount, and date of payment of each installment.
- (7) Orders on consent for the substitution of attorneys.
- (8) Orders on consent satisfying a judgment.
- (9) Orders entering default for failure to plead or otherwise defend (as provided in Rule-55(a), Federal Rules of Civil Procedure).-
- (10) Judgments by default in the circumstances and upon the proof specified in Rule-55(b)(1), Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, including an affidavit that the person againstwhom judgment is sought is not an infant or incompetent person, and an affidavit underthe Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Relief Act of 1940 (as amended) that the defendant is not in the armed forces.
- (11) Routine orders authorizing the appointment of attorneys, accountants, and auctioneers in Chapter 7 cases, provided the allowance of compensation is left for laterdetermination by the court, and provided the pleadings or application to employ do notindicate a potential conflict of interest.
- (12) Orders substituting a transfer of a proof of claim for the original claimant pursuant to-Rule 3001(e)(2), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure upon notice to the original claimant of the filing of the evidence of transfer and a failure by the original claimant toobject.
- (13) Orders for compliance requiring timely filing of schedules and statements and Ordersfor compliance with filing requirements and notices of intent to dismiss for failure tocomply.-
- (14) Discharge orders in Chapter 7 cases.
- (b) Service. [Abrogated.]

Related Provisions:

AK LBR 5005-4 Electronic Case Filing

PART VI

COLLECTION AND LIQUIDATION OF THE ESTATE

Rule 6004-1 Sale of Estate Property

(a) Notice of Sale.

- (1) Other than a sale free and clear of interests, a sale under § 363(b) of the Code is initiated by notice under Rules 2002(a)(2) and 6004, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
- (2) The notice must include:
 - [A] the terms of the sale;
 - [B] name of the purchaser;
 - [C] relationship, if any, of the purchaser to the debtor or trustee;
 - [D] the fair market value of the property;
 - [E] the anticipated professional fees and expenses related to the sale;
 - [F] indicate whether the sale includes personally identifying data; and
 - [G] in a chapter 11 case, whether or not the assets proposed to be sold comprise a major part of debtor's estate or if their sale will affect debtor's ability to continue operating as a going concern.

(b) Sale Free and Clear of Interests.

- (1) A motion for authority to sell property free and clear of liens or other interests is governed by Rule 9014, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and must be served on the parties who have liens or other interests in the property to be sold.
- (2) Unless waived by the court, a hearing must be held before a sale free and clear of liens or encumbrances is granted, even if no objections are filed in response to the notice.
- (3) In addition to the information required under subdivision (a), the notice must include:
 - [A] the date of the hearing on the motion;
 - [B] the time within which objections may be filed;
 - [C] notice that the property is to be sold free and clear of liens or encumbrances;
 - [D] the amount of each lien or encumbrance claimed against the property;
 - [E] the sub-paragraph of § 363(f) of the Code under which the sale is authorized; and
 - [F] if the proceeds of the sale appear to be insufficient to pay all the liens and encumbrances claimed against the property, then the notice must further state—
 - (i) the liens and encumbrances that may not be paid from the sale proceeds, and
 - (ii) the necessity for the sale.
- (4) Unless otherwise provided in the notice, all interests in property sold free and clear of liens and encumbrances attach to the proceeds of sale.
- (c) **Mandatory Discovery Exchange**. Not later than fourteen (14) days after service of any objection to the sale of property, the parties must comply with the requirements of Rule 26(a), Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- (d) Handling Proceeds.
 - (1) Unless the liquidation proceeds are remitted to the case trustee, if one is appointed, at the time of the sale, the auctioneer must deposit all liquidation proceeds in a trust account at a depository approved by the United States trustee.
 - (2) All liquidation proceeds must be remitted to the case trustee within fourteen (14) days after the sale.

- (e) **Report of Sale**. Within thirty (30) days after a sale, auctioneers must submit a report of sale required by Rule 6004, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure to the trustee. The report of sale must include:
 - (1) the date of the sale;
 - (2) the price obtained for each item sold together with:
 - [A] the name and address of each purchaser in the case of an auction; or
 - [B] cash register tapes or appropriate documentation in the case of other types of sales;
 - (3) the total amount of funds received and the amount transferred to the trustee;
 - (4) the compensation and expenses sought by the auctioneer [expense requests must be documented by appropriate receipts or explanation];
 - (5) a statement that the auctioneer or insider did not directly or indirectly acquire an interest in any of the estate property sold; and
 - (6) an explanation and sample of advertising efforts.
- (f) **Bond**. An auctioneer must file a bond with the United States trustee that meets the requirements of the United States trustee.

(g) 11 U.S.C. § 506(b) Claims.

- (1) Unless the claim was previously noticed to the parties in interest in connection with the notice of the proposed sale of the property, a creditor having or claiming to have an interest in the property to be sold who claims post-petition fees, costs or charges under §506(b) of the Code, must, not later than thirty (30) days after the order approving the sale is entered:
 - [A] file with the court an application for allowance of the claim, setting forth the amount of post-petition fees, costs, and charges claimed to be due;
 - [B] transmit the application to the United States trustee, and
 - [C] serve it on—
 - (i) the debtor or trustee, if one has been appointed,
 - (ii) any committee appointed in the case or, if no committee has been appointed, the five (5) largest unsecured creditors, and
 - (iii) any party having or claiming to have an interest in the property being sold.
- (2) A party objecting to the application for allowance of post-petition fees, costs and charges may serve and file an objection, in writing, not later than fourteen (14) days after service of the application.
- (3) If no objection is filed as specified in paragraph (g) (2), the application for allowance will be deemed allowed or approved without further order of the court.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 332	Consumer privacy ombudsman
11 U.S.C. § 345	Money of estates
11 U.S.C. § 363	Use, sale or lease of property
Fed. R. Civ. P. 26	General Provisions Governing Discovery; Duty of Disclosure
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(a)	Twenty-one Day Notices to Parties in Interest
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2014	Employment of Professional Persons
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2016	Compensation for Services Rendered and Reimbursement of
	Expenses
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 6004	Use, Sale or Lease of Property
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9014	Contested Matters
AK LBR 2015-1	Funds of the Estate

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AK LBR 4002-1	Property in Need of Attention or Protection
AK LBR 7026-1	Discovery and Depositions
AK LBR 9013-1	Briefs; Memoranda
AK LBR 9014-1	Contested Matters
AK I BR 0075-1	Hearings; Trials
	Notice of Proposed Sale of Property
AK LBF 23	Notice of Proposed Sale, Use or Lease of Property

Rule 6006-1 Notice of Motion to Assume, Reject or Assign Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases

(a) Service of Notice.

- (1) Twenty-one (21) days' notice of a motion by a party in interest requesting that the court direct the trustee or debtor in possession to assume or reject an executory contract or unexpired lease, or a notice of a motion by the trustee or debtor-in-possession to assume, reject or assign an executory contract or unexpired lease, must be served on:
 - [A] all parties to the lease or contract;
 - [B] all parties who hold or claim any interest in the lease or contract;
 - [C] the debtor;
 - [D] the trustee;
 - [E] any committee appointed under the Code;
 - [F] any attorney or creditor who has filed an appearance or demand for notice; and
 - [G] transmitted to the United States trustee in chapter 11 cases.
- (2) If an insider has interests or obligations described in paragraph (b)(2), notice must be given to all parties on the master mailing list.<u>Master Mailing List.</u>

(b) Contents of Notice.

- (1) Notice of the motion must include a brief summary of the significant terms of the contract or lease, and assignment, if any.
- (2) Notice of the motion must disclose whether any insider-
 - [A] is a party to the lease or contract or has any other interest in the lease or contract;
 - [B] has any obligations arising under the lease or contract, whether contingent, liquidated or unliquidated, fixed, or otherwise; and
 - [C] the nature of the insider's interests and obligations.
- (3) If assumption is desired and the contract or lease is in default, the notice must specify:
 - [A] the manner in which the default will be cured;
 - [B] compensation for damages provided; and
 - [C] adequate assurance of future performance provided.
- (c) **Mandatory Discovery Exchange**. Not later than fourteen (14) days after any objection to the motion to assume, reject or assign an executory contract or unexpired lease is filed, the parties will comply with the requirements of Rule 26(a), Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 365	Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases
11 U.S.C. § 1113(d)(1)	Rejection of Collective Bargaining Agreements
Fed. R. Civ. P. 26	General Provisions Governing Discovery; Duty of Disclosure
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(a)	Twenty-one-Day Notices to Parties in Interest
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 6006	Assumption, Rejection, and Assignment of Executory Contracts
AK LBR 9013-1	Briefs; Memoranda

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AK LBR 9075-1	Hearings; Trials
AK LBF 25-1	-Notice of Motion to (Assume/Reject) Executory Contract or-
	Unexpired Lease
AK BE 25-2	Notice of Motion to Compel (Trustee/Debtor in Possession) to-
/ # (<u>L</u> D) <u>L</u> O <u>L</u>	(Assume/Reject) Executory Contract or Lease

Rule 6007-1 Abandonment of Property of the Estate

- (a) Notice Period. A motion to abandon specific property brought by a party in interest, or a notice of proposed abandonment brought by a trustee or debtor in possession, must provide a fourteen- (14-) day notice period and be served on all parties on the master mailing listMaster Mailing List, unless the court orders otherwise.
- (b) Content of Notice. The notice must include:
 - (1) A description of the property or interest involved;
 - (2) The fair market value of the property or interest; and
 - (3) A description of any encumbrances against the property or interest.
- (c) **Unscheduled Property**. Any property not scheduled under § 521(1) of the Code or otherwise administered at the time of the closing of a case is not abandoned to the debtor or administered for purposes of § 350 of the Code.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 554	Abandonment of Property of the Estate
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 6007	Abandonment or Disposition of Property
AK LBR 9013-1	Briefs; Memoranda
AK LBR 9075-1	Hearings; Trials

Rule 6008-1 Redemption of Property in Chapter 7 Cases

- (a) **General**. Approval of redemption agreements under § 722 of the Code is by motion filed by the debtor and governed by Rule 9013, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
- (b) Motion. A motion for approval of a redemption agreement must contain the following:
 - (1) a complete description of the article to be redeemed;
 - (2) have attached—
 - [A] a copy of the security agreement, and
 - [B] evidence of perfection of the security interest, if perfection is required under otherwise applicable law;
 - (3) the redemption price;
 - (4) [A] fair market value of the property to be redeemed, and
 - [B] method by which the fair market value was determined; and
 - (5) if the fair market value of the property exceeds the redemption price, a certification that the excess of the fair market value over the redemption price is exempt under § 522 of the Code.
- (c) Service of the Motion. The motion must be:
 - (1) transmitted to the United States trustee; and
 - (2) served on—
 - [A] the trustee, and
 - [B] any creditor affected by the redemption.

(d) **Objection**.

- (1) An objection to a motion to redeem property must be served and filed not later than twenty-one (21) days after the motion is transmitted and served as provided in subsection (c).
- (2) If an objection is filed, either party may submit a Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request form (AK LBF 7) as provided in AK LBR 9075-1(c).
- (3) Except as provided in subsection (e), if no objection is served and filed within the time provided in paragraph (1), the motion will be deemed approved without further order of the court.

(e) Hearing.

- (1) *Represented Debtor*. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, if the debtor is represented by counsel, in the absence of an objection to the motion, no hearing on the motion is required.
- (2) Unrepresented Debtor. In a case in which the debtor is not represented by counsel, the party filing the motion must, at the same time the motion is filed, submit a Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request form (AK LBF 7) as provided in AK LBR 9075-1(c).

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 722	- Redemption
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 6008	Redemption of Property From Lien or Sale
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9013	Motions: Form and Service
AK LBR 9013-1	Briefs; Memoranda
AK LBR 9075-1	Hearings; Trials
AK LBF 7	Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request

PART VII ADVERSARY PROCEEDINGS

Rule 7001-1 Local District Civil Rules Adopted in Adversary Proceedings

In addition to the <u>rulesRules</u> adopted in Rule 1001-1(f), <u>United States</u> District <u>Court for the</u> <u>District of</u> Alaska Local <u>Civil</u> Rules 7.1 [except 7.1(i), (j)],b) and (d)], 7.2, 15.1, and 41.1 apply to adversary proceedings under Rule 7001, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

Related Provisions:

28 U.S.C. § 1930(b)	Fees
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7001	Scope of Rules of Part VII
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7004(b)(9)	Service by First Class Mail Upon Debtor
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7004(f)	Summons: Time Limit for Service
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7010	Form of Pleadings
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9025	Security: Proceedings Against Sureties
D.AK LR 7.1	Motion Practice
D.AK LR 15.1	Motions to Amend
D.AK LR 41.1	Dismissal of Actions
AK LBR 1001-1(f)	U.S. District Court Rules Adopted
AK LBR 7003-1	Commencement of Action
AK LBR 7026-1	Discovery and Depositions
AK LBR 9004-2	Form of Pleadings and Other Papers
AK LBR 9015-1	Jury Trials
	-

Rule 7003-1 Commencement of Action

(a) An adversary complaint must be accompanied by:
 (a) a Bankruptcy Cover Sheet;
 (b) (1) a completed summons for each named defendant; and
 (c) (2) the filing fee, if required.

Related Provisions:

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7003 Co	mmencement of an(b) Adversary complaints filed conventionally
must also be accompanie	ed by a completed Official Form B1040, Adversary Proceeding
Cover Sheet.	
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7004	Process; Service of Summons, Complaint
AK LBR 5005-4	- Electronic Filing
AK LBR 7001-1	Adversary Proceedings
Director's Form B 2500A	Summons in an Adversary Proceeding
Director's Form B 2500B	Summons and Notice of Pretrial Conference in an Adversary
	Proceeding
Director's Form B 2500C	Summons and Notice of Trial in an Adversary Proceeding
Director's Form B 2500D	-Third-Party Summons-
Director's Form B 2500E	Summons to Debtor in Involuntary Case

Rule 7004-1 Service on Debtor's Attorney

If a debtor is represented by an attorney in the main bankruptcy case, whenever service is made upon the debtor under Rule 7004, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, service of the

summons and complaint shall also be served upon the debtor's attorney by any means authorized by Rule 7005, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

Related Provisions:

 Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7004
 Process; Service of Summons, Complaint

 Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7005
 Service and Filing of Pleadings and Other Papers

Rule 7005-1 Electronic Service [Abrogated.]

Rule 7008-1 Pleadings [Abrogated.]

Rule 7012-1 Consent to Entry of Final Order or Judgment

In an adversary proceeding before the <u>bankruptcy courtBankruptcy Court</u>, the complaint, counterclaim, cross-claim, or third-party complaint and any responsive pleading thereto must contain a statement that the pleader does or does not consent to entry of final orders or judgment by the <u>bankruptcy courtBankruptcy Court</u>.

Rule 7016-1 Pretrial Procedure

- (a) Pretrial Conference. A pretrial conference may be set by the court in a contested matter or adversary proceeding. At the pretrial conference the attorneys for the parties will be prepared to:
 - (1) consider those matters specified in Rule 16, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure;
 - (2) determine the dates for-
 - [A] closing of witness lists,
 - [B] closing or limiting discovery,
 - [C] settlement conferences,
 - [D] exchanging and filing exhibits, and
 - [E] trial; and
 - (3) review any materials or reports ordered by the court to be filed in a pretrial or status conference order.
- (b) **Appearance by Responsible Attorney**. The attorneys who will be in charge of each party's case must:
 - (1) attend personally, unless alternative appearance has been approved by the Court; and
 - (2) be prepared to discuss in detail and in good faith-
 - [A] the issues of fact and law remaining,
 - [B] the evidence to be presented, and
 - [C] the respective positions of the various parties.

(c) Pretrial or Status Conference Report.

- (1) If the court so orders, the parties will meet and in good faith attempt to file a report indicating the contested and uncontested facts and issues of law.
- (2) The parties must meet and discuss the case before the pretrial conference to eliminate the need to litigate uncontested matters.

(d) Status and Settlement Conferences.

- (1) At the request of any party or on its own motion, the court may order additional status conferences to be held with respect to any adversary proceeding or contested matter.
- (2) Settlement conferences may be scheduled when the parties or the court believes it would be productive.

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(3) A status or settlement conference may be requested by any party in interest by submitting a Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request form (AK LBF 7) as provided in AK LBR 9075-1(c).

(e) Notice of Pretrial, Status or Settlement Conference.

- (1) Notice of a pretrial, status or settlement conference must be given to all parties who have appeared in the adversary proceeding not less than fourteen (14) days prior to the conference date.
- (2) Notice of a status or settlement conference shall be made in the method ordered by the Court.

Related Provisions:

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7016(Adopting Fed. R. Civ. P. 16) Pretrial ProcedureAK LBR 9075-1(c)Hearings; TrialsAK LBF 7Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request

Rule 7016-2 Pre-trial Procedures [Abrogated.]

Rule 7026-1 Discovery Documents.

<u>Unless otherwise ordered by the court, disclosures under Rule 26(a), Federal Rules of Civil</u> <u>Procedure, depositions, interrogatories, requests for production, and requests for admission are</u> <u>not to be filed with the court until used in the proceeding.</u>

Rule 7037-1 Failure to Make Discovery; Sanctions

(a) **Discovery Motions**.

- (1) If a matter arises under Rules 7026 through 7037, inclusive, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, and if the matter is opposed, counsel must prepare and file a certificate that they have conferred with respect to the pending matter and enumerate therein the matters remaining for determination by the court.
 - [A] The court will not consider a motion, objection, order to show cause, petition or similar matter arising under the cited rules until the certificate of compliance is filed.
 - [B] Counsel for the moving party will arrange for such conferences.
 - [C] Should opposing counsel fail or refuse to confer with counsel for the moving party when requested to do so, this fact will be reported promptly in writing to the court.
- (2) If the motion or other matter is heard and the court finds the motion or opposition thereto to be without substantial justification, or that counsel for any party refused to meet and confer, or having met, refused or failed to confer in good faith, the court may assess costs, including attorney's fees, if appropriate, against the offending party.
- (b) Local District Rules Adopted. District Alaska Local Rule 37.1 applies to discovery matters.

Related Provisions:

 Fed. R. Civ. P. 26 - 37
 (Discovery Rules)

 Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7026 - 7037 (Discovery Rules)

 D.AK LR 37.1
 Failure to Make Disclosure or Cooperate in Discovery; Sanctions

Rule 7041-1 Dismissal of Discharge Actions

(a) **Required Information**. Unless it is contained in the stipulation or settlement agreement, a stipulation or request by the plaintiff to dismiss a complaint brought to bar discharge of a debtor must be accompanied by a separate statement, signed by counsel (or by the party if

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not represented by counsel) for all parties to the stipulation or settlement agreement, setting forth:

- (1) any consideration, monetary or otherwise, to be received by the plaintiff;
- (2) the basis and source of that consideration; or
- (3) that the plaintiff is not to receive any consideration.

(b) Notice.

- (1) Notice of the stipulation or settlement must contain a clear and concise statement of the consideration, if any, to be received by the plaintiff.
- (2) In addition to the persons specified in Rule 7041, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, notice of the stipulated dismissal must be given to:
 - [A] any party in interest having filed a special request for notice; and
 - [B] (i) any creditor having filed a proof of claim, or
 - (ii) in a case in which no claims are to be filed, the five (5) largest unsecured creditors other than those creditors whose claims are nondischargeable under § 523 of the Code.

(c) **Opposition**.

- (1) A party in interest opposing dismissal of the § 727 complaint may file a written opposition thereto within twenty-one (21) days of the date the notice is served and:
 - [A] serve a copy on—
 - (i) the parties to the adversary action, and
 - (ii) the case trustee; and
 - [B] transmit a copy to the United States trustee.
- (2) Any opposition to the dismissal must set forth:
 - [A] specifically the basis for the objection;
 - [B] any terms or conditions the objecting party requests be imposed on the dismissal; and
 - [C] a statement of whether or not the objecting party is agreeable to substituting as party plaintiff in the action.

(d) Hearing.

- (1) In any case in which the plaintiff is to receive consideration in any form in exchange for dismissal, unless the court, for cause, otherwise orders, a hearing must be held before a discharge action is dismissed by stipulation or agreement of the parties, even if no objection is filed in response to the notice.
- (2) [A] In any case where the plaintiff is not to receive consideration in any form in exchange for the dismissal, the court may deny, grant, or impose terms and conditions on dismissal of the action without a hearing.
 - [B] If an objection or opposition to dismissal is timely filed, ordinarily the court will not grant dismissal without a hearing.
- (e) **Dismissal for Lack of Prosecution**. Any proceeding that has been pending in this court for more than one (1) year without any activity of record may, after notice, be dismissed for want of prosecution on motion by any party, or by the court. In addition, in appropriate circumstances, the court may issue an order to show cause why a proceeding should not be dismissed regardless of how long it has been pending.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 523Exceptions to Discharge11 U.S.C. § 727Discharge

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7041	Dismissal of Adversary Proceedings
AK LBR 9075-1	Hearings; Trials
AK LBF 7	Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request
AK LBF 17	Notice of Application for Approval of Stipulation or Settlement
	Agreement
AK LBF 24	- Notice of Hearing
	.

Rule 7056-1 Summary Judgment

- (a) Opposition Documents Required. A party opposing a motion for summary judgment must serve and file simultaneously with the brief in opposition to the motion a statement of genuine issues setting forth clearly, concisely, completely and candidly those issues of material fact that must be tried.
- (b) **Response Deadlines**. Unless the Court orders otherwise, the opposition must be served and filed within twenty-one (21) days of the service of the motion, and a reply, if any, must be served and filed within fourteen (14) days after service of the opposition.

Deleted	Drovisions
Related	TTOTISIONS.

Fed. R. Civ. P. 56	Summary Judgment
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7056	Summary Judgment
AK LBR 9013-1	Briefs, Memoranda

PART VIIIIVIII

APPEALS TO DISTRICT COURT OR BANKRUPTCY APPELLATE PANEL

Rule 8001-1 Appeals Appellate Procedure; Governing Rules

(a) Bankruptcy Appellate Panel.

(1) Unless otherwise provided by statute or the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, appeals from the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Alaska will be heard by the Bankruptcy Appellate Panel of the Ninth Circuit- (BAP).

(b) District Court.

- (1) Unless otherwise specifically provided in these rules, (2) Appeals to the provisions of Part-VIII (Rule 8001, *et seq*), <u>BAP are governed by the</u> Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, <u>apply to appeals</u> and the Rules of the Bankruptcy Appellate Panel of the <u>Ninth Circuit</u>.
- (b) **District Court**. Appeals from the U.S.United States Bankruptcy Court heard byfor the U.S.District of Alaska to the United States District Court for the District of Alaska. are governed by the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure 8001, et seq. and the Local Rules (Civil) of the United States District Court for the District of Alaska.
 - (2) In the event of any conflict between these Rules and the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, the (c) Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals. Direct appeals to the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals (see 28 U.S.C. § 158(d)(2)) are governed by Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure prevail.

Related Provisions:

28 U.S.C. § 158	Appeals
Misc. General Order 503	Order Referring Bankruptcy Cases and Proceedings to
	Bankruptcy Judges8004 and Authorizing Bankruptcy Appeals to
	be Decided by the 9th Circuit Bankruptcy Appellate Panel
Fed. R. Bankr. P., Part VIII	Appeals to District Court or Bankruptcy Appellate Panel
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 8001	Scope of Part VIII Rules; Definition of "BAP"; Method of
	Transmission
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 8002	Time for Filing Notice of Appeal
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 8003	Appeal as of Right—How Taken; Docketing the Appeal
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 8004	Appeal by Leave—How Taken; Docketing the Appeal
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 8005	Election to Have an Appeal Heard by the District Court Instead of
	the BAP
Fed. R. Bank. P. 8006	Certifying a Direct Appeal to the Court of Appeals
Official Form B 417A	Notice of Appeal and Statement of Election
Official Form B 417B	Appellee Statement of Election to Proceed in District Court
Federalthe Rules of Appellate	e Procedurethe Ninth Circuit.
Rules of the United States Ba	ankruptcy Appellate Panel of the Ninth Circuit

Rule 8015-1 Form and Length of Briefs; Form of Appendices and Other Papers (a) Form of Briefs.

- (1) Briefs must conform to Rule 8015, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure *or* District Alaska Local Rule 10.1(a).
- (2) References to the record on appeal must be made to:[A] the docket entry number and page of the pleading; or

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(b) Request to File Overlength Brief.

- (1) A request to file an overlength brief must be made by motion not later than the date the brief is due and set forth with particularity the reason(s) it is necessary to file an overlength brief.
- (2) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, no opposition to a motion to file an overlength brief may be filed.
- (3) A motion to file an overlength brief extends the time to file the brief for the time the motion is pending before the district judge plus seven (7) days after the motion is granted or denied.
- (4) A motion to file an overlength brief not acted upon by the district judge within fourteen (14) days after the date the motion is filed will be deemed denied and the brief conforming to the <u>rulesLocal Civil Rules</u> must be filed within seven (7) days thereafter.

Related Provisions:

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 8014BriefsFed. R. Bankr. P. 8015Form and Length of Briefs; Form of Appendices and Other PapersFed. R. Bankr. P. 8016Cross-AppealsFed. R. Bankr. P. 8017Brief of an Amicus CuriaeD.AK. LR 10.1Form of Pleadings, Motions and other Papers

Rule 8018-1 Extension of Time to File Briefs

- (a) **By Stipulation**. The parties may, by written stipulation filed with the court, extend the time for filing any brief for a period not to exceed fourteen (14) days, which stipulation does not require approval by the court.
- (b) By Motion.
 - (1) A party requesting an extension of time within which to file a brief, other than as provided in subdivision (a), must do so by motion.
 - (2) A motion to extend the time for filing a brief must be served and filed on or before the date the brief is due.
 - (3) The moving party must set forth in the motion:
 - [A] that the moving party has conferred with the other party(ies) to the appeal and advise the court whether the motion is opposed or unopposed;
 - [B] the date the brief is due;
 - [C] whether any other extensions have been granted;
 - [D] the reason(s) the extension is requested; and
 - [E] the amount of time requested.
 - (4) A party opposing the motion for an extension may serve and file a written opposition within seven (7) days after the motion is served.

Related Provisions:

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 8016	-Cross-Appeals
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 8018	Serving and Filing Briefs; Appendices
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9006	-Time
AK LBR 8018-2	Failure to Timely File Briefs

Rule 8018-2 Failure to Timely File Briefs

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- (a) Leave to File Late Brief.
 - (1) A brief may be filed after the time for filing a brief, including any extensions of time for filing, has lapsed only by leave of the court.
 - (2) Leave of court must be obtained by motion and, unless otherwise ordered by the court, no opposition to the motion may be served and filed.
 - (3) The moving party must set forth in the motion:
 - [A] that the moving party has conferred with the other party(ies) to the appeal and must advise the court whether the motion is opposed or unopposed;
 - [B] the date the brief was due;
 - [C] whether any extensions were given to file the brief; and
 - (4) The motion must be accompanied by:
 - [A] an affidavit or declaration under penalty of perjury stating the reason for seeking leave to file the brief late; and
 - [B] a copy of the brief proposed to be filed.
- (b) Failure by Appellant to File Brief. In the event the appellant fails to file appellant's principal brief by the time the principal brief is due, including any extensions of time for filing, the clerk will issue a notice that unless, within ten (10) days after notice is sent, the brief, together with a motion under subsection (a) is filed, or good cause for the failure to file the brief be shown, the clerk will enter an order dismissing the appeal.
- (c) **Failure by Appellee to File Brief**. Failure by an appellee to file appellee's principal brief may be deemed by the court as an admission that the appeal is well-taken.

Related Provisions:

AK LBR 8018-1 Extension of Time to File Briefs

Rule 8019-1 Oral Argument

(a) Setting of Oral Argument.

- (1) Unless the court determines oral argument is not needed, the court will set the matter for oral argument on not less than twenty-eight (28) days' notice to the parties.
- (2) In the event the court deems oral argument is not needed, the court will give the parties notice of the determination and, unless a request for oral argument is made under subdivision (b) and granted by the court, the matter will be submitted on the briefs without oral argument.
- (b) Request for Oral Argument. Any party desiring oral argument on all, or any part of, the issues presented on appeal must, within seven (7) days of the date notice is given under paragraph (a)(2), serve and file a request for oral argument, specifying the reason(s) oral argument is deemed necessary.

Related Provisions:

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 8019 Oral Argument

Rule 8025-1 Stay Pending Appeal to a Circuit Court of Appeals

(a) Motion.

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- (1) A party filing a motion for stay pending further appeal to the court of appeals must set forth in the motion:
 - [A] the date that the notice of appeal to court of appeals was filed or is expected to be filed;

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- [B] whether a stay pending appeal to the district court was requested and the ruling thereon;
- [C] that the moving party has conferred with the other party(ies) to the appeal and advise the court whether the stay is opposed or unopposed;
- [D] with particularity the irreparable injury or harm that will result to the moving party in the event the stay is not granted;
- [E] any known or anticipated harm or injury to any other party to the appeal or the public interest: and
- [F] the moving party's suggestion regarding any condition, bond or security to be imposed as a condition of granting a stay.
- (2) Any evidentiary matter referred to in the motion that is not a matter of record must be presented by affidavit or declaration under penalty of perjury.

(b) **Opposition to Motion for Stay**.

- (1) A party opposing the motion for a stay pending further appeal may file a written opposition to the motion within fourteen (14) days after the date of service of the motion.
- (2) The opposition to a motion for stay must set forth:
 - [A] with particularity the reasons for the opposition; and
 - [B] the opposing party's suggestion of any conditions, bond or security to be imposed as a condition of granting a stay.
- (c) **Hearing**. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, a motion for a stay pending further appeal to the court of appeals will be submitted for decision without oral argument.

Related Provisions:

Fed. R. App. P. 8Stay or Injunction Pending AppealFed. R. Bankr. P. 7062Stay of Proceedings to Enforce a JudgmentFed. R. Bankr. P. 8025Stay of Judgment of District Court or Bankruptcy Appellate PanelFed. R. Bankr. P. 9006TimeD.AK. LR 10.1Form of Pleadings and Other Papers

Rule 8026-1 Local District Court Rules Adopted

To the extent not inconsistent with the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and these rulesRules, the Local Rules (Civil) for the United States District Court for the District of Alaska apply to bankruptcy appeals to thisthat court.

Related Provisions:

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 8026	Rules by Circuit Councils and District Courts; Procedure When
	There is No Controlling Law
D.AK. LR 1.1	Scope and Purpose of the Rules
D.AK. LR 1.3	Sanctions
D.AK. LR 3.3	Venue and Place of Trial
D.AK. LR 5.1	Filing and Proof of Service When Service is Required by Rule 5,
	Federal Rules of Civil Procedure
D.AK. LR 5.5	Service on Parties by the Court
D.AK. LR 7.1	Motion Practice
D.AK. LR 7.3	Telephonic Participation in Civil Cases
D.AK. LR 7.4	Proposed Orders
D.AK. LR 10.1	Form of Pleadings and Other Papers

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D.AK. LR 39.5 D.AK. LR 40.1	Courtroom Conduct Judicial Assignments
D.AK. LR 40.2	Notice of Related Cases
D.AK. LR 80.1	Record of Proceedings
D.AK. LR 82.1	Photographs, Video or Audio Recorders, Broadcasts Prohibited
D.AK. LR 83.1	Attorneys
D.AK. LR 83.2	Student Practice Rule

PART IX GENERAL PROVISIONS

Rule 9001-1 Meaning of Words and PhrasesDefinitions

- (a) General. The definition and construction of words and phrases in the Bankruptcy Code and Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure govern the use of those words and phrases in these <u>rulesRules</u>.
- (b) "Business Days" and "Manager."
- (1) "Business." The term "business days" means days that the clerk's office Office of the Clerk is normally open for business, *i.e.*, Monday Friday, excluding holidays.
- (2<u>c</u>) "**Manager**". <u>The term "manager</u>," when used in conjunction with a limited liability company, includes any member of a member-managed limited liability company.
- (ed) "Conventional Filing." As used in these rules, the The term "conventional filing" means the physical filing of thea paper original of a pleading or other document by delivery to with the Clerk of the Court either in person at a court intake window or via delivery utilizing the U.S. Postal Service, Fed-Ex, UPS, DHL, or similar services.
- (de) "CM/ECF System." As used in these rules, the The term "CM/ECF System" means the Case Management and Electronic Case Management System established and maintained by the Clerk of the Court.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 101	Definitions-
11 U.S.C. § 102	Rules(f) "Matrix" or "Master Mailing List." The list of
	Construction
11 U.S.C. § 1101	Chapter 11 Definitions
11 U.S.C. § 741	Definitions of Stockbroker Liquidation
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1001	Scope of Rules
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9001	General Definitions
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9002	Meaning of Words in the entities filed pursuant to Rule 1007(a),
	Federal Rules of CivilBankruptcy Procedure-
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9006	Computing and Extending Time; Time for Motion Papers
AK LBR 5003-2	Court Records
AK LBR 5005-4	Electronic Case Filing

Rule 9003-1 Reminders to Court

(a) **Reminders Permitted.** In the event a Judge has under advisement any matter, including, but not limited to, a motion or decision in a bench trial, for a period of more thansixty (60) days, each party affected by the undecided matter should send an email toecf_orders@akb.uscourts.gov particularly describing the matter under advisement and stating the date the matter was taken under advisement.

(b) Intervals for Subsequent Reminders. As long <u>, is referred to</u> as the matter remains underadvisement, at intervals of forty-five (45) days thereafter, each affected party should send asimilar email to ecf-orders@akb.uscourts.gov..<u>"Master Mailing List" or "Matrix."</u>

Related Provisions:

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9003 Prohibition of Ex Parte Contacts

Rule 9004-1 Form of Pleadings and Other Papers

- (a) **Form in General**. Except as otherwise provided in these <u>rulesRules</u>, all documents, including exhibits, other than forms prescribed elsewhere, presented for filing with the clerk or intended for use of the judge must:
 - (1) be upon letter size (8¹/₂ inches X 11 inches) white paper of good quality;
 - (2) have a margin of not less than one inch (1") on all four sides of each page;
 - (3) be either in original clear and legible typewriting, or in clear and legible printing;
 - (4) be in either double-spaced or one-and-one-half-spaced typewriting or printing, except that quotations exceeding fifty (50) words are to be single-spaced and indented;
 - (5) if consisting of more than one page, have each consecutive page numbered at the bottom of each page;
 - (6) be printed or written upon only one side of the paper;
 - (7) utilize twelve (12) point or ten (10) pitch type;
 - (8) each pleading filed as a separate document and, if filed conventionally, all pages of each document securely clipped but not stapled together; and
 - (9) names are to be typed or printed beneath signatures on all documents.

(b) Notices.

- (1) Notices served upon creditors and parties in interest may be doubled-sided and singlespaced to conserve paper.
- (2) Original notices filed with the court must be single-sided.
- (c) **Information to be Placed on First Page**. The first page of each document must be prepared as follows:
 - (1) The first page of each document shall contain a case caption that conforms to either the Official Form for Caption (Short Title), Form B 416B, or the Official Form for Use in Adversary Proceeding, Form B 416D, unless otherwise ordered by the court.
 - (2) The following information must be included in the top of the first page, preceding the case caption:
 - [A] The name, address, telephone number and email address of the attorney appearing for a party to an action or proceeding and the name of the party, or of a person appearing without an attorney, typewritten or printed in the space to the left of center of the paper and beginning at least one inch (1") below the top edge.
 - [B] Following the name, address and telephone number, indicate the party represented, *e.g.*, Attorney for Creditor John Doe, Attorney for Trustee, as appropriate.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 342	-Notice
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1005	Caption of Petition
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007	Lists, Schedules, and Statements; Time Limits
Official Form B 416A	-Caption
Official Form B 416B	Caption (Short Title)
Official Form B 416D	Caption for Use in Adversary Proceeding other than for a
	Complaint Filed by a Debtor

Rule 9006-1 Motion to ShortenShortening Time

(a) Motion to Shorten Time. A motion seeking to shorten time formust:

(1) include a description of the relief requested in the underlying motion and concisely state the reasons a hearing on shortened notice is necessary;

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(2) be accompanied a sworn statement setting forth the following:

[A] the efforts to contact opposing counsel or other interested parties to obtain their consent to a hearing on shortened time;

[B] when that contact was made;

[C] the method of contact, or if counsel or the parties were not consulted, how the movant attempted to contact counsel or the parties; and

[D] whether such consent was obtained.

(3) In addition to filing the motion for shortened notice, a movant seeking shortened time must:

[A] separately file the motion the movant seeks to have heard on shortened time; and

[B] lodge a proposed order granting the motion for shortened time.

(b) Notice of Shortened Time.

(1) The moving party must serve the motion to shorten time, the underlying motion and a notice of the hearing to be held on shortened time on all parties affected by the motions via expedited means (*i.e.*, email, facsimile, overnight mail, etc.).

[A] Unless otherwise ordered by the court, in any matter requiring less than seven (7) days' notice the moving party must, on or before the same day as written notice is given, give telephonic notice of any hearing set to the opposing party(ies), debtor and trustee, or their attorneys, if they are represented.

[B] Telephonic notice is not required if a party has not provided a current telephone number.

[C] An affidavit or declaration of telephonic notice must be filed with the court prior to the scheduled hearing.

(2) The notice must conform to Rule 9006(c), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, and the party making the motion must serve the motion on all parties affected by the motion, and such other parties as the court may direct.

Related Provisions:

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9006 Time AK LBR 9013-1 Briefs; Memoranda

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Rule 9009-1 Local Forms

- (a) The local bankruptcy forms contained in the appendix to these rules<u>The Local</u> <u>Bankruptcy Forms (available at www.akb.uscourts.gov)</u> should be observed<u>utilized</u> and used with alterations as may be appropriate.
- (b) Forms may be rearrangedaltered to permit economies in their use, as appropriate.
- (c) All local bankruptcy forms will be construed to be consistent with the Bankruptcy Code, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, and these rules.

Related Provisions:

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9009Forms-AppendixLocal Bankruptcy Forms-

Rule 9010-1 Appearances

Rule 9010-1 Appearances

- (a) Appearances by Attorneys or Parties.
 - (1) [A] The(1) With the exception of proofs of claim filed on the claims register, the filing of any document in a bankruptcy case or adversary proceeding constitutes an appearance by the attorney who signs the document, <u>but</u>.
- [B] an [A] An attorney who wishes to be added to the appearance noted on Matrix in a case, but does not file any other document, must file a request for special notice in the docketcase or proceeding.
 - [B] Attorneys representing chapter 11 debtors must still obtain express court approval of their employment pursuant to § 327 of the Code and the matrix must separately file an entry of appearance. Rule 2014, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
 - (2) Whenever a party is represented by counsel, the party may not appear or <u>otherwise</u> act on his, her, or its own behalf.
 - (3) When a party is not an individual: Representation of Non-Individuals.
 - [A] A debtor who is not an individual must be represented by an attorney; and.
 - [B] A party, other than a debtor, that is not an <u>non-individual will not be allowed to</u> represent itself except, non-debtor party may appear without counsel only in the <u>following limited circumstances</u>:
 - (i) with respect to contested matters where its claim or interest does not exceed the jurisdictional limit on small claims actions brought in the Alaska Court System,
 - (ii) for the purpose of executing filing a proof of claim in a bankruptcy case, $\frac{1}{2}$ or
 - (iii) at the meeting of creditors held under § 341 of the Code.
 - (4) [A_[C] In a case to which subparagraph (3)[B] applies, the<u>a</u> corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or unincorporated association may appear through <u>a</u>corporate officer, general partner, manager of a limited liability company, associationofficer, or a designated employee one of the following:
 - [B] If the representative is not _____(i) a corporate officer;
 - <u>(ii) a</u> general partner,
 - (iii) a manager of a limited liability company, or;
 - (iv) an association officer, the; or
 - (v) a designated employee.
 - (I) Prior to participation in a case or proceeding, a designated employee representative must file with the court prior to participation written authorization signed by a corporate officer, general partner, manager of a

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> <u>limited liability company, or association officerperson listed in subparagraph</u> <u>4[A](i)-(iv) above</u> designating such <u>personemployee</u> as the representative and acknowledging that the <u>corporation</u>, <u>partnership</u>, <u>limited liability company</u>, <u>or unincorporated associationentity</u> will be bound by the actions of the designated employee._

- (b) Limited Appearance by Counsel in Adversary Proceedings and Contested Matters. A party in an adversary proceeding or contested matter may appear through an attorney for limited purposes during the course of an action, including, but not limited to, depositions, hearings, discovery, and motion practice, if the following conditions are satisfied:
 - (1) The attorney files and serves an entry of appearance with the court before or during the initial action or proceeding that expressly states that the appearance is limited, and all parties of record are served with the limited entry of appearance; and
 - (2) The entry of appearance specifically identifies the limitation by date, time period, or subject matter.
- (c) Limited Appearance by Debtor's Counsel in Individual Cases.
 - (1) An attorney appearing for an individual debtor in a case under chapter 7 of the Code:
 - [A] is conclusively presumed to have entered an appearance as counsel for the debtor in all matters or proceedings in the case, except—
 - (i) adversary proceedings, whether or not initiated in connection with the case, and
 - (ii) those matters and proceedings specifically designated as excluded on the statement filed under § 329 of the Code and Rule 2016(b), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure; and
 - [B] the attorney filing the petition and/or the schedules may not exclude fromrepresentation appearance at the meeting of creditors held under § 341 of the Codeand all continuances thereof until the meeting is concluded.
 - (2) An attorney who provides counsel or assistance to an individual debtor in thepreparation of the schedules and statements required under § 521(a) of the Code and-Rule1007(b), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, or a plan under § 1221 or § 1321of the Code, must enter an appearance as counsel for the debtor and comply with § 329of the Code and Rule 2016(b) before or at the time the schedules and statements, orplan, are filed by the debtor.
 - (3) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, an attorney may provide limited representation of a debtor under subsection (b).
- (d(b) Withdrawal or Substitution of Attorney.
 - (1) (1) The following provisions apply to bankruptcy cases and adversary proceedings pending before the court.
 - (2) Withdrawal of Attorney.
 - [A] Except as provided Attorneys for Debtors.
 - (i) If an attorney has obtained written consent of chapter 7, 12, or 13 debtor(s) (but <u>NOT chapter 11 debtors) to withdraw from representation, the attorney may file a</u> notice of withdrawal and serve that notice of withdrawal on the Matrix.
 - (I) The notice of withdrawal must bear the attorney's signature, the debtor's original (holographic/wet) signature(s) and include the debtor's current mailing address.

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- (a) Participants in paragraph (d)(5), an the CM/ECF System must retain the original document and may file an imaged (scanned) digital copy of the notice of withdrawal with the court.
- (II) Withdrawal will be effective upon filing the notice of withdrawal with client consent service of the notice in accordance with AK LBR 9010-1(b)(4), and no order of the court shall be required or entered.
- (ii) If an attorney has not obtained written consent of a chapter 7, 12 or 13 debtor to withdraw from representation, or the attorney represents a chapter 11 debtor, the attorney who wishes to withdraw must file a <u>noticed</u> motion, which motion must set forth stating:
- (i (l) the reason(s) for the request;
- (ii (II) the names and last known addresses and telephone numbers of the persons represented by the withdrawing attorney; of the debtor(s); and
- (iii (III) any significant events or deadlines that are set in the case or proceeding, e.g., a trial or pretrial conference, hearings, etc., and the date and time of the events or deadlines.
- [B] A notice (IV)Notice of the motion to withdraw must be given, which must include:

(i (a) the names and last known addresses and telephone numbersname(s) of the personsdebtor(s) represented by the withdrawing attorney;

- (ii (b) the date when the attorney intends to withdraw, which date must not be less than twenty-one (21) days after the service of date the notice is served; and
- (iii (c) a statement that an order permitting the withdrawal may be entered without <u>further notice or hearing</u> unless an objection to the withdrawal is filed within <u>fourteen (14) days of</u> the time set forth in date the notice.
- (2) Substitution of Attorneys. Substitution of attorneys is accomplished by the filing of a document that must include the effective date of substitution.

[A] The document must be:

(i) signed by both attorneys; or

- (ii) signed by the new attorney and the client with notice to the original attorney.
- [B] Court approval of substitution of attorneys is required only where a provision of the Bankruptcy Code or Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure requires approval of the employment of an attorney in the first instance.
 - (3) Service of Motion to Withdraw or Substitution of Attorneys. A notice of a motion to withdraw as attorney, or a substitution of attorneys, must be was served on the following:.
- [A] In the case of an attorney for debtor, trustee, or debtor in possession—all those listed on the master mailing list.-
- [B] In the case of an attorney representing a party to an adversary proceeding or contested matter—

(i) the attorney's client, and

(ii) all other parties to the adversary proceeding or contested matter; and

[C] In the case of all other attorneys ---

- (i) the attorney's client,
- (ii) the debtor or debtor in possession,
 - ____(iii) any trustee, and

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(iv) transmit a copy to the United States trustee.

[D] The client may be served at the client's last known address, but service upon the client is unnecessary if the client's written consent to withdraw has been filed.

(4) [A] If an attorney for a non-individual debtor withdraws, the debtor or debtor in _______possession must obtain new counsel in order to proceed withbefore it may

participate further in the case.

[B] The (I) In the case of a non-individual debtor, the court may refuse to permit withdrawal of an attorney or may provide that the case will be dismissed if a new attorney does not appear within fourteen (14) days of the withdrawal.
 (5) [A] [B] Other Attorney Withdrawal Requiring a Noticed Motion

(i) An attorney may representing a trustee in a case under any chapter of the Code
 OR any attorney representing a party in an adversary proceeding who wishes to
 withdraw without further leave of from representation must file a noticed motion
 to withdraw that complies with AK LBR 9010-1(b)(2)[A](ii).

[C] Attorneys for Creditors.

- (i) An attorney representing a creditor in any case under the Code must file a notice of withdrawal, bearing the original (holographic/wet) signature of the attorney's client or its representative, and providing a current mailing address for the creditor.
 - (I) Participants in the CM/ECF System must retain the original document and may file an imaged (scanned) digital copy of the notice of withdrawal with the court.
 - (ii) Withdrawal of a creditor's attorney will be effective upon the filing of the notice of withdrawal and service of the notice in accordance with the limitations set forth in any limited entry of appearance filed in accordance with subsection (b) or limitation enumerated as provided in subsection (c).AK LBR 9010-1(b)(4), and no
 - order of the court shall be required or entered.
- [B] Withdrawal under this paragraph is accomplished by filing a notice with the court, served as provided in paragraph (d)(3), stating that:
 - (i) the attorney's limited representation has concluded;
 - (ii) certifying that the attorney has taken all actions necessitated by the limited representation; and

_____(iii) providing a current service address and telephone number of the represented party.

- [C] Upon the <u>The</u> filing of the notice prescribed herein, the <u>of</u> withdrawal will be effective without further court action or approval effectuate removal of the attorney from the Matrix.
 - (e(3) Substitution of Attorney.
 - [A] Court Approval of Employment Not Required.
 - (i) If court approval of the attorney's employment was not required in the first instance under the Bankruptcy Code or Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, the substitution of attorney may take the form of a notice and need not be approved by the court.
 - (ii) The notice of substitution must:
 - (I) include the effective date of substitution; and
 - (II) be signed by:
 - (a) both the original and the new attorneys; or
 - (b) the new attorney and the client, with notice to the original attorney.

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- (iv) Notices of substitution will be effective upon filing with the court and service of the substitution in accordance with AK LBR 9010-1(b)(4), and no order of the court shall be required or entered.
- [B] Court Approval of Employment Required.
 - (i) If court approval of the attorney's employment was required in the first instance under the Bankruptcy Code or Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, the substitution of attorney must be in the form of a noticed motion that complies with AK LBR 9010-1(b)(2)[A](ii), and will not be effective until approved by the court.
- (4) Service of Notices and Motions to Withdraw or Substitute Attorneys.

[A] Notices of withdrawal or substitution and notices of motions to withdraw or substitute must be served on the following:

- (i) In the case of an attorney for a debtor, trustee or debtor in possession:(I) all those listed on the Matrix.
- (ii) In the case of an attorney representing a party to an adversary proceeding or contested matter:
 - (I) the attorney's client; and
 - (II) all other parties to the adversary proceeding or contested matter and their attorneys, if any.
- (iii) In the case of all other attorneys:
- (I) the attorney's client;
 - (II) the debtor or debtor in possession and his/her/its attorney;
 - (III) any trustee and his or her attorney, if any; and
 - (IV)the United States trustee.
- [B] An attorney's client may be served at the client's last known address, but service upon the client is unnecessary if the client's written consent to withdrawal or substitution has been filed with the court.
- (c) New Attorneys. If the original<u>an</u> attorney dies, withdraws without substitution, or otherwise ceases to act, <u>a party's</u> notice of the retention of a new attorney must be filed <u>with the court</u> and served on the <u>appropriate</u> parties set forth in paragraph (<u>d)(3b)(4</u>).

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 105	Power of the Court
11 U.S.C. § 329	Debtor's Transactions with Attorneys
11 U.S.C. § 341	Meetings of Creditors and Equity Security Holders
11 U.S.C. § 526	Restrictions on debt relief agencies
11 U.S.C. § 527	Disclosures
11 U.S.C. § 707	Dismissal or Conversion to a Case Under Chapter 11 or 13
28 U.S.C. § 1927	Counsel's Liability for Excessive Costs
A.R.P.C. r. 1.2	Scope of Representation
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2016	Compensation for Services Rendered and Reimbursement of
	Expenses
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9011	Signing and Verification of Papers
AK LBR 9011-3	Sanctions

Rule 9010-2 Admission and Practice of Attorneys

I

- (a) **Admission to Practice**. Any attorney who is admitted to practice law in the United States District Court for the District of Alaska is admitted to practice in this court.
- (b) Practice by Attorneys Not Admitted in District Court.
 - (1) [A] Any attorney who is a member in good standing of the bar of any United States court or the highest court of any state or territory of the United States, may be permitted upon *ex parte* application to appear in a particular case.
 - (i) An original certificate of good standing or a certified copy from the state court or bar governing or regulating admission in the territory where the applicant has been admitted to practice must be filed with the application.
 - (ii) The court may waive the requirement of application by an attorney not admitted in the United States District Court for the District of Alaska in the interest of expediency and reduction of costs where the participation is limited and the matter is likely to be resolved without extensive hearings.
 - [B] The court may require designation of local counsel to participate, sign pleadings, and receive service of notice should there be any problem with the cooperation, responsiveness, or accessibility of an attorney not admitted to practice in the United States District Court for the District of Alaska.
 - (2) Any attorney representing the United States (or any of its agencies) may appear and participate in particular cases without submitting an application as set forth above. If the government has both local and non-local attorneys appearing in a matter, service must be made on both the local and non-local offices unless the court orders otherwise.
- (c) **Local District Rules Adopted**. District of Alaska Local <u>Civil</u> Rules 83.1(g) (if) (h) and 83.2 apply to all attorneys practicing before the <u>bankruptcyBankruptcyCourt</u>.

Rule 9011-1 Signatures

(a) Electronic Filing.

- (1) Registered CM/ECF Participant.
 - [A] The use of a registered CM/ECF participant's PACER account in the electronic filing of a document constitutes the signature of that participant under Rule 9011, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
 - [B] The signature of a registered CM/ECF participant on an electronically-filed document shall be in the form of "/s/" followed by the registered participant's typed name (i.e., "/s/ Jane Doe").
- [C] Only registered participants may utilize the "/s/" format in place of an original (holographic) signature on documents electronically filed with the court.
- [D] A document filed electronically must bear the electronic signature of the registered participant under whose PACER account the document was filed.
- (2) Debtors or Other Parties Represented by Registered CM/ECF Participants.
 - [A] Debtors Only: Declarations re: Electronic Filing
 - (i) For the following documents requiring the signature of individual debtor(s), if those documents are electronically filed, a Declaration re: Electronic Filing (AK LBF 37A) must be prepared by the registered CM/ECF participant, bearing the original (holographic/wet) signatures of the debtor(s) and the attorney for the debtor(s):

(I) petition;

- (II) statements;
- <u>(III) schedules;</u>

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- (IV) Verification of Creditor Matrix (AK LBF 40);
- (V) Official Form 423;
- (VI) Official Form 2830;
- (VII) any report required under Rule 1019(5), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy <u>Procedure;</u>
- (VIII) any notice of address change;
- (IX) chapter 11 disclosure statement; and
- (X) chapter 11, 12 or 13 plan, as applicable.
- (ii) For the following documents requiring the signature of a representative of a nonindividual debtor (corporation, partnership or LLC), if those documents are electronically filed, a Declaration re: Electronic Filing (AK LBF 37B) must be prepared by the registered CM/ECF participant, bearing the original (belographic/wet) cignet/wee of the debter's representative and the atterney for
 - (holographic/wet) signatures of the debtor's representative and the attorney for the debtor:
 - (I) petition;
- (II) statements;
- (III) schedules;
- (IV) Verification of Creditor Matrix (AK LBF 40); and
- (V) any report required under Rule 1019(5), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy <u>Procedure;</u>
- (VI) any notice of address change;
- (VII) chapter 11 disclosure statement; and
- (VIII) chapter 11, 12 or 13 plan, as applicable.
- (iii) The Declaration re: Electronic Filing constitutes the debtor(s)' original signature(s) for filing purposes as to the above-referenced documents only.
 When a Declaration re: Electronic Filing is filed, the debtor(s)' signature(s) on the above-referenced documents may be represented by "/s/" followed by the debtor(s)' name(s).
- (iv) The original Declaration re: Electronic Filing must be:
 - (I) signed by the debtor(s) and the debtor(s)' attorney before the petition is filed; and
 - (II) filed conventionally within fourteen (14) days of the date the related document is electronically filed.
- [B] All other electronically filed documents that require the verified signature of a party other than the registered CM/ECF participant, or are not addressed by AK LBF 37A or 37B, must bear an imaged (scanned) digital copy of the signatory's original
- (holographic/wet) signature. Counsel must retain the original signed document.
 [C] Effect of Failure to Timely Execute or File Declaration Re: Electronic Filing. In the event that a registered participant fails to obtain the signature on or timely file the Declaration Re: Electronic Filing, AK LBF 37A or AK LBF 37B, as applicable, the court may, on its own motion and after a hearing on shortened time:
- (i) strike the document, or, if the document is a petition, dismiss the petition; and/or
 (ii) impose on the registered participant such other sanctions as may be appropriate.
 (3) Employee of Registered Participant. An employee of a registered CM/ECF participant may sign a certificate of service utilizing "/s/" followed by the employee's typed name on
 - the signature line where such signature is required.

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- (4) Documents Requiring Multiple Signatures. Documents requiring the signatures of more than one party, such as stipulations, may include "/s/" signatures for any registered CM/ECF participant who is a signatory to the document. All other signatures on the document must be imaged (scanned) digital copies of the remaining signatories' original (holographic/wet) signatures.
- (b) **Petitions Filed Without Original Signatures.** A petition bearing an imaged signature of the debtor(s), such as those scanned and emailed or faxed to the debtor's counsel prior to filing, which is then filed with the Clerk of Court on a time critical basis, will be treated as a facsimile or email document in accordance with AK LBR 5074-1(a)(2).
- (c) **Joint Debtors**. Documents requiring the verified signature of the debtors in a joint case (*i.e.*, a notice of change of mailing address) must contain the signatures of both debtors.

Rule 9011-3 Sanctions

(a) Motions under 11 U.S.C. § 707(b)(4).

- (1) A motion brought under § 707(b)(4) of the Code must:
 - [A] be served and filed no later than fourteen (14) days after the order dismissing the case is entered, unless the court, for cause extends the time; and
 - [B] set forth with specificity and detail the basis for the motion.
- (2) Any opposition to the motion is to be filed not later than fourteen (14) days after the motion is served.
- (3) The moving party may file a reply seven (7) days after the opposition to the motion is served and filed.

(b) Motions under 11 U.S.C. § 707(b)(5).

- (1) A motion brought under § 707(b)(5) of the Code must—
 - [A] be served and filed no later than twenty-one (21) days after the order denying the motion to dismiss is entered, unless the court extends the time for cause, and
 - [B] set forth with specificity and detail the basis for the motion.
- (2) Any opposition to the motion is to be filed not later than fourteen (14) days after the motion is served.
- (3) The moving party may file a reply seven (7) days after the opposition to the motion is served and filed.

Related Provisions:	
11 U.S.C. § 707	Dismissal of a Case or Conversion to a Case Under Chapter 11 or
-	13
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9011	Signing of Papers; Representations to the Court; Sanctions;
	Verification and Copies of Papers

Rule 9013-1 Briefs; Memoranda Motion Practice

- (a) In SupportContent of Motion or Application. A motion or other application governed by Rule 9014, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure must <u>be accompanied by include or be</u> <u>filed concurrently with</u>:
 - (1)(1) a clear and concise written statement of the relief requested and reasons in support thereof, including relevant facts and citations to authorities upon which the moving party relies;

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(2) related exhibits, including:

- [A] Legible copies of all documentary evidence that the moving party intends to submit in support of the motion or application;
- (2) A clear, concise, complete and candid written statement of the reasons in support thereof, together with an adequate brief of the points and authorities upon which the moving party relies; and
- (3) A [B] a copy of a proposed order, except one on the motion or application, unless such order is requested ex parte or by stipulation, shall be attached as an exhibit to the motion as a separate document. Opponents may propose alternative orders in the same fashion.; and
- (3) any supporting affidavits or declarations.
- (b) Opposition to Motion or Application. Unless another time is specified in the Notice of Motion, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure or these rules, eachRules, a party opposingwishing to oppose a motion or other application must, within twenty-one (21) days of service of notice of the underlying motion or other application upon that party, serve and file a written opposition including:
 - (1) <u>(1) a clear and concise written statement of the opposition and reasons in support</u> <u>thereof, including relevant facts and citations to authorities upon which the opposing</u> <u>party relies;</u>
 - (2) related exhibits, including legible copies of all documentary evidence upon whichthat the opposing party intends to rely; and submit in support of the opposition;
 - (2) a clear, concise, complete and candid written statement of the reasons in opposition thereto and an adequate opposing brief of points and authorities.
 - (3) any supporting affidavits or declarations.
 - (4) The opposing party may attach as an exhibit to the opposition an alternate form of order on the underlying motion or application.
- (c) Reply by Moving Party. If desired, the moving party, within
 - (1) Within seven (7) days after the service of the<u>an</u> opposition to the <u>underlying</u> motion or other application by, the opposingmoving party, may serve and file a reply brief.
 - (2) For motions brought under Rules 12(b), 12(c), and 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the reply deadline is extended to fourteen (14) days after service of the opposition.
- (d) **Failure to File Briefs**. Failure to file briefs within the time prescribed (or within any extension granted by the court or stipulated to by the parties) will subject the motion or application to summary ruling by the court.
 - (1) Failure to file a brief by the moving party may be deemed an admission that, in the opinion of counsel, the motion or application is without merit.
 - (2) Failure to file a brief by the adverse party may be deemed an admission that, in the opinion of counsel, the motion or application is well taken.
- (e(d) Stipulations Extending Time. The parties may stipulate, in writing filed with the court, for different times for filing anyto an extension of the deadline to file opposition or reply to the opposition.briefs.
 - Any stipulation for an extension of time as provided in this subdivision for a period of ten (10) days or less, does not require express approval by theis effective upon filing without court order.

(2) Any stipulation for an extension of time to file an opposition or reply in excess of ten (10) days requires court approval, and must be accompanied by a separately-lodged proposed order approving the stipulation.

(f) Affidavits/Exhibits.

- (1) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, if(e) Non-Noticed Motions. In all matters in which a motion or separate notice stating the opposition deadline is supported by affidavitnot filed, the affidavits must be served with the motion.
- (2) If exhibits to a motion or opposition are lengthy, the moving or opposing party may fileonly the relevant excerptsbody of the exhibits, without prejudice to the rightmotion must contain a statement of any party to file additional excerpts or the complete exhibit withthe court at any time.

Related Provisions:

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9006	-Time-
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9014	Contested Matters
AK LBR 5005-2	Number of Copies
AK LBR 5005-4	Electronic Filing
AK LBR 7026-1	Discovery and Depositions
AK LBR 9004-2	Form of Pleadings and Other Papers
AK LBR 9075-1	Hearings: Trials

the last day to respond under the applicable Rule 9013-2 Motion Practice, in substantially the following form:

<u>"NOTICE: If you oppose this motion, you must file a written opposition with the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court, 605 West Fourth Avenue, Room 138, Anchorage, Alaska 99501-2296 and serve a copy on the undersigned on or before (insert date)."</u>

(a(f) **Failure to File Briefs**. Failure to file opposition or reply briefs within the time prescribed (or within any extension granted by the court or stipulated to by the parties) may subject the motion or application to summary ruling by the court.

(q) Ex Parte Motions.-

- (1) All *ex parte* motions must:
 - [A] be served on all parties affected by the motion, or the party's representative, at or before the time the motion is filed with the court, or contain a statement as to why it should not be so served;
 - [B] contain a statement of the authority for the court to grant the motion without notice and hearing;
 - [C] if applicable, contain a statement of whether the moving party has conferred with the party(ies) affected by the motion and whether or not the motion is opposed; and
 - [D] be accompanied by a proposed order lodged with the court.
- (2) The court may, in its discretion, require a hearing, which may be telephonic sitting in chambers, before ruling on the motion.-

(b) **Non-noticed Motions**. In all matters in which a separate notice stating the last day by which a response is required is not otherwise given under these rules or the Federal Rules of-

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Bankruptcy Procedure, the body of the motion must contain a statement of the last day to respond under applicable rule, in substantially the following form:

"NOTICE: If you oppose this motion, you must file a written opposition with the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court, 605 West Fourth Avenue, Room 138, Anchorage, Alaska 99501-2296 and serve a copy on the undersigned on orbefore (insert date)."

Related Provisions:

AK LBR 9013-1 Briefs; Memoranda

(h) **Failure to Pay Filing Fees**. If the required filing fee for a document is not received by the <u>Clerk of Court within three (3) business days of the date the document is filed for electronic</u> filing, or seven (7) days for hard copy filings, the court may issue an order to show cause why the relief sought by the movant should not be denied.

Rule 9013-3 Motions Under 11 U.S.C. § 110(i)

- (a) Motion.
 - (1) A matter brought by a debtor, trustee, or creditor against a bankruptcy petition preparer under § 110(i) of the Code is commenced by filing a motion with the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court.
 - (2) The motion must specify:
 - [A] Those provisions of § 110 of the Code alleged to have been violated;
 - [B] The acts alleged to be fraudulent, unfair, or deceptive; and
 - [C] The damages claimed.
 - (3) A motion brought under this rule is a contested matter governed by Rule 9014, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
- (b) **Response**. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the bankruptcy petition preparer against whom the matter is brought must serve and file a response within twenty-eight (28) days after the motion is served and filed.

(c) Denial by Bankruptcy Court.

- (1) The <u>bankruptcy courtBankruptcy Court</u> must deny the motion if <u>the bankruptcy courtit</u> finds that:
 - [A] Section 110(i) of the Code is not applicable; or
 - [B] There is insufficient factual basis to support a finding that the bankruptcy petition preparer committed any act proscribed by § 110(i) of the Code.
- (2) Denial of the motion under this subsection constitutes a final order.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 110	Penalty for Persons Who Negligently or Fraudulently Prepare
	Bankruptcy Petitions
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9014	Contested Matters
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9033	Review of Proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law in
	Non-Core Proceedings
D.AK. LR 7.2	- Hearings
D.AK. LR 54.1	Award of Attorney's Fees
AK LBR 9013-2	- Motion Practice

Rule 9014-1 Service and Filing of Pleadings and Documents in Contested Matters

LOCAL BANKRUPTCY RULES DISTRICT OF ALASKA (12/4718)

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(a) Electronic. AK LBR 7005-1 applies in contested matters.

(b) **Discovery Documents**. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, disclosures under Rule-26(a), Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, depositions, interrogatories, requests for production, and requests for admission are not to be filed with the court until used in the proceeding.

Related Provisions:

Fed. R. Civ. P. 5	Serving and Filing Pleadings and Other Papers
Fed. R. Civ. P. 26-36	Depositions and Discovery
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7005	Service and Filing of Pleadings and Other Papers
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9014	Contested Matters
AK LBR 7005-1	Electronic Service

Rule 9015-1 Jury Trials — Bankruptcy Court

(a) [Abrogated.]

(b) **Applicability of Certain Local U.S. District Court Rules**. District of Alaska Local <u>Civil</u> Rules 47.1 and 51.1 apply when a jury trial is demanded.

(eb) Consent to Jury Trial Before Bankruptcy Judge.

- (1) The statement of consent to have a jury trial by a bankruptcy judge under Rule 9015, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, must be filed not later than sixty (60) days after the demand or the last answer is filed, whichever is later.
- (2) Consent to the entry of final orders or judgments made under Rules 7008(a) and 7012(b), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, will be deemed a consent to have a jury trial conducted by a bankruptcy judge under 28 U.S.C. § 157(e).
- (3) The filing of a consent to a jury trial being conducted by the <u>bankruptcy courtBankruptcy</u> <u>Court</u> under Rule 9015, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, will be deemed to revoke any earlier nonconsent to the jurisdiction of the <u>bankruptcy courtBankruptcy</u> <u>Court</u> made under Rules 7008(a) or 7012(b), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, and as consent to the jurisdiction of the <u>bankruptcy courtBankruptcy Court</u> under 28 U.S.C. § 157(c)(2).

Related Provisions:

28 U.S.C. § 157(e)	Procedures
28 U.S.C. § 1411	— Jury Trials-
Fed. R. Civ. P. 38	— Jury Trial of Right
Fed. R. Civ. P. 39	Trial by Jury or by the Court
Fed. R. Civ. P. 47	- Selection of Jurors
Fed. R. Civ. P. 48	Number of Jurors — Participation in Verdict
Fed. R. Civ. P. 49	Special Verdicts and Interrogatories
Fed. R. Civ. P. 50	Judgment as a Matter of Law in Actions Tried by Jury; Alternative
	Motion for New Trial; Conditional Rulings
Fed. R. Civ. P. 51	Instructions to Jury: Objection
Fed. R. Civ. P. 81(c)	Removed Actions
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7005	Service and Filing of Pleadings and Other Papers
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9015	<u>Jury Trials</u>
D.AK LR 47.1	- Voir Dire
D.AK LR 51.1	Instructions to Jury
AK LBR 5001-2	Clerk's Office Location and Hours

AK LBR 9075-1 Hearings; Trials

Rule 9015-2 District Court Jury Trials — Pretrial Procedures

- (a) Core Proceedings. In any core proceeding as defined in 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2), if no timely consent to have a jury trial conducted by a bankruptcy judge is made under AK LBR 9015-1(c), or any party files a notice of nonconsent, the proceeding will not be transferred to the district court except upon the granting of a motion to withdraw the reference under Rule 5011, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure or as provided in subsection (d).
- (b) Non-Core Proceedings. In any proceeding that is not a core proceeding as defined in 28 U.S.C. § 157(b) where the parties have not consented to the entry of final orders under 28 U.S.C. § 157(c)(2) or (e), unless the reference is withdrawn or as otherwise ordered by the district court, on its own motion or on the motion of any party, all pretrial matters remain referred to the <u>bankruptcy courtBankruptcy Court</u> for hearing and determination as provided in AK LBR 9033-1.

(c) Status Report to District Court.

- (1) Unless otherwise ordered by the district court, not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the last responsive pleading is filed, the parties must prepare and lodge with the <u>bankruptcy courtBankruptcy Court</u> a joint status report, setting forth:
 - [A] that the matter is ready for trial or the date by which the parties expect to be ready for trial;
 - [B] the current status of discovery and, if discovery has not been completed, the date by which it is expected discovery will be completed;
 - [C] the current status of any pending motions; and
 - [D] any motions expected to be filed and the date by which such motions are to be filed.
- (2) Within fourteen (14) days after the status report is lodged, the bankruptcy courtBankruptcy Court will, by endorsement thereon, indicate either:
 - [A] all matters submitted for determination have been determined by the bankruptcy
 - courtBankruptcy Court; or
 - [B] the date by which all matters under submission are expected to be determined.
- (3) Upon entry of the endorsement by the <u>bankruptcy courtBankruptcy Court</u>, the clerk of the <u>bankruptcy courtBankruptcy Court</u> will forthwith transmit the status report to the clerk of the district court.

(d) Certificate of Readiness for Trial and Transfer to District Court.

- (1) Unless the reference has been earlier withdrawn, when all pre-trial matters have been completed and the proceeding is ready for trial, the <u>bankruptcy courtBankruptcy Court</u> will certify that fact to the district court in writing.
- (2) Upon certification of readiness for trial by the <u>bankruptcy courtBankruptcy Court</u>, the clerk of the <u>bankruptcy courtBankruptcy Court</u> will forthwith transmit the certificate of readiness together with the proceeding files to the clerk of the district court.

Related Provisions:	
28 U.S.C. § 157	Procedures
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7008	General Rules of Pleading
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7012	Defenses and Objections—When and How Presented—By-
	Pleading or Motion — Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9033	Review of Proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law in
	Non-Core Proceedings

AK LBR 9015-1 Jury Trials AK LBR 9033-1 Non-Core Proceedings

Rule 9021-1 Orders, Findings, Conclusions, Judgments

(a) Form and Content.

- (1) All proposed orders, judgments, and findings of fact and conclusions of law must be in writing, and, unless entered by the Clerk of Court as provided in Rule 58, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and AK LBR 5075-1, shall be prepared by the attorney representing the prevailing party, unless otherwise ordered by the court.
- (2) Parties filing stipulations must lodge a separate proposed order on the stipulation.
- (3) Every judgment or order, including orders on stipulations, must be lodged separately from the motion, stipulation or other request for the order, and must set forth its terms with particularity.
- (4) All orders or judgments prepared for signature must include the typed name of the ordering judge, if known, immediately under the signature line.
- (b) Lodging.
 - (1) Lodging is accomplished by the following:
 - [A] For CM/ECF participants, by emailing the proposed order, judgment, or findings of fact and conclusions of law in word processing format to the court at
 - ecf_orders@akb.uscourts.gov, in accordance with AK LBR 5005-4(d).
 - (i) The subject line of emails to the court attaching lodged orders must include, at minimum, the number of the case or adversary proceeding in which the underlying pleading was filed.
 - [B] For any other parties, by submitting the proposed order, judgment, or findings of fact and conclusions of law conventionally to the Clerk of Court.
 - (2) Proposed orders or judgments attached as exhibits to a motion or application, or <u>otherwise filed on the case docket, must be separately lodged with the court. Orders filed on the case docket shall not be deemed lodged and will not be entered.</u>
 - (3) Orders After Hearings on Contested Motions.
 - [A] (i) Any order lodged after a hearing on a contested motion must be served on the opposing party(ies) and their attorney(s), if any, prior to the order being lodged with the court.
 - (ii) A certificate demonstrating completion of the service under (c)(1)[A] above must be filed with the court when the order is lodged.
 - [B] (i) Any opposing party unsatisfied with a proposed order must submit a motion for amendment, alteration or other modification of that order in accordance with
 - Rules 52(b) or 59(e), Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, made applicable through Rules 7052 and 9023, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
 - (ii) Any motion to modify a proposed order must attach as an exhibit an alternate form of proposed order.
 - (4) Any order submitted after a hearing must include reference to the hearing date.

(c) Time for SubmissionLodging; Prohibition Against Premature Submission. Lodging.

(1) When dealing with motions a matter is set for hearing, no proposed order or findings should memorializing the court's ruling may be submitted lodged until after the courthearing has ruled concluded, unless otherwise provided in these Rules or ordered by the timecourt.
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- (2) For a motion or application that has not been set for hearing, a proposed order may be lodged only after the opposition deadline has passed and either:
- (1) [A] no opposition has been <u>timely</u> filed and served;-, and an AK LBF 4, Certificate of No Objections has been filed with the court; or
- (2 [B] opposition has been filed, but -
 - (i) neither party has asked forthe movant nor the opposing party has submitted a <u>Calendar Request (AK LBF 7) seeking</u> a hearing on the opposed matter; and
 (ii) seven (7) days have passed after the date objections were due to be filed; or
 - opposition déadline.
- (3) the order is submitted in conjunction with an ex parte motion.
- (4) [C] In instances where no opposition has been filed or where neither party has requested a hearing, it is the responsibility of the moving party to submit an appropriate order or findings for the court's consideration no later than fourteen (14) days after the date objections were due to be filed opposition deadline.

(b) Form and Content.

- (1) All orders, findings of fact and conclusions of law, judgments, and decrees, unlessotherwise directed by the court are required to be in writing, and, when not entered bythe clerk as provided in Rule 58, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, will be prepared bythe attorney obtaining the order, judgment or decree, or the attorney representing theprevailing party.-
- (2) Every judgment or order, including stipulated matters, must be set forth on a separate document from the motion or other request for the order, and must set forth with particularity the terms of the order.
- (3) Unless otherwise ordered, the prevailing party will submit a judgment following entry of any dispositive order.
- (4) When ordered by the court:
 - [A]-_proposed findings of fact must list the name of the witness and/or the number of the exhibit supporting the finding; and
 - [B] proposed conclusions of law must cite legal authority supporting the conclusion.
- (5) On all orders, judgments or decrees prepared for signature, the name of the orderingjudge, if known, must be typed immediately under the signature line prior to presentationfor signature.

(c) Filing, Service and Comment.

- (1) The attorney preparing the order, findings of fact and conclusions of law, judgment or decree must file the original document with the clerk with a certificate of service that copies have been served on any party who opposed the order and all parties who participated in the hearing from which the order arose.
- (2) [A] Upon receipt of order on an order, findings and conclusions, judgment or decree, the court may enter the pleading *ex parte* motion must be lodged when the underlying motion is filed.
 - [B] The opposing party, if not satisfied with the document, may move for amendment, alteration or other modification in accordance with Rules 52(b) or 59(e), Federal-Rules of Civil Procedure, made applicable through Rules 7052 and 9023, Federal-Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
- (3) The court may allow parties to submit proposed findings, orders and judgments viaemail.
- (d_(4) Orders Lodged After a Hearing.

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- (1) If an order is submitted after a hearing, the hearing date must be set forth in the firstparagraph of the proposed order.
- (2) The lodging of the order constitutes counsel's representation that the form of the orderfairly reiterates the substance of the ruling.

Related Provisions:				
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7052	Findings by the Court			
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 8002	Time for Filing Notice of Appeal			
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9021	-Judgment-			
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9022	- Notice of Judgment or Order			
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9023	- New Trials; Amendment of Judgments			
AK LBR 5005-4	Electronic Filing			
AK LBR 5075-1(b)	Delegation of Ministerial Orders and Notices			
AK LBR 9023-1 Motion to	o Amend Findings or for New Trial, Rehearing or			
Reconsideration prematurely may be rejected by the court				

Rule 9023-1 Motion to Amend Findings or for New Trial, Rehearing, or Reconsideration

- (a) **Time for Filing**. A party filing a motion for rehearing or reconsideration must do so within the time specified in Rule 9023, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
- (b) **Opposition**.
 - (1) Unless otherwise provided by the Code or Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure or ordered by the court, no opposition to a motion to amend or make additional findings, for new trial, rehearing or reconsideration may be filed.
 - (2) The court generally will not amend or make additional findings, or grant a new trial, rehearing, or reconsideration without first requesting opposition be filed.
 - (3) No reply to an opposition to a motion to amend or make additional findings or for new trial, rehearing, or reconsideration may be filed unless requested by the court.
- (c) **Submission Without Argument**. Unless the court otherwise orders, a motion to amend or make additional findings, for new trial, rehearing, or reconsideration will be submitted to the court for decision on the briefs without oral argument.
- (d) Applicability to Rule 9024 Motions. This rule applies to motions for relief from judgment or order under Rule 9024, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, if the motion is made within the time specified in Rule 8002(b), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
- (e) **Non-Appealable Orders**. The provisions of subsection (a) notwithstanding, a motion for reconsideration of a non-appealable order based upon an intervening change in controlling law may be made at any time prior to entry of an appealable order or judgment.

Related Provisions:

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7052	Findings by the Court
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 8002	Time for Filing Notice of Appeal
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9006	-Time-
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9023	New Trials; Amendment of Judgments
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9024	Relief from Judgment or Order
AK LBR 9013-1	Briefs; Memoranda

Rule 9027-1 Notice of Removal

A notice of removal must in all cases include a statement that the party does or does not consent to entry of final orders or judgments by the <u>bankruptcy courtBankruptcy Court</u>.

Rule 9033-1 Proceedings in Which the Bankruptcy Court May Not Enter Final Orders

- (a) General. In any proceeding in which the <u>bankruptcy courtBankruptcy Court</u> may not enter a final order or judgment, the proceeding will not be transferred to the district court except upon the granting of a motion to withdraw the reference under Rule 5011, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure or as provided in AK LBR 9015-2.
- (b) Dispositive Matters. Except as otherwise provided by statute or the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, in any proceeding referred to the <u>bankruptcy courtBankruptcy Court</u> in matters otherwise governed by this rule, motions made under Rules 12(b), 12(c), 12 (f), and 56, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, are governed by Rule 9033, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure; provided, however, that the <u>bankruptcy courtBankruptcy Court</u> may rule on any Rule 12(b) motion if the defect may be cured by amendment of the pleading and leave to amend is granted.

(c) Nondispositive Matters.

- (1) Except as otherwise provided by statute, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, or ordered by the district court, nondispositive matters in proceedings referred to the <u>bankruptcy courtBankruptcy Court</u> will be heard and determined by the <u>bankruptcycourtBankruptcy Court</u>; provided, however, that any order imposing dismissal or the striking of a claim or defense as a sanction is deemed a dispositive matter.
- (2) [A] Within fourteen (14) days after being served with a copy of the order of the bankruptcy judge, a party may serve and file objections to the order; a party may not thereafter assign as error a defect in the bankruptcy judge's order to which objection was not timely made.
 - [B] The district judge to whom the matter is assigned will consider the objection and must modify or set aside any portion of the bankruptcy judge's order found to be clearly erroneous or contrary to law.

Related Provisions:

28 U.S.C. § 157	Procedures
Fed. R. Civ. P. 12	Defenses and Objections—When and How Presented—By
	Pleading or Motion—Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings
Fed. R. Civ. P. 44.1	Determination of Foreign Law
Fed. R. Civ. P. 56	Summary Judgment
Fed. R. Civ. P. 72	Magistrate Judges; Pretrial Orders
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7008	General Rules of Pleading
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7012	Defenses and Objections When and How Presented By
	Pleading or Motion Motion for Judgment on the Pleading
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9033	Proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law
AK LBR 9015-1	Jury Trials
AK LBR 9015-2	District Court Jury Trials—Pretrial Procedures

Rule 9033-2 Proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law

In any proceeding in which the bankruptcy court<u>Bankruptcy Court</u> lacks jurisdiction to enter final orders or judgments, the provisions of AK LBR 9033-1 apply.

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Rule 90369037-1 RequestPrivacy Protection for NoticeCourt Filings

(a) Motion to Redact/Restrict Public Access

- (1) When a document has been filed that includes personal identifying information (*i.e.*, Social Security number, bank account number, etc.), a party in interest may:
 - [A] file an ex parte motion seeking to restrict public access to that document and file a redacted copy; and
 - [B] lodge a proposed order on the ex parte motion.
- (2) If the court enters the order granting the ex parte motion to redact/restrict access, within three (3) business days from the date the order is entered, the movant must file the redacted copy of the document.
- (3) Where documents containing personal identifiers have been filed by Electronic Transmission [Abrogated.]a party in multiple cases (such as proofs of claim), separate motions to redact/restrict public access must be filed in each case in which such documents have been filed.
- (b) Motion to File Documents Under Seal. See AK LBR 5005-4(f)(1).

Rule 9075-1 Hearings; Trials

(a) Places of Holding Court.

- (1) The Bankruptcy Court is located in Anchorage. Hearings and trials are scheduled as needed in Anchorage, Fairbanks and Juneau.
 - (2) Satellite offices are maintained in the United States District Court Office of the Clerk in Fairbanks and Juneau. Operation of these satellite offices is subject to budgetary constraints that may require their closure without notice.

(b)-No Hearing Required.

- (1) Absent objection, an actual opposition or other response timely filed with the court, a hearing is not required for any <u>"notice and hearing" matternoticed motion</u> except as otherwise required by <u>these Rules</u>, the Bankruptcy Code or Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
- (2) Among the (2) The following is a non-exhaustive list of matters that require actual hearing are motionshearings:
 - [A] <u>motions</u> to <u>obtain conversionconvert</u> or <u>dismissal of dismiss</u> a case where the Code requires a hearing;
 - [B] objections to claims; and
 - [C] motions to sell free and clear of liens-:
 - [D] approval of motions to approve disclosure statements and confirmation of confirm chapter 11 plans; and
 - [E] motions to use cash collateral.
- (3) [A] TheWhen no hearing is required, after the opposition deadline has passed and no oppositions or other responses have been filed, the moving party must, ex parte _:
- (i) [A] lodge a proposed order consistent with AK LBR 9021-1, and
 - (ii) [B] file a certificate that no objections were made, conforming to <u>Certificate of</u> <u>No Objections (</u>AK LBF 4-

[B] If the court determines a hearing is necessary, the court will inform the moving party of the date), signed under penalty of the hearing. perjury.

(c) (b) Scheduling Hearings and.

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- (1) Hearing dates are obtained from the judge's chambers by submitting a completed <u>Bankruptcy Court</u> Calendar Requests. <u>Request Form (AK LBF 7) via email to</u> <u>ecf_orders@akb.uscourts.gov.</u>
- (12) In a matter in which a hearing is required, the moving party must request a hearing date from the court; in all other matters either <u>partythe moving party or a party opposing</u> <u>the requested relief</u> may request a hearing date-<u>be set</u>.
 - [A] Hearing dates are obtained from the office of the judge by submitting a completed-Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request Form (AK LBF 7) available from the clerk's office.
 - [B] [Abrogated.]
 - [C] The matter may not be promptly scheduled unless a hearing date has been requested from the court in accordance with this paragraph.
- (2(3) In chapter 13 cases, parties should request the same hearing date for all hearings on objections to claims under Rule 3007, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, and any other miscellaneous motions in conjunction with the chapter 13 case, so that the hearings on all motions are set for the same time, date and place.

(c) Matters Deemed Submitted.

- (1) [A] Unless one of the parties <u>filessubmits</u> a calendar request or unless a hearing is required by a <u>ruleRule</u> or order of the court, a matter is deemed submitted for the court's consideration seven (7) days after the <u>time for filing objectionsopposition</u> <u>deadline</u> has passed.
 - [B] Once a matter is deemed submitted, it is the responsibility of the moving party to submitlodge a proposed order towith the court, consistent with AK LBR 9021-1.-

(3) [A](d) Notice of Hearings.

- (1) Unless otherwise provided by court order or rule, Rule, the party requesting a hearing must file and serve written notice of the hearing must be filed and served on the opposingaffected party, (ies), trustee, and debtor, (s) or debtor's attorney no later than seven (7) days prior to the date of the hearing.
- [B] (2) Written notice of the hearing must satisfy the requirements under AK LBR 2002-1.
- (3) The <u>court may decline to hear a matter may not be heard</u>, or may <u>be decided adversely</u> todecide against the non-complying party, if the notice <u>of hearing is not filed and served</u> in accordance with paragraph (d)(1) above.

(e) Continuances.

- (1) Any party requesting the continuance of a hearing must:
 - [A] file a motion seeking the continuance at least two (2) business days prior to the scheduled proceeding;
 - [B] attach to the motion an affidavit advising the court of the affected parties' response to the request or what attempts have been made to gain each party's consent to the continuance; and
 - [C] lodge a proposed order granting the motion.
 - [D] If a motion to continue a hearing is not filed and served. within two (2) business days of the scheduled proceeding, the parties shall appear at the scheduled hearing and request a continuance orally.
 - (4<u>2</u>) [A] Unless otherwise ordered by the court, in any matter requiring less than seven (7) days' notice Within one (1) business day of the entry of an order granting a motion to continue.

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- the initiating party requesting the continuance must, in addition to written notice, give telephonic notice of the hearing on or before to all affected parties of the same day as written notice is given, to the opposing party, debtor:
- (i) date;
 - (ii) time;
 - (iii) location; and trustee, or their attorneys, if they are represented.
 - (iv) reason(s) for the continuance; and
- [B] Telephonic notice is not required if the party upon whom it should otherwise be made has not provided and maintained a current telephone number in the appropriate manner in the official Bankruptcy Court file.
- [C] An an affidavit or declaration of attesting that such telephonic notice must be filed with the court at the same time written notice of hearing is filed was given.
- (d (i) The affidavit must be filed within two (2) business days of entry of the order granting a motion to continue, or in any event, not later than the next business day immediately preceding the date of the continued proceeding.
- (f) Nonappearance by Requesting Party. Wheneverlf a party who has requested a hearing does not<u>fails to</u> appear in person or by attorney at the<u>that</u> hearing, the court may award the<u>any</u> opposing party(ies) attorney fees occasioned by the non-appearance. The court mayauthorize a party to appear in a manner other than in person.incurred in appearing at the hearing.

(eg) Affidavits/Declarations, Witnesses, and Expected Testimony at Hearings.

- (1) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, to the extent not earlier served and filed, not later than seven (7) days before the hearing, each party <u>who intends to present evidence at a</u> <u>hearing</u> must comply with the requirements of Rule 26(a)(3), Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and serve and file with the court:
 - [A] all affidavits or declarations under penalty of perjury upon which the propounding party intends to rely; and
 - [B] a listinglist of all exhibits intended to be introduced into evidence.
 - [C] Objections as provided in Rule 26(a)(3), Federal Rules of Civil Procedure must be served and filed not less than three (3) business days before the hearing.
- (2) Service under this subsection must be made by personal delivery or by other means that ensures that the recipient thereof receives the materials on or before the due date.
- (3) Unless otherwise agreed to by stipulation of the parties or order of the court, no affidavit or declaration under penalty of perjury will be admitted unless the affiant or declarant is made available for cross-examination <u>at the hearing</u> by the opposing party.

Related Provisions:

11 U.S.C. § 102(1)	Construction of "Notice and Hearing"
Fed. R. Civ. P. 26	General Provisions Governing Discovery; Duty of Disclosure
AK LBR 2002-1	-Notices-
AK LBR 5071-1	- Continuances -
AK LBR 9013-2	Motion Practice
AK LBR 9015-1	Jury Trials
AK LBR 9021-1	Orders, Findings, Conclusions, Judgments
AK LBR 9036-1	Request for Notice by Electronic Transmission
AK LBR 9076-1	Telephonic Participation by Parties in Interest
AK LBF 4	Certificate of No Objection

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AK LBF 7	Bankruptcy Court Calendar Request
AK LBF 10	Notice of Hearing on Application for
	Certificate of Mailing of Notice of Hearing
	Notice of Hearing
	Request for Notice by Electronic Transmission

Rule 9076-1 Telephonic or Video Participation by Parties In Interest in Hearings or Trials

- (a) Telephonic Participation. At least three (3) business days prior to a scheduled hearing or trial, a party wishing to appear telephonically <u>shouldmust</u> contact the in-court <u>recording</u> <u>deputy</u>-clerk <u>assigned toat</u> the <u>presiding judge fornumber posted on</u> the <u>casecourt's website</u>, <u>www.akb.uscourts.gov</u>.
- (b) Video Participation.
 - (1) At least five (5) business days prior to a scheduled hearing or trial, a party wishing to appear viaby video should contact the in-court recording deputy clerkassigned teleconference must email a completed VTC Request form, available at www.akb.uscourts.gov, to the presiding judgeecf_orders@akb.uscourts.gov.
 - (2) Instructions for the case connecting to a hearing by video will be sent to participants after approval has been granted.
- (c) Court's Discretion. Telephonic or video participation is subject to the court's discretion and will generally be at the requesting party's expense... unless otherwise ordered by the court.

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(Attorney Name) (Firm Name) (Address) (City, State, Zip) Telephone: (Telephone Number) Fax: (Fax Number) Email: (Email Address) Attorney for: (Client Name)

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF ALASKA

In re:

(Debtor's Name) and (Joint Debtor's Name), Case No. (*Case Number*) Chapter (*Chapter Number*)

> NOTICE OF MOTION FOR RELIEF FROM STAY

Debtor(s).

Notice is hereby given that <u>(Creditor Name)</u> has moved for relief from stay pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 362(d) upon property described as: <u>(Description)</u>

The basis for relief from stay is: <u>(Basis)</u>

The original motion was filed <u>(*Date*)</u> with the Clerk of the U.S. Bankruptcy Court, Old Federal Building, 605 West Fourth Avenue, Suite 138, Anchorage, Alaska 99501-2253.

<u>Your rights may be affected.</u> You should read these papers carefully and discuss them with your attorney, if you have one in this case. (If you do not have an attorney, you may wish to consult one.) You have until <u>(Insert Date: not less than 14 days after motion is served</u>), within which to file written objections to the motion. SHOULD YOU FAIL TO FILE AN OBJECTION, THE COURT MAY GRANT THE MOTION FOR RELIEF FROM STAY WITHOUT A HEARING AND WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE.

If objections are filed, a hearing must be held by (<u>Insert Date: 30 days after motion is filed</u>) —, or relief from stay will occur automatically under 11 U.S.C. § 362(e). ALTHOUGH ANY PARTY MAY REQUEST A HEARING ON AN OBJECTION TO A MOTION FOR RELIEF FROM STAY, THE PARTY DESIRING THE STAY TO REMAIN IN EFFECT MUST REQUEST A HEARING AND BE CERTAIN THAT THE HEARING IS HELD WITHIN THIRTY (30) DAYS OF THE MOTION. Objections shall be sent to the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court with copies to creditor¹'s counsel at the addresses<u>address(es)</u> set forth above. If you cannot attend the hearing in person, you may call the <u>U.S. Bankruptcy Court In-Court</u> Deputy Clerk at (907) 271-2640, at least three (3) business days in advance of the hearing to request telephonic attendance.

Dated: (Date)

(Firm Name) Attorney for (Client Name) AK LBF 2 [11/15<u>12/18</u>]

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By: _____

(Attorney Name)

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(Attorney Name) (Firm Name) (Address) (City, State, Zip) Telephone: (Telephone Number) Fax: (Fax Number) Email: (Email Address) Attorney for: (Client Name) AK LBF 3 [11/158]

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF ALASKA

In re:

(Debtor's Name) and (Joint Debtor's Name),

Debtor(s).

Case No. (*Case Number*) Chapter (*Chapter Number*)

> NOTICE OF MOTION FOR RELIEF FROM STAY [CO-DEBTOR STAY §§1201/1301]

<u>Your rights may be affected.</u> You should read these papers carefully and discuss them with your attorney, if you have one in this bankruptcy case. (If you do not have an attorney, you may wish to consult one.)

Notice is hereby given that *(Creditor Name)* has moved for relief from the codebtor stay pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 1201 or 1301 upon an obligation described as: *(Description)*

The basis for relief from stay is: (Basis)

The original motion was filed (*Date*), with the Clerk of the U.S. Bankruptcy Court, Old Federal Building, 605 West Fourth Avenue, Suite 138, Anchorage, Alaska 99501-2253.

You have until <u>(Insert Date: 20 days from date of filing of motion for relief</u>) , within which to file written objections to the motion. Objections shall be sent to the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court with copies to creditor''s counsel at the addresses set forth above. SHOULD YOU FAIL TO TIMELY FILE AN OBJECTION, THE STAY WILL BE TERMINATED BY OPERATION OF LAW WITHOUT A HEARING AND WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE.

Dated:: (Date)

(Firm Name) Attorney for (Client Name)

By:

(Attorney Name)

(Attorney Name) (Firm Name) (Address) (City, State, Zip) Telephone: () Fax: () Email: () Attorney for: (

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF ALASKA

In re:

(Debtor's Name) and (Joint Debtor's Name),

Debtor(s).

Case No. (—<u>*Case Number*</u>) Chapter (—<u>*Chapter Number*</u>)

> DECLARATION RE: ELECTRONIC FILING OF PETITION, SCHEDULES, STATEMENTS, OF 423, AND PLAN IF CHAPTER 11, 12 OR 13 CASE [INDIVIDUALS]

PART I - DECLARATION OF **PETITIONER DEBTOR**(S)

)

I [We] _______ and ______, the undersigned debtor(s), *hereby declare under penalty of perjury* that the information given or to be given my [our] attorney and the information provided in the electronically filed petition, statements, schedules, matrix, OF 423 and in my [our]following electronically-filed documents and any amendments thereto, is or will be true and correct: petition; statements; schedules; Verification of Creditor Matrix (AK LBF 40); Official Form 423; Official Form 2830; any notice of address change; any report required under Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 1019(5); chapter 11, 12 or 13 plan (if this is a case under such chapter) and any amendments thereto, is or will be true and correct; and any chapter 11 disclosure statement (hereinafter referred to as the "Documents"). I [We] consent to my [our] attorney sending my [our] petition, statements and schedules (and plan, if applicable) and any amendments thereto, and OF 423;Documents to the United States Bankruptcy Court electronically. I [We] understand that this Declaration re: Electronic Filing is to be filed with the Clerk of Court not later than 14 days following the date the petition is electronically filed. I [We] understand that failure to file the signed original of this Declaration with the Bankruptcy Court will result in the dismissal of my [our] case after a hearing on shortened time of no less than fiveseven days' notice.

If <u>petitionerdebtor</u> is an individual whose debts are primarily consumer debts and has chosen to file under chapter 7: I am [We are] aware that I [we] may proceed under chapter 7, 11, 12 or 13 of <u>Title</u> 11, United States Code, understand the relief available under each such chapter, and choose to proceed under chapter 7. I [We] request relief in accordance with the chapter specified in thismy [our] related petition.

Dated:_____

Signed: ____

(ApplicantDebtor)

(Joint Applicant Debtor)

PART II - DECLARATION OF ATTORNEY

I declare under penalty of perjury that the debtor(s) signed this form before I electronically submitted the petition, schedules, and statements (and chapter 11, 12 or 13 plan, if applicableDocuments (as that term is defined above). Before filing, I will give the debtor(s) a copy of all documents to be filed with the United States Bankruptcy Court, and have followed all other requirements in the most recent ECF System Procedures of electronic filing promulgated by PACER. I further declare that I have examined or will examine the debtor's petition, schedules, and statements debtor(s)' Documents and any amendments thereto, as well as the debtor's OF 423, and, to the best of my knowledge and belief, they are or will be true, correct, and complete. I further declare that I have informed the petitionerdebtor(s) that [he or she or they] may proceed under chapter 7, 11, 12 or 13 of Title 11, United States Code, and have explained the relief available under each such chapter. This

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declaration is based on all information of which I have knowledge.

Dated:_____

Attorney for Debtor(s)

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(Attorney Name) (Firm Name) (Address) (City, State, Zip) Telephone: () Fax: () Email: () Attorney for: (

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UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF ALASKA

In re:

(Debtor's Name) and <u>.</u> (Joint Debtor's Name),

Debtor(s).

Case No. (—<u>*Case Number*</u>) Chapter (—<u>*Chapter Number*</u>)

> DECLARATION RE: ELECTRONIC FILING OF <u>PETITION, SCHEDULES AND STATEMENTS</u> [CORPORATION/PARTNERSHIP/LLC]

PART I - DECLARATION OF **PETITIONER DEBTOR**

)

I declare under penalty of perjury that the information provided in this petition is true and correct, and that I have been authorized to file this petition on behalf of the debtor. The debtor requests relief in accordance with the chapter specified in this petition.

Dated:_____

Signed: _

(Debtor's Authorized Representative)

PART II - DECLARATION OF ATTORNEY

I *declare under penalty of perjury* that the debtor's authorized representative signed this form before I electronically submitted the petition, schedules, and statements <u>Documents (as that term is defined above)</u>. Before filing, I will give the debtor a copy of all forms and information to be filed with the United States Bankruptcy Court, and have followed all other requirements in the most recent ECF System Procedures of electronic filing promulgated by PACER. I further declare that I have examined or will examine the above debtor's petition, schedules, and statements <u>Documents</u> and any amendments thereto, and, to the best of my knowledge and belief, they are or will be true, correct, and complete. This declaration is based on all information of which I have knowledge.

Dated:

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Signed:

Attorney for Debtor

(12/18)

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT DISTRICT OF ALASKA

In re:

(Debtor) and (Joint Debtor), Case No. (Case Number) Chapter (Chapter Number)

Debtor(s).

VERIFICATION OF CREDITOR MAILING MATRIX

I [We], _______ and ______, the undersigned (Debtor) (Joint Debtor) debtors, do hereby certify under penalty of perjury that the attached master mailing list of creditors ("Matrix"), or amended master mailing list ("Amended Matrix"), is true and correct to the best of my [our] knowledge, and I [we] assume all responsibility for errors and omissions.

(date)

(signature of debtor)

(date)

(signature of joint debtor)